

*И. Д. МАМАЕВ, Д. С. ОРЛОВА,
Л. Д. РЕБИКОВА*

ПОСОБИЕ ПО ПОДГОТОВКЕ
К ЭКЗАМЕНУ ПО АНГЛИЙСКОМУ
ЯЗЫКУ: ЛЕКСИЧЕСКАЯ
СОЧЕТАЕМОСТЬ,
СЛОВООБРАЗОВАНИЕ,
ПЕРЕФРАЗИРОВАНИЕ

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Мамаев, И. Д.

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Учебное пособие направлено на развитие лексико-грамматических навыков, которые проверяются на международных экзаменах (в том числе The B2 First Exam). Представлены упражнения, направленные на закрепление умений перефразировать предложения, а также знаний основных словообразовательных моделей и норм лексической сочетаемости.

Предназначено для студентов, обучающихся по направлениям подготовки «Теоретическая и прикладная лингвистика», «Перевод и переводоведение», «Интеллектуальные системы в гуманитарной сфере».

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Р е ц е н з е н т канд. филол. наук, зав. Каф.
«Теоретическая и прикладная лингвистика» *Г. Д. Невзорова*

*Утверждено
редакционно-издательским
советом университета*

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Introduction

This study guide will cover Parts 2, 3 and 4 of the FCE Use of English Section. The following parts of the FCE test check your knowledge of grammar.

- In *Part 2*, you read a short text and complete an open cloze task. Eight words have been removed from the text. You have to complete the gaps.
- In *Part 3*, you read a short text and complete a word-formation task. Eight words have been removed from the text. You are given the base form of each missing word and you have to put that word into the correct form to fit the gap.
- In *Part 4*, you read six pairs of sentences and complete a key-word transformation task. The pairs of sentences have the same meaning, but are expressed in different ways. Two to five words have been removed from the second sentence, and one of these words, the key word, is given as a prompt. You have to complete the second sentence, using the key word.

How to do the tasks

Part 2

- Read the text, ignoring the gaps, to get a general understanding.
- Think about the missing words. Each gap only needs one word, usually a grammatical word, e.g., pronoun, linker, preposition, etc. The gaps will not test your knowledge of topic vocabulary.
- Carefully read the text around each gap and think about what type of word is missing, e.g., preposition, pronoun, part of a fixed expression, etc.
- When you have finished, read your completed text again and check that it makes sense.

Part 3

- Read the text, ignoring the gaps, to get a general understanding.
- Decide which type of word is needed in each gap, e.g., noun, adjective, adverb. Look at the whole sentence, not just at the line including the gap.
- Look at the word in capitals to the right of the gap. You may need to add a prefix or suffix, or make other changes. More than one change may be required.
- Check to see if nouns should be singular or plural.
- When you have finished, read your completed text again and check that it makes sense.

Part 4

- Look at the key word. What type of word is it? What usually follows it, e.g., an infinitive, a preposition, or could it be part of a phrasal verb?
- Think about the other words that need to change in the new word order, e.g., an adjective may become a noun or vice versa.
- Your answer may include words or expressions not used in the first sentence, but these must express exactly the same idea. Do not include new information or change the information.
- Remember that contracted words count as two words, e.g. *Won't = will not*.

Open Cloze Tasks

Look at the following text and write out all the words not disrupting the meaning of the passage.

What is happening?

In the UK alone, there are about 37,000 different species of animals and 65,000 different species of plants. Sadly, though, over the last 100 years more than 170 plant and animal species have completely disappeared.

Today, about 15% of all British wildlife is still at risk, especially animals such as the otter and the brown hare. Unless we do something to help, things will only get worse.

The main reason why some types of plants and animals are becoming endangered species is that their habitats are lost or have changed. Animals like moths, birds and bats have lost their homes as people have cut down the hedgerows they live in. Also, a lot of ponds are no longer suitable for the animals and plants to live in because they are polluted, or people have filled them in.

Now analyse the list of words you've got – the words of this type will be missing in the tasks of part 2.

Each task starts from the instruction. It is usually as follows.

Part 2

For questions **9-16**, read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only **one** word in each gap. There is an example at the beginning (**0**).

In the exam, write your answers **IN CAPITAL LETTERS** on the separate answer sheet.

Task 1

Example: (0) BEEN

A bicycle you can fold up

Folding bicycles have (0) _____ around for quite some time now. However, an amazing new Japanese version (9) _____ be folded with a swiftness and efficiency never seen before. This bike is designed (10) _____ that it is possible to fold it up quickly. Once folded, you pull the bike along (11) _____ ease.

This remarkable bike has a half-folding frame with a hinge in the middle. And, although the basic idea is (12) _____ original, its inventor has created an especially clever variation, combining compactness (13) _____ convenience with smart design.

Recently, folding bicycles (14) _____ become very popular in Japan, particularly in congested urban areas like Tokyo, a city (15) _____ every square centimetre of space is in great demand. Japanese cyclists need to be able to store their bikes in tiny areas at home or the office. And (16) _____ they should want to take their bicycle on the underground, a folding model is a big advantage.

Task 2

Example: (0) UP

An Irish cookery school

In the last few years, a number of cookery schools have been set (0) _____ in Ireland to promote Irish cooking. (9) _____ such school is run by Kathleen Doyle not (10) _____ from the centre of Dublin.

‘I opened the school twelve years ago,’ says Kathleen. ‘The school was by no means an overnight success; I found (11) _____ necessary to work hard to build up a reputation. One of my advantages was that I’d had problems with my own cooking. I’ve made (12) _____ mistake that it’s possible to make, but (13) _____ of this, know what people do wrong from first-hand experience.’

Just (14) _____ most cookery schools in Ireland, Kathleen initially copied the classical dishes of France and Italy and other countries (15) _____ have a reputation for excellent food. ‘Now though, things are changing,’ says Kathleen. ‘We get excellent produce from Irish farms and, (16) _____ a result, we’re encouraging students to create unique Irish dishes.’

Task 3

Example: (0) IS

Animal communication

It (0) _____ sometimes said that animals use language. Certainly, some animal species have developed amazingly sophisticated ways of communicating with (9) _____ another.

But there are huge differences between the ways animals communicate and the ways human beings do. When animals make a sound, such (10) _____ a bark or a call, it is in reaction to (11) _____ is happening around them. An alarm call means they are frightened. A hunger call means they want food. Animals, though, cannot make a call meaning 'I was scared yesterday' or 'I'll be hungry tomorrow'. Only human beings are capable (12) _____ doing this.

Zoologists have had some success in teaching human language to animals.

(13) _____ some famous experiments, chimpanzees have (14) _____ taught to use their hands to give information on a range of things. Some animals have even managed to put signs together in (15) _____ to make simple sentences. However, getting them to do this takes a huge (16) _____ of training.

Task 4

Example: (0) BETWEEN

Visit to a sweets factory

Today I am visiting a sweets factory, a building squeezed (0) _____ a railway line and a canal. (9) _____ I watch, trucks filled with sugar arrive at the factory where this family-owned company has been making sweets for some 80 years.

Being in a factory (10) _____ this one is exactly (11) _____ children dream of. I am staring at huge vats of sticky liquid (12) _____ eventually ends up as mouth-watering sweets. Every now (13) _____ then I see a factory worker in a white coat put a sweet into her mouth.

Ailsa Kelly, granddaughter of the company owner, remembers visiting the factory as (14) _____ child with her grandfather. 'He would take me onto the factory floor and introduce me', she says. 'He told me, "You may work here some day." And indeed, she has, continuously, (15) _____ 1999. The sense of family is (16) _____ of the reasons employees are remarkably loyal to the company.

Task 5

Example: (0) WHICH

A short history of tattooing

Tattoos,(0) _____ some people call “body art”, have become more and more popular in recent years. In (13) _____ of the pain caused by having a needle make hundreds of holes in their skin, millions of people (14) _____ vary widely in age and background are nowadays having their bodies decorated with ink in all kinds of ways.

Many of today’s young people, (15) _____ parents were the first generation to experiment with tattoos, see it as a way of expressing their individuality, and in (16) _____ to do this, they are constantly looking for new styles and designs. (17) _____ to this increasing demand, tattoo studios have appeared in many towns and villages.

(18) _____ people tend to think of it as a modern practice, tattooing has in fact been around for a long time. There is evidence of tattoos being worn in Siberia over 4,000 years ago, as (19) _____ as in Ancient Egypt at that time, and it is thought to have existed in Japan 10,000 years ago. Even (20) _____, it was not until the late 18th century, (21) _____ Captain James Cook sailed to Polynesia, that Europeans took an interest.

It was on the island of Tahiti, (22) _____ tattooing had an important role in society, that Cook and his crew first saw tattooed men and women, and (23) _____ of that, the English word comes from the Tahitian word *tatau*. Ever since then, sailors have had tattoos done, often (24) _____ show the distant places they have visited.

Task 6

Example: (0) IN

How the Tour de France began

The very first Tour de France, the greatest cycle race (0) _____ the world, was held in 1903. It began when two French journalists, Henri Desgrange and Géo Lefèvre, came (13) _____ with the idea of a race right round the country, (14) _____ that had never been tried anywhere before.

Nowadays we might think the aim of (15) _____ an idea would be to bring in lots of television money, or even tourists, but at the

beginning of the twentieth century what they wanted to do (16) _____ sell more copies of their newspaper. And they succeeded. Circulation figures, (17) _____ had been 25,000, went to 65,000 within a year, and on to half a million by 1923.

The reporters were in fact quite closely involved in organising the race, and Desgrange would go (18) _____ to remain Tour Director from 1903 right up to 1939. Even (19) _____, their initial design for the race changed in several important ways before the first one was run. For instance, they had intended (20) _____ to be held over five weeks, but such a long race was just too much for most riders and very (21) _____ wanted to take part.

So, it became half (22) _____ length, and it would be run entirely in July (23) _____ than from late May to early July. As, however, it would still go right round France, the distance travelled each day would be much longer, with cyclists sometimes (24) _____ to ride at night.

Task 7

Example: (0) IN

Diving in the Red Sea

The Red Sea coast of Egypt is surely one of the best places (0) _____ the world to go underwater diving. Its hot sunny climate and clear warm water make it the ideal place for beginners as (13) _____ as for experienced divers, at any time of the year.

(14) _____ over fifty diving centres in the area, many different types of diving are possible. At centres for complete beginners there are training courses (15) _____ include simple dives with a qualified instructor. These dives (16) _____ them used to being underwater and teach some basic skills (17) _____ as swimming and breathing below the surface.

More experienced divers can choose (18) _____ a vast range of possible activities and many of these can be enjoyed (19) _____ as part of a group or, if they prefer, alone. Some like to explore the coast of the National Park, where the steep cliffs extend underwater to a depth (20) _____ more than seventy metres. For dives of (21) _____ kind it is advisable to be accompanied by a guide, on (22) _____ of the strong currents which can suddenly change direction.

For really advanced divers, there are some fascinating wrecks at (23) _____ bottom of the Red Sea. (24) _____ visits to these old ships require quite long boat trips, it is well worth going just to see the huge variety of beautiful plants and fish down there.

Task 8

Example: (0) GO

Safe camping

Camping in the countryside is usually great fun, but sometimes things can (0) _____ wrong. Accidents can happen, (13) _____ it is essential to think about safety both before you go and while you are there. This will prevent your fun camping trip turning (14) _____ something less pleasant.

Firstly, you need to plan ahead. Check out the weather forecast a few days (15) _____ advance and watch out for any reports of fires in the area you are thinking (16) _____ going to. Prepare an emergency kit in (17) _____ you or anyone with you has an accident or illness while you are there.

Choose your campsite carefully, avoiding any places (18) _____ there is a risk of flooding. Before you put up your tent, make (19) _____ there are no sharp objects on the ground, or ants' or wasps' nests nearby.

In (20) _____ to keep insects out of the tent, close it whenever you go in or out. If you need a camp fire for cooking, be careful (21) _____ to build it anywhere near your tent, and before you go to bed, remember to put it (22) _____ completely, preferably with lots of water.

After meals, pick up any bits of food that (23) _____ be left on the ground, as these can attract insects – or larger creatures. It also makes sense, for (24) _____ same reason, to keep unused food in closed containers well away from the camp. You don't want a hungry bear or other animal suddenly appearing in your tent!

Task 9

Example: (0) IN

Using mobile phones

Nowadays, just about everyone has a mobile phone. This wonderful invention enables people to stay (0) _____ touch with others at any time of day or night and no (13) _____ where they are. It

has brought people closer and it (14) _____ certainly have saved many lives by enabling immediate contact with the emergency services.

It also, on the other (15) _____, has its disadvantages. Perhaps the most obvious of (16) _____ is the sound of people talking loudly into their phone on public transport, apparently unaware (17) _____ how much they are disturbing other travellers. This is now starting to happen even on aeroplanes, where until recently passengers (18) _____ always told to keep their cell phones switched off.

Quite (19) _____ from the annoyance they cause, those who shout into the phones in public (20) _____ also be taking unnecessary risk. It is amazing (21) _____ often people talk about highly personal subjects, including money matters, when they have no idea (22) _____ might be listening to their every word.

Finally, there is the sound of other people's ringtones, all too often (23) _____ maximum volume. The owner of the phone may think their choice of music is cool, but everyone around them probably just wishes they (24) _____ turn it down – or off.

Task 10

Example: (0) ONE

The Northern Lights

Surely (0) _____ of the most amazing sights on Earth is the display of natural light in the night sky known (13) _____ the Northern Lights. It is something everyone should see (14) _____ least once in their life.

These lights, (15) _____ are mainly visible in the Arctic region, are caused when material from the sun reaches the Earth's magnetic field. On the (16) _____, the most common colours are green and red, although sometimes blue or purple lights can be seen. They often look (17) _____ brightly coloured clouds dancing across the sky, in displays that can last several minutes. (18) _____ you want to observe the Northern Lights, it's best to get as close to the North Pole as possible during the winter, in (19) _____ of the extreme cold. Seeing the lights in the short Arctic summer is not really possible in view of the (20) _____ that they are only visible in darkness, and during the months (21) _____ the sun never sets, there is daylight 24 hours a day.

Weather conditions also (22) _____ a big difference. The lights cannot be seen (23) _____ the sky is clear, so there must be no fog or heavy clouds. Bright moonlight can also reduce the intensity of the lights and because of (24) _____ you should avoid any nights that have a full moon.

Task 11

Example: (0) IT

Competition: Your Ideal School

Is your school just as you want (0) _____ to be? Or are there things you and your classmates (13) _____ change, given the opportunity? This is your chance to express your ideas about (14) _____ the ideal school is like. Our competition is open to (15) _____ student between the ages of twelve and eighteen. You can enter (16) _____ an individual or your whole class can work together on a team entry. Your entry can take any form — a piece of writing, a picture, or even architectural plans. It is completely (17) _____ to you. What we are looking for is evidence (18) _____ originality, imagination and, above (19) _____, the genuine views of young people.

By (20) _____ part in this, you will help in a study being carried out at a leading university. All work entered (21) _____ the competition will be kept at the university and used in research. Entries cannot be returned (22) _____ of this. But it also means that, even (23) _____ you do not win, your views will still be heard and will remain for future educationalists to study.

Entries must reach us no later (24) _____ Friday 30 April. Winners will receive valuable prizes of computer equipment and software for their schools.

Task 12

Example: (0) AMONG

Dictionaries

Dictionaries are (0) _____ the most important tools of self-education. (13) _____ Samuel Johnson wrote his influential English dictionary in the eighteenth century, the work kept him busy for seven years. At the end of that period he (14) _____ written the meanings of over forty thousand words. Most modern dictionaries require a (15) _____ deal less time and effort to write because writers often use earlier dictionaries (16) _____ a source of reference.

Nowadays, most dictionaries are put together by teams of writers, or lexicographers. Sometimes they need to work together in meetings; at other times they work independently of (17) _____ other, on different parts of the dictionary.

(18) _____ one time, the starting point for deciding on which words to include used to be the lexicographer's own knowledge. These days, teams (19) _____ use of a large collection of examples of (20) _____ only writing but also everyday speech, which is known as a corpus.

Teams also refer (21) _____ books and articles about language as (22) _____ as asking experts in particular subjects about the more specialised words. Finally, ordinary people are asked to say what they think about the (23) _____ the words are defined and (24) _____ they find the examples provided helpful or not.

Task 13

Example: (0) ONE

Swimming

Swimming is generally considered to be (0) _____ of the best ways of exercising the whole body without risk of injury. According to health experts, it can also ease back pain and even reduce blood pressure. There is only one problem: to enjoy all the benefits of swimming, you (13) _____ to do it properly. (14) _____ you visited your local swimming pool and just watched, you might be surprised to see (15) _____ badly many people swim. Poor technique may result from a number of factors including anxiety, the swimmer's lack (16) _____ body awareness, or just a concern about (17) _____ their hair wet. What's (18) _____, swimming techniques do not always improve with practice. (19) _____ the contrary, once people have fallen (20) _____ bad habits, they tend to be stuck with them.

But help is at hand. For all those keen to learn to swim properly, and so (21) _____ advantage of all the health benefits, there is now something known as the Shaw Method, developed by a former competitive swimmer, Steven Shaw. Shaw encourages people to think about their swimming technique and to concentrate on things (22) _____ breathing correctly and making (23) _____ that arm and leg movements work together (24) _____ than against each other.

Task 14

Example: (0) THE

Summer Camp

Every year, eight million children across (0) _____ United States spend some time at a summer camp. For more than a century, children (13) _____ enjoyed both learning new skills and (14) _____ part in a variety of activities in a friendly environment.

There are 10,000 camps across the country, (15) _____ are designed to look (16) _____ youngsters from the age of six to eighteen. The camps, lasting anything from one to eight weeks, are often situated in beautiful lakeside areas and there is (17) _____ wide range of prices to suit every pocket.

The children typically do outdoor activities, including some challenging sports like climbing, or indoor activities (18) _____ as drama, music or poetry.

(19) _____ the camps are not luxurious, the wooden cabins the young people sleep in are comfortable. The timetable does not allow very (20) _____ time for relaxing because the children (21) _____ kept busy all the time. The camps are popular with the children, and many come away (22) _____ of enthusiasm. In the words of one former camper, 'I made a lot of friends, (23) _____ never on my own, and became a lot (24) _____ self-confident.'

Task 15

Example: (0) IT

Hollywood

How was (0) _____ that Hollywood came to be the place everyone associates with the American film industry?

In 1887, Harvey Wilcox, a property developer, bought a house and all the surrounding land on a hillside in southern California. His wife overheard a woman talking on a train about her summer house, (13) _____ she called 'Hollywood'. Mrs. Wilcox liked the name (14) _____ much that she decided to give her new home (15) _____ same name. Mr. Wilcox then built other houses on his land and used the name for the whole community.

In normal circumstances most people (16) _____ never have heard of Hollywood. But between 1908 and 1913 (17) _____ else

happened. Many small independent film companies began moving to southern California (18) _____ two main reasons. Firstly, they were having problems (19) _____ the larger, more powerful studios in New York. Secondly, they were attracted by the sunny climate, which let them film throughout the year (20) _____ the need for expensive lighting.

Only one studio actually set (21) _____ in Hollywood itself, because the local people took legal measures (22) _____ prevent any more from arriving. The other studios that came to the area were all built outside Hollywood. Nevertheless, by 1915 'Hollywood' (23) _____ become familiar as a term for the movie business (24) _____ a whole.

Task 16

Example: (0) WITH

Problems for Actors

Many actors do not like working (0) _____ children or animals. This is probably (13) _____ they are afraid that the audience may become (14) _____ interested in the children and animals than in them.

Actors can have problems (15) _____ a different kind when they are required to eat or drink on stage. If they have (16) _____ much food in their mouths, the words they say may not (17) _____ clear, and they may even end up coughing or choking.

Other problems can occur with food (18) _____ films are being made. In a recent film, during (19) _____ a family was waiting to have a meal, one of the actors entered with a large roast chicken on a tray and started cutting some meat from it while he was speaking. Having cut off a whole chicken leg he completely forgot (20) _____ his next words were. The scene had to be filmed (21) _____. This would not really have mattered (22) _____ there had been another roast chicken in the studio, but there was not. At (23) _____, nobody knew what to do, but eventually the problem was solved (24) _____ putting a nail in the leg and attaching it back onto the chicken.

Task 17

Example: (0) HIS

Charles Dickens' Childhood Experiences

Charles Dickens was one of the greatest nineteenth-century English novelists. At the time of (0) _____ death in 1870 he was a wealthy man, in contrast to the poverty of his early days. His parents (13) _____ their best to look after him but were always in difficulties (14) _____ money. Eventually, his father owed (15) _____ a large amount of money that he was sent to prison for three months.

Two days after his twelfth birthday, Dickens was taken away from school by his parents and made (16) _____ work in a factory to increase the family income. Factories could be dangerous places in (17) _____ days and some employers were cruel. Charles was not (18) _____ extremely unhappy, but also ashamed of working there, and he (19) _____ never forget that period of his life. In his novels Dickens showed just how shocking working and living conditions were.

Working in the factory affected him so deeply that he found (20) _____ much too painful to speak about in later life. His own wife and children knew (21) _____ at all about the unhappiness of his childhood while Dickens was still alive, (22) _____ shortly after his death a biography was published in (23) _____ Dickens' terrible childhood experiences in the factory were revealed (24) _____ the first time.

Task 18

Example: (0) MOST

The Inferno Ski Race

The Inferno is the oldest and (0) _____ celebrated of all amateur ski races. It is held every January near Murren in Switzerland. Anyone can take part, as (13) _____ as they belong to a ski racing club.

The Inferno was the invention of a British businessman called Henry Lunn, who came up (14) _____ the idea of the package holiday in the early 1900s and began taking groups of people to the Alps for winter sports. Henry's son, Arnold, grew very fond (15) _____

Mirren and he founded a ski club there in 1924. Four years (16) _____, seventeen of the club's members took part (17) _____ the first Inferno race, from the top of the 2,970 metre Schilthorn mountain to Mirren below.

In those early days, they (18) _____ to climb for six hours from the railway station in Murren (19) _____ the start of the race. Today, racers use a cable car which (20) _____ about twenty minutes. In the first race, the winning time for the fourteen-kilometre race was one hour, twelve minutes. (21) _____ days it tends to be almost exactly an hour less. Although the skiers are very (22) _____ faster now, some things haven't changed. The course, (23) _____ is steep and has sharp bends, remains (24) _____ of the most demanding and frightening in the world.

Task 19

Example: (0) AFTER

Vancouver

Vancouver in western Canada is named (0) _____ Captain George Vancouver of the British Royal Navy. However, Captain Vancouver was not the first European (13) _____ visit the area – the coast (14) _____ already been explored by the Spanish. Nor did Captain Vancouver spend many days there, even (15) _____ the scenery amazed him and everyone else (16) _____. Was travelling with him.

The scenery still amazes visitors to (17) _____ city of Vancouver today. First-time visitors who are (18) _____ search of breathtaking views are usually directed to a beach about ten minutes (19) _____ the city centre. There, looking out over the sailing boats racing across the blue water, visitors see Vancouver's towering skyline backed by the magnificent Coast Mountains.

The city is regularly picked by international travel associations (20) _____ one of the world's best tourist destinations. They are only confirming what the two million residents and eight million tourists visiting Greater Vancouver (21) _____ single year are always saying: there is simply (22) _____ other place on earth quite (23) _____ it. It's not just the gorgeous setting that appeals to people, (24) _____ also Vancouver's wide range of sporting, cultural and entertainment facilities.

Task 20

Example: (0) THE

My Home Town

I was born in one of (0) _____ most interesting cities in Malaysia. It has a rich, colourful history and many parts of the city have hardly changed at (13) _____ during the last five centuries.

However, nowadays, it is (14) _____ longer the trade centre that it once (15) _____. It is difficult to imagine that at one time its harbour (16) _____ to be visited by over 2,000 ships a week, and that the huge warehouses along the quayside would have (17) _____ full of spices and silks, jewels and tea.

The old city centre is small, which (18) _____ it very easy to explore (19) _____ foot. A river neatly divides the town, (20) _____ only physically but in spirit too. On one side, you find many grand houses, but on crossing the river, you find yourself in ancient Chinatown, where you really (21) _____ a step back into the past.

It is great fun to wander through the colourful, noisy backstreets. As (22) _____ as having shops that sell a wide range of clothes and shoes, some of these streets are also famous (23) _____ high-quality antiques. Unfortunately, most of the bargains disappeared many years ago. However, (24) _____ you look around carefully, you can still come across an interesting souvenir.

Task 21

Example: (0) AWAY

Dealing with Waste Plastic

Every year people throw (0) _____ millions of tonnes of plastic bottles, boxes and wrapping. These create huge mountains of waste that are extremely hard to get (13) _____ of. Now a new recycling process promises to reduce this problem by turning old plastic (14) _____ new.

Scientists have taken (15) _____ long time to develop their ideas because waste plastic has always been a bigger problem (16) _____ substances like waste paper. You can bury plastic, but it takes many years to break down. If you burn it, it just becomes another form of pollution. A (17) _____ products, for example bottles, can be re-used, but it is expensive or difficult to do this (18) _____ a lot of plastic products.

Now a group of companies has developed a new method (19) _____ recycling that could save almost (20) _____

plastic waste. Nearly every type of waste plastic can be used: it does (21) _____ have to be sorted. In addition, labels and ink may be left (22) _____ the products. Everything is simply mixed together (23) _____ heated to more than 400 degrees centigrade (24) _____ that it melts. It is then cooled, producing a waxy substance that can be used to make new plastic products, including computer hardware.

Task 22

Example: (0) OF

A new cruise ship

One (0) _____ the biggest passenger ships in history, the *Island Princess*, carries people on cruises around the Caribbean. More than double (13) _____ weight of the Titanic (the large passenger ship which sank in 1912), it was (14) _____ large to be built in (15) _____ piece. Instead, 48 sections (16) _____ total were made in different places. The ship was then put together at a shipbuilding yard in Italy.

The huge weight of the *Island Princess* is partly due to her enormous height, (17) _____ is an incredible 41 metres. When compared with the Titanic, she is also a much broader ship. As (18) _____ as length is concerned, there's little difference - the *Island Princess* is over 250 metres long, similar to the length of the Titanic.

The *Island Princess* can carry (19) _____ to 2,600 passengers and has 1,321 cabins, including 25 specially designed (20) _____ use by disabled passengers. There is entertainment on board to suit (21) _____ age and interest, from dancing to good drama. The *Island Princess* seems very likely to be a popular holiday choice for many years to (22) _____, even though most people will (23) _____ to save up in order to be (24) _____ to afford the trip.

Task 23

Example: (0) FOR

A man of many parts

Life on a remote Scottish island is wonderfully peaceful. But (0) _____ one local, Hamish McAlpine, life is far from relaxing. This is because Hamish has fourteen jobs. (13) _____ he meets me off the ferry, harbour master Hamish is the one and (14) _____ person in sight. Luckily, he is also the island's taxi driver, so he takes me to the hotel, (15) _____ he owns.

He can even (16) _____ found serving behind the counter at the local shop.

It all started not (17) _____ after Harnish married his wife Donna in 1984. The couple were asked (18) _____ they would like to run the post office. Then Harnish found himself agreeing to become fire chief, policeman and coastguard. Now, having given 35 years of devoted service, Harnish (19) _____ about to retire. But who will (20) _____ over his jobs? Can one person do it all or will the jobs have to be split up?

Apart (21) _____ their week-long honeymoon on the mainland, the couple have had hardly (22) _____ holidays. 'Donna and I have worked together every day for the last 35 years. But who knows, once we have lots of time on our hands, we (23) _____ find we can't stand the sight of each (24) _____,' says Hamish, his eyes twinkling mischievously.

Task 24

Example: (0) OF

A model village

In 1861, George Cadbury took over control (0) _____ his father's chocolate factory in Birmingham, England. At that time, it was hard (13) _____ ordinary working people to find comfortable houses in (14) _____ they could afford to live, and Cadbury wanted to improve the situation. He started by moving his chocolate factory into the countryside. He thought that (15) _____ each of his workers had his own house in a healthy environment then this would result (16) _____ a happy family life.

The first 143 houses of his model village, called Bournville, (17) _____ built on ground next to the factory in 1895. A (18) _____ workers were able to buy theirs cheaply while the majority paid a fair rent. (19) _____ house had a large garden. All these gardens were cultivated to supply the villagers (20) _____ fresh fruit and vegetables. (21) _____ tenth of the village area was given over to public spaces (22) _____ that there was somewhere for residents to socialize and where community projects could (23) _____ place.

Bournville is a continuing success story and today has more than 8,000 homes. Cadbury's model village gave rise (24) _____ the idea of the 'garden city' and has had many imitators in Europe and the United States.

Task 25

Example: (0) BEEN

History from the sea

An ancient ship has (0) _____ discovered beneath the waters of the Mediterranean. The ship, (13) _____ sank off the coast of Tunisia more than 2,300 years ago, is already giving historians fresh insights (14) _____ trade and diet in the ancient world.

The remains of the ship (15) _____ found last August on the final day of the expedition undertaken (16) _____ American scientist Robin Asquith. Three of his team, (17) _____ were using a miniature submarine to explore the seabed, spotted rows of storage jars and some rotted wood. (18) _____ of the jars was brought to the surface by a diver, and inside it the scientists found bones belonging to freshwater fish, and some olive stones.

After examining the contents and design of the jar and other evidence, Dr Asquith concluded that the ship (19) _____ been following a trade route when (20) _____ sank, probably in a storm. He intends to return to the site of the shipwreck, 32 km from the coast, (21) _____ that he can conduct further investigations. He hopes to excavate making use (22) _____ a new robot that uses sound to make a computer plan of the wreck, and in this way create (23) _____ accurate picture of (24) _____ the ship looked like.

Task 26

Example: (0) HAS

A hotel famous for its food

The Riverside Hotel (0) _____ had a reputation for excellent food ever (13) _____ the day it opened in 1949. In the previous year, a businessman called Henry Davies was reading a newspaper when he suddenly (14) _____ across an advertisement showing a house (15) _____ sale overlooking a river. The advertisement interested him because for several years he had been thinking (16) _____ converting a family home (17) _____ a hotel. The house seemed to be exactly (18) _____ he was looking for.

Davies (19) _____ soon running the hotel himself, but hired a top chef, Geoffrey Dawson, to be in charge of the cooking. Within six months, the restaurant was (20) _____ heavily booked that Davies had to take on new kitchen staff. The partnership lasted for

almost 50 years. During (21) _____ time, the hotel won several awards for the quality of its food.

Today, in the hotel business, the names Davies and Dawson are still held in considerable respect. Indeed, (22) _____ the years, the Riverside Hotel has inspired many other hotel owners (23) _____ create similar hotels. Under the present owner, Sally Rutland, the excellence of the food remains unchanged, and Sally has personally trained (24) _____ number of chefs who have gone on to become famous in their field.

Task 27

Example: (0) A

Enrico Rastelli

Enrico Rastelli was probably the greatest juggler the world has ever known. Juggling involves throwing (0) _____ number of objects up into the-air and catching them (13) _____ dropping a single one. Rastelli was able to juggle (14) _____ many as eight balls at the same time. However, (15) _____ made him a genius was his perfect style, rather (16) _____ the quantity of objects he (17) _____ juggle.

Rastelli's contributions to juggling were many. He started using rubber balls (18) _____ of the cotton balls that were (19) _____ use at the time. These rubber balls are now standard. It was Rastelli, too, who began the now commonly seen practice (20) _____ throwing a ball into the air, and then catching (21) _____ on a stick held in his mouth.

Enrico Rastelli was born into a circus family in Siberia in 1896. Although he spent some of his early years in Italy, it (22) _____ in Russia that he acquired his juggling skills. It was not uncommon (23) _____ him to practise twelve hours a day, and this dedication was reflected in his astonishing performances. The degree of control shown (24) _____ Enrico Rastelli has never been equalled.

Task 28

Example: (0) ALL

Graphology at work

Can your handwriting reveal anything at (0) _____ concerning your character? Enough, perhaps, to decide whether you will get the job that you have applied (13) _____. Graphology, the

science of analysing handwriting, is being used by recruitment personnel in a growing number of companies. Business consultant Eleanor Sturgeon says, ‘Companies find it helpful but it all depends on both (14) _____ much they know about graphology (15) _____ the way they use it.’

When graphology is being used, job applicants (16) _____ asked to submit a sample of their handwriting. This reveals characteristics ranging from honesty and thoroughness (17) _____ anxiety and aggression. Sturgeon says, ‘From the sample, we analyse an applicant’s aptitude for a job; for example, whether they would be capable (18) _____ dealing with pressure. What happens, though, (19) _____ applicants refuse to take a writing test? Sturgeon says, ‘Refusing a test in itself tells you a lot (20) _____ an applicant’s character. It (21) _____ made clear to them that handwriting analysis is only part of the process, and is used together (22) _____ other tests, CVs and interviews. If someone doesn’t get a job, it won’t be just (23) _____ of their handwriting. Almost certainly, they wouldn’t (24) _____ got the job anyway.’

Task 29

Example: (0) IS

A new kind of pollution

Air pollution is a well-known problem, but now light pollution (0) _____ also causing concern. Light pollution occurs because there are many electric lights around us which are so powerful that (13) _____ stop us seeing the stars in the night sky. It is now (14) _____ a problem that in some places people (15) _____ outdoor lighting is too bright could even (16) _____ given a heavy fine. Business owners, supermarkets and even home-owners (17) _____ install security lights may face legal action if their lights are (18) _____ bright that they spoil their neighbours’ enjoyment of the night sky.

Amazingly, many children growing up in big cities today (19) _____ never seen the night sky properly because of the increase in light pollution. And it is (20) _____ only in cities – people living in the country are also affected (21) _____ lights from nearby towns. It is a problem for those simply trying to enjoy the stars, and for serious astronomers (22) _____ well.

One university in the UK has come up (23) _____ an interesting solution. It has built a telescope in the Canary Islands and allows schools to use this via the internet. But it does seem ridiculous that children can't see the stars properly (24) _____ using their computers!

Task 30

Example: (0) A

The Ryder Cup

The Ryder Cup is (0) _____ famous golf tournament and it is now one of the biggest events in sport. Tickets regularly sell out within hours (13) _____ going on sale. (14) _____ makes it different from other golf tournaments is that it involves teams rather (15) _____ individuals, with Europe competing against the USA. There is no prize money, but emotions run high. The players enjoy experiencing again the original feelings that made (16) _____ take up the sport in the first place. (17) _____ year the number of spectators is huge.

It began with an agreement (18) _____ two men, Samuel Ryder and Walter Hagen. Ryder was a businessman, while Hagen was the first international star of the professional game. In (19) _____ of their different backgrounds, the two men were able to work together to organise the first match between Britain and the USA. From (20) _____ on, the tournament was played every two years. From 1935 to 1983, the USA dominated the game. But (21) _____ other European countries joined the British (22) _____ take on the Americans, everything changed. From (23) _____ time, every Ryder Cup competition (24) _____ provided a gripping battle for spectators.

Task 31

Example: (0) OR

Sharks

For anyone who wants either to film (0) _____ study great white sharks, Australian expert, Rodney Fox, is the first contact. Fox knows exactly (16) _____ the sharks will be at different times of the year; and can even predict (17) _____ they will behave around blood, divers and other sharks. He understands them as well as (18) _____ else alive. In fact, he's lucky to be alive; a 'great white' once (19) _____ to bite him in half.

Three decades (20) _____ this near-fatal attack, Fox still carries the physical scars, but feels (21) _____ hate for his attacker. Instead he organises three or four trips (22) _____ year to bring scientists and photographers to the kingdom of the great white shark. (23) _____ main aim of these trips is to improve people's understanding of an animal (24) _____ evil reputation has become an excuse for killing it.

Great white sharks are not as amusing as dolphins and seals, (25) _____ their role in the ocean is critical. They kill off sick animals, helping to prevent the spread (26) _____ disease and to maintain the balance in the ocean's food chains. Fox feels a responsibility to act (27) _____ a guardian of great white sharks. (28) _____ the scientists, film makers and photographers can communicate their sense of wonder (29) _____ other people, he is confident that understanding (30) _____ replace hatred.

Task 32

Example: (0) ONE

The Horse in Art

There is little doubt that (0) _____ of the chief roles of the horse in art, just (16) _____ in life, is that of our servant and companion. We can have very little idea of (17) _____ a horse feels in its natural state. Left to itself, (18) _____ is unlikely that it would pull a plough, take a soldier (19) _____ a dangerous situation in battle, (20) _____ do most of the other things that have attracted painters and writers to the animal ever (21) _____ the dawn of history.

The horse is controlled (22) _____ the wishes of its owner. When we describe it, we say it has (23) _____ virtues and qualities we most admire in ourselves and it is as the symbol (24) _____ these qualities that it has so often (25) _____ praised by painters and poets. Then we must consider the horse's own beauty, speed and strength. (26) _____ truth, the picture we (27) _____ most frequently moved by, in both art and literature, is actually a single image that combines all the advantages of the animal and its rider. An outstanding example of (28) _____ is provided by the school of sculpture and painting in (29) _____ the authority and personality of individuals is emphasised by the (30) _____ that they are on horseback.

Task 33

Example: (0) MOST

Cycling round Corners

Taking a corner is one of the (0) _____ satisfying moves you can make on a bike. It's fun, it's exciting, and it also happens (16) _____ be one of the hardest things to learn. Even (17) _____ experienced rider can always (18) _____ improvements in this area. Good cornering is the ability to cycle through a turn (19) _____ full control, no matter (20) _____ the conditions. This might mean racing (21) _____ high speed down a winding descent, but just (22) _____ important is the ability to deal with a slow, sharp turn (23) _____ you are touring with lots of luggage. In (24) _____ these cases there are some general points to remember.

When going very slowly you can steer through a corner using your hands on the handlebars (25) _____, as speed increases, any sudden turning of the front wheel (26) _____ likely to result in loss of control. To avoid (27) _____ effect, a bike must be turned by leaning it, by steering with the body instead of the hands. On sharp turns of more (28) _____ about 70 degrees, even this is (29) _____ enough: you must also lower your body towards the bike as much as you (30) _____ to help keep it from slipping out from under you. When you are cornering correctly you will feel very solid. It's a good feeling – exciting but not really dangerous.

Task 34

Example: (0) TO

Mission to Mars

The Americans are keen to win the race (0) _____ send human beings to Mars. In 1992, the new boss of NASA*, Dan Goldin, called on the American people to be the first to send explorers to (16) _____ planet in the solar system. He reminded them (17) _____ the symbolic gift carried to the moon and back by the Apollo 11 mission. It bears (18) _____ message intended for the crew of the first spaceship to visit Mars. Goldin thinks (19) _____ is time to begin the preparations (20) _____ this historic journey. His speech echoed the words of the President, (21) _____ promised that in 2019, 50 years after Neil Armstrong (22) _____ the first man to set foot on the Moon, the first astronaut (23) _____ stand on Mars.

(24) _____ the end of the twentieth century, various unmanned spaceships will (25) _____ thoroughly investigated the surface of the planet. But, however clever a robot (26) _____ be, it cannot match the type of information (27) _____ can be gained from direct human experience. The first geologist on the moon, Harrison Schmitt, was (28) _____ of interpreting the story of the landscape on the spot. (29) _____ humans walk on the red deserts of Mars, we will not be able to determine the history of this frozen world (30) _____ any detail.

* *The North American Space Agency*

Task 35

Example: (0) TO

Writing a Story

Where do you start if you want (0) _____ write a successful story? Clearly, what you need first of (16) _____ is an idea which you can develop into a strong plot. But (17) _____ do ideas like this come from? The (18) _____ is 'anywhere and everywhere'. They may come from something that has (19) _____ to you or to (20) _____ else, from a newspaper, an interesting picture, or even a song. It's a good idea to keep a notebook nearby (21) _____ that you can write down the details of any odd incidents (22) _____ catch your imagination. Make a note of ideas (23) _____ titles too, and any special phrases or descriptions that you think of. A small tape recorder can (24) _____ useful for this purpose. Some writers even keep (25) _____ by their bed in (26) _____ they wake up with the 'idea of the century'.

Another method of developing the story is to make use (27) _____ the characters themselves. Why not (28) _____ putting three people you know well into a situation such as a wedding, where feelings may be very strong, and see (29) _____ happens. But don't make the final characters too much like your Aunt Jane or Uncle Jim or you may find (30) _____ in real trouble.

Task 36

Example: (0) IT

Family Photographs

A family portrait is a valuable picture – (0) _____ is fun to look at now, it's great for relatives far (16) _____, and it

will bring back memories in the years to come. Families change quickly as children grow, (17) _____ don't wait, whatever your position in the family - photograph your family group now, and plan to make this (18) _____ regular event. Your family album isn't really complete (19) _____ this record of all of you together.

Getting the (20) _____ of the family together isn't always easy, and so you will need to plan ahead to be sure (21) _____ has time to pose. A relaxed, friendly feeling is (22) _____ makes the picture, and you can't expect people to relax (23) _____ they're in a hurry to do (24) _____ else. Make your plans when you're all together and (25) _____ a cheerful, friendly mood — say, during a meal, and set a time convenient (26) _____ everyone.

A family portrait takes some technical planning, too. Make (27) _____ your mind in advance (28) _____ room you want to use; choose your camera position and check the lighting. If you want to be in the picture, make sure you know exactly (29) _____ the self-timer on your camera operates. With most cameras, you'll have from eight (30) _____ twelve seconds to get into the picture after you press the shutter button.

Task 37

Example: (0) THEIR

A Busy Family

In the front room of (0) _____ home, the Henry family gathered around their TV set (16) _____ a popular soap opera began. 'Look, there's Mum!' shouted 11-year-old Kathy, pointing (17) _____ the screen. 'She's sitting at that table (18) _____ the corner.' Sure enough, there was Julia Henry, enjoying a relaxed drink in (19) _____ of the country's most famous TV programmes.

Julia's family see (20) _____ unusual in her job (21) _____ a 'bit-part' actor, or 'extra', because they are all doing it. Her husband, Tony, (22) _____ been in several drama series as (23) _____ as numerous adverts, while Kathy and her 13-year-old brother, Robin, have also appeared (24) _____ TV countless times.

It all started four years (25) _____ when Tony, an amateur actor from Lancashire, decided to leave his job and take (26) _____ acting professionally. At the age of 41, it was a big step to take, but he has (27) _____ regrets about it at all.

Soon the whole family were being offered chances to play small parts just like him, though Tony admits there are times when he wishes he (28) _____ a star. 'We really enjoy our lives,' says Tony, 'although it is difficult to (29) _____ plans. A couple of phone calls can turn our week upside down, but we love (30) _____ minute of it!'

Task 38

Example: (0) IS

The Export of Ice

Ice from the Rocky Mountains in the United States (0) _____ being exported to countries on the other (16) _____ of the world. From Seattle to Tokyo (17) _____ seem along way to send ice, but the idea is certainly not new. (18) _____ early as 1833, Frederick Tudor, (19) _____ as the 'Ice King', sent a shipload of ice from America to India. About half (20) _____ ice melted during the long journey, but Tudor would have (21) _____ a profit even (22) _____ he had lost three quarters of his cargo.

Most people think (23) _____ ice as rather short-lived but, when it was cut from frozen lakes in huge blocks and stored in the depths of a sailing ship, (24) _____ life was considerably extended. In Britain in the 1840s, (25) _____ was already a local commercial ice trade, but the import of ice, first from America and then from Norway, (26) _____ about a revolution in the food business. The main port of entry for Norwegian ice was London, from (27) _____ the firm of Carlo Gatti, the largest dealers, distributed ice around the country. It was Gatti (28) _____ introduced the penny ice-cream in the 1850s. (29) _____ then, ice-cream had been a luxury, but the penny ice, served in Gatti's cafés, became a Victorian fashion and brought hundreds of Italian ice-cream sellers (30) _____ the streets of the capital.

Task 39

Example: (0) ARE

Swimming with Seals

The UK is home to half the world's population of grey seals and there (0) _____. many local boat trips offering sightseeing tours out to the islands and sandbanks (9) _____ the animals are most regularly found.

But if you really want to get close (10) _____ the seals and understand something about their way of life, then you need to go on an underwater seal-watching trip. On these trips, you have the chance to go over the side of the boat and, equipped (11) _____ a wetsuit, mask and snorkel, spend time in the water alongside the animals.

Seals are extremely inquisitive creatures and, once you're in the water, they will swim past you trying to work (12) _____ who you are and (13) _____ you're doing there. (14) _____ they can appear shy at first, seals soon (15) _____ used to you being in the water, and will come and play around you. Young pups especially like to (16) _____ contact with divers, and often use their teeth, gently biting masks, fins and cameras out of curiosity. It can be a thrilling experience.

Task 40

Example: (0) WHICH

The Mini-Monet

Kieron Williamson is a very successful landscape painter. His paintings, (0) _____ mostly depict the peaceful countryside around his home village in eastern England, sell very well. Perhaps this shouldn't (9) _____ as that much of a surprise. It's a beautiful part of the world, and landscape paintings are always popular.

The strange thing about Kieron, however, (10) _____ that he is only seven years old. At a recent exhibition of his work, all the paintings were sold in half an hour, some for £100,000 each. Kieron now has fans all over the world, and has gained the nickname 'the 'Mini-Monet'.

What's even (11) _____ surprising is that Kieron doesn't come from an artistic family, and only started painting two years (12) _____. He first got inspiration (13) _____ some boats he saw on holiday at the seaside. Kieron asked his parents if they (14) _____ buy him a sketch pad and pencils (15) _____ that he could draw them. Only when they saw (16) _____ well he drew did they realise that he was talented.

Task 41

Example: (0) OF

Choosing the Best Shades

Most of us buy a new pair (0) _____ fashionable sunglasses each year. To be honest, we probably (9) _____

more thought into looking cool than we do into ensuring that the glasses match our needs.

It seems an obvious thing to say, (10) _____ the main role of sunglasses isn't actually to enhance your image. It is rather to protect your eyes from the potentially harmful rays of the sun. What's (11) _____, price isn't necessarily the best guide (12) _____ the effectiveness of sunglasses. Indeed, expensive designer glasses may not provide the best defence against sun damage. (13) _____ you may still want to choose a pair of sunglasses that look good on you, it's also crucial to check out just how effective they will be in protecting your eyes.

There are three types of light (14) _____ can harm the human eye. They are known (15) _____ ultra-violet light, visible light and infra-red light. If you (16) _____ the choice of sunglasses seriously, then you will want to protect yourself against all three.

Task 42

Example: (0) UP

Blanca Huertas: Butterfly Expert

As a little girl growing (0) _____ in Colombia, Blanca Huertas was fascinated by wildlife, and especially by butterflies. In those days you couldn't buy butterfly nets locally, so her father made (9) _____ for her, using the end of a broom. He also bought her some books and took her to different places at the weekends so (10) _____ she could see different species and learn about different types of habitat. It was at this time that she started her butterfly collection.

(11) _____ she was sixteen, Blanca went to university to study biology. Her professor convinced her that the study of butterflies (12) _____ become a career, not just a hobby. What's more, he encouraged Blanca to apply (13) _____ a place on a field trip to the Cauca region of the Amazon, (14) _____ was being organised by students from Oxford and Cambridge.

The two-month trip was an incredible experience. Blanca rediscovered a butterfly that hadn't (15) _____ seen for thirty years and collected information about new species. (16) _____ a result of the trip, the region was turned into a national park.

Task 43

Example: (0) AS

Tree-climbing

Many people will look back on tree-climbing (0) _____. a simple childhood pleasure and a natural test of human strength, stamina and agility. But these days, it has turned (9) _____ a more serious activity and is (10) _____ of the fastest-growing adventure sports in the country.

(11) _____ the invention of expensive gyms with indoor climbing walls, tree-climbing was a cheap and simple way to get a similar type of exercise. These days, if you want to (12) _____ part in an organised tree-climbing activity, you (13) _____ to wear a helmet and attach yourself to ropes in (14) _____ you should lose your footing. But otherwise, tree-climbing is a very eco-friendly sport, involving minimum damage to trees or the environment.

Getting off the ground is perhaps the most challenging part of a climb. (15) _____ that, it's about using your legs, (16) _____ are much stronger than your arms, to drive yourself up the tree. Reaching the top and then abseiling down again is a source of great satisfaction.

Task 44

Example: (0) THEMSELVES

The Recyclists

What do you do to help fight climate change? Two teenage boys from Scotland have just won an award for their efforts. Niall Watson and Roarke Hughes call (0) _____ the Recyclists. They pedal (9) _____ their neighbourhood on their bikes collecting rubbish to be recycled. In the area (10) _____ the boys live, the local council only collects a few types of refuse to be recycled, so the boys help their community to recycle more, in (11) _____ for a small fee.

Their business venture started three years (12) _____ as a way of making some extra pocket money. Now Niall and Roarke have expanded their business. They have invested (13) _____ some chickens and now also sell their own organic eggs (14) _____ they cycle round the town.

The judges of the 'Ethical Kids Award', (15) _____ the boys won, were very impressed by them, saying: 'The Recyclists captured our imaginations straightaway. Their idea was innovative and green at the (16) _____ time'.

Task 45

Example: (0) NUMBER

Spot the Gorilla

The gorilla experiment is famous in modern psychology. Participants are asked to watch a video of friends playing an informal game of ball and count the (0) _____ of times the ball is passed from one player to (9) _____. The entire game and all the players are visible on screen throughout the experiment, and only one camera was used to film it.

Halfway through the game, someone wearing a gorilla costume walks into the shot and begins to (10) _____ part in the game. The figure remains on screen for around nine seconds. The strange thing is that the viewers are (11) _____ busy counting the number of passes that around half of (12) _____ regularly fail to notice the gorilla (13) _____ all. (14) _____ these people are told about the gorilla, they are amazed to think they could (15) _____ missed it.

The experiment works every time, but why some people see the gorilla and others don't remains a mystery. Indeed, researchers have never been able to predict which participants (16) _____ see the gorilla.

Task 46

Example: (0) OF

Snow-holing

The winter sport of snow-holing developed out (0) _____ a survival technique. If you get lost and have to spend the night outside in a frozen landscape, then digging a snow hole to provide (9) _____ with warmth and shelter is a good idea. The snow-hole works on the same principle (10) _____ the igloos built by Inuit people out of ice.

Snow-holing has now developed (11) _____ an adventure sport. Before you try it, however, you need to do a basic snow-skills course, where you also learn how to use an ice-axe and other necessary equipment. But experience of winter hillwalking is also essential in (12) _____ to be accepted onto a course. You also work in a team, and (13) _____ it in turns to dig out the hole. It is (14) _____ something you can do alone.

(15) _____ to people who have tried it, a snow-hole is surprisingly comfortable. Having constructed your hole, you settle (16) _____ for the night and wake up to absolute silence and the incredible light of the dawn sun on the ice.

Task 47

Example: (0) TAKE

Fit for Sports

It's not always easy to decide which sport to (0) _____ up. When choosing, it is important to remember that excellence in sports results (16) _____ a number of factors. For some sports, the body shape and structure with (17) _____ you are born are important. Top runners are typical examples of individuals (18) _____ have selected a sport because of their natural body type. Many other sports are more dependent (19) _____ training and technique, and anyone following a well-structured and appropriate training programme should do well.

The aim of all sports training (20) _____ to improve fitness and skills, and to develop training programmes that are both safe (21) _____ effective. To do (22) _____ properly, an understanding of (23) _____ physical demands of sport is needed. All sports require a combination of strength, speed, endurance, agility and flexibility to varying degrees. (24) _____ is important is how these elements are combined to build up the skills of the sport (25) _____ question. Other factors to be (26) _____ into account in a training programmes are diet, the importance of avoiding injuries, your general state of health, and the nature and role (27) _____ other team players.

Bearing (28) _____ considerations in mind, anyone prepared to work (29) _____ it can expect to progress to a very reasonable competitive level, even (30) _____ only a few people will go on to break world records.

Task 48

Example: (0) AT

Good at languages

At school, Sarah Biggs says she was very bad (0) _____ languages. Now she speaks English, Spanish and Italian and works (16) _____ a bilingual secretary in a travel company in England. (17) _____ several foreign languages at work is not easy, but for Sarah, and other multi-lingual secretaries (18) _____ her, it is all standard practice.

Sarah comes from Spain, (19) _____ she attended school and college. But it was time spent abroad after college (20) _____ encouraged her interest in languages.

In her job, Sarah has (21) _____ great deal more responsibility than the title of secretary would suggest. She stresses the importance of (22) _____ fluent in Spanish because part of her job is dealing (23) _____ customers from Latin America. (24) _____ such clients come from abroad, she has to translate everything (25) _____ say into English. She is given (26) _____ time for preparation at all, so this aspect of her job is one of the (27) _____ difficult.

It is important for Sarah to be up-to-date with changes (28) _____ her own language, so she reads Spanish newspapers and books looking for new additions to (29) _____ vocabulary. Sarah says she (30) _____ not give up this job even if they offered her a better salary in another company.

Task 49

Example: (0) WAS

The Birth of the T-shirt

The T-shirt, or at least the T-shirt as we know it, (0) _____ born in the theatre. When Tennessee William's play *A Streetcar Named Desire* opened in New York in December 1947, a young actor (16) _____ Marlon Brando went (17) _____ stage wearing a (18) _____ of blue jeans and a bright, white, capped-sleeve T-shirt. It was the first time the T-shirt (19) _____ been seen publicly as anything (20) _____ an item of underwear and it set a fashion trend that was to last through (21) _____ the end of the century.

The idea for the T-shirt came (22) _____ Brando himself. He had worn one at rehearsals for the play. The director was (23) _____ impressed by the look that was created that he asked Brando to wear the shirt in the play itself. Brando may have seen the shirt being advertised by the American company Sears Roebuck. They had decided to market the shirt (24) _____ a fashionable garment in its (25) _____ right, rather than just something to be worn (26) _____ warmth beneath a denim work shirt (27) _____ an army uniform.

It was Brando, however, (28) _____ popularised it, especially with (29) _____ release of the film version of *Streetcar* in 1951. A short leather jacket completed the look that was to be adopted (30) _____ teenage rebels in many countries for decades afterwards.

Task 50

Example: (0) HOW

Pianos

Have you ever asked yourself (0) _____ people passed the long evenings in the days before television? The answer is that those (16) _____ could afford it used to play the piano, or (17) _____ the very least tried to persuade their daughters to (18) _____ so. Although there is less piano-playing nowadays, pianos are still (19) _____ interest to collectors of antiques, both as instruments and as pieces of furniture.

As a result, it is once (20) _____ very fashionable, amongst those (21) _____ both money and space, to have a grand piano in the living room. Not (22) _____ pianos, however, are equally fashionable. It would be a mistake to (23) _____ too excited about the possible resale value of a modern piano bought ten years (24) _____, for example. Similarly, not every old piano is going to be a good investment.

Rather (25) _____ television sets today, they were made (26) _____ huge numbers in the early twentieth century. At that time, pianos became (27) _____ popular that most sizeable towns had a local manufacturer. Newly-married couples frequently got (28) _____ as a main wedding present. So nowadays, many pianos are (29) _____ little more than the value of the materials they are made from, and end their days being chopped (30) _____ for firewood.

Task 51

Example: (0) ONE

Running

Running is (0) _____ of the cheapest and most effective forms of exercise. When you first (16) _____ up the sport, it is important to build up your strength slowly.

You should, however, plan to go out for (17) _____ least thirty minutes, running for a minute and walking for a minute. (18) _____ this seems like a long time, you should try running (19) _____ a partner as this will help you to (20) _____ going.

It is a good idea to run on grass rather (21) _____ hard surfaces. This will help you to avoid injury to your muscles which may not be (22) _____ to this kind of exercise. You

(23) _____ to wear clothes that are both waterproof and lightweight and you should take care over your choice of footwear. This is (24) _____ the right kind of shoes are absolutely essential for running.

Make (25) _____ you buy them from a shop (26) _____ the staff are trained to help you to match the shoe to things (27) _____ the weight and shape of your foot. Don't be influenced (28) _____ brand names, but look for comfort. You should allow a centimetre (29) _____ the tip of your big toe and the end of the shoe. The average shoe is good for 200-300 miles, so you should be prepared to buy a new (30) _____ regularly.

Task 52

Example: (0) HAVE

Holiday Reading

Tourists to the British holiday resort of Blackpool (0) _____ no excuse to be without a book to read on the beach this summer, (16) _____ to the launch of the UK's first mobile seafront library. For the two months of high season, two local students will be pushing a multicolored barrow (17) _____ the deckchairs and sunshades on the beach, handing (18) _____ novels and reading advice to some of the resort's sixteen million visitors.

The scheme, (19) _____ has been launched by the local council's library and information service, relies (20) _____ second-hand books, specially donated (21) _____ the people of the town. This means that borrowers can either keep, return (22) _____ swap the books. In (23) _____ event of poor weather the two students, Catherine and Melanie, will be offering indoor storytelling sessions for children instead.

Both women have been selected for (24) _____ combination of good humour, love of books and fitness. They will be trying to persuade people sitting on the beach to (25) _____ down their newspapers and (26) _____ into a book instead.

Holiday reading, they insist, isn't just to (27) _____ with relaxation, it's a chance to read things you (28) _____ not otherwise have time to try. The only problem that Catherine and Melanie foresee is that they might (29) _____ out of books.

(30) _____ the idea is a success, other resorts could soon be following Blackpool's example.

Task 53

Example: (0) ONE

Liquorice allsorts

Bassett's Liquorice Allsorts have been (0) _____ of Britain's favourite sweets for more (16) _____ a hundred years. Each box contains a selection of the eight different liquorice sweets, each of (17) _____ has a name. On the box itself is a picture of Bertie Bassett, a figure (18) _____ body is made entirely from Allsorts. Over forty million Allsorts are now produced every week at the company's plant (19) _____ the city of Sheffield and these are exported all (20) _____ the world.

Yet the idea for the product was the result (21) _____ an accident. In June 1899, Bassett's was already selling the individual liquorice sweets separately, when company employee, Charlie Thompson, dropped a tray full of them (22) _____ a presentation to the owner of a sweet shop. Seeing (23) _____ good they looked all mixed (24) _____ on the floor, the shop owner said he (25) _____ like to sell the sweets, (26) _____ only if they could be sold as a mixture.

A new brand (27) _____ thus created which soon became very popular. It has been in production (28) _____ since. For something created purely (29) _____ chance, the success of the product has been incredible. (30) _____ its rather old-fashioned image, it is one of those brands which continues to grow, according to reports issued by the sweet industry.

Task 54

Example: (0) WAS

Fading Memories

The instamatic camera (0) _____ invented in 1963 and the mass marketing off-color film followed shortly after. Until then, almost (16) _____ photographs had been in black and white. (17) _____ the early 1970s, sales of colour film had overtaken those for black and white and today colour accounts (18) _____ all but a tiny percentage of the 96 million films sold in Britain every year.

But those early colour photographs are already showing (19) _____ of age. Millions of snapshots (20) _____ since 1963 are

changing colour because of their chemical make (21) _____
These chemicals change over time. The deterioration of photographs is
nothing new, of course. We tend (22) _____ view the late
nineteenth century in delicate shades of brown thanks to the chemicals
used at the time. But (23) _____ is a fair chance that future
generations will (24) _____ back at the late twentieth century
as the era of purple grass and pink skies. Because, (25) _____ the
fading is only gradual, the different colours change (26) _____
different rates.

Keeping photographs in a dark drawer, (27) _____ even
in the fridge, will certainly (28) _____ them last longer, but
none of (29) _____ will keep forever. Our grandparents' old-
fashioned black and white photographs from earlier in the twentieth
century will (30) _____ the test of time better, in fact.

Task 55

Example: (0) AN

Artist Development Manager

Patti Wilkins is (0) _____ Artist Development Manager.
She specialises in pop music and is (16) _____ for managing
the production (17) _____ a pop singer's new single or album
and (18) _____ that it involves.

She is the person who selects the songs for the album, the photographs
for publicity purposes, who shoots the video and chooses the clothes the
singer (19) _____ for that video. In (20) _____
typical day she will meet the people designing the artwork for the album,
the singer's manager, journalists and marketing managers.

(21) _____ the week she will have to listen to the
hundreds of tapes that are (22) _____ to the record company
by singers and bands hoping to (23) _____ famous one day.
She needs to understand (24) _____ makes a good pop band
and at the same time has to be (25) _____ to spot star
potential. In (26) _____ of working long hours she feels it is
(27) _____ it when a song finally gets into the pop charts.

She learnt about the pop industry by (28) _____ work
experience and editing pop magazines (29) _____ well as
taking a business course. In that way she (30) _____ out how
to go about marketing and selling in the highly competitive music industry.

Task 56

Example: (0) THEIR

Sports Tourism

Hundreds of thousands of fans travel worldwide to watch (0) _____ favourite sport — an international match, a tennis championship, a Formula One Grand Prix.

In recent years (16) _____ has been a huge increase in sports tourism. (17) _____ longer are people content to (18) _____ in an armchair to watch their teams or sporting stars on television. They want to be (19) _____ the action is, (20) _____ they pack their bags and head straight for the airport.

In (21) _____ to the usual sporting events, the Olympic Games are held (22) _____ four years. The Olympics may only last a couple of weeks, but (23) _____ affect the host city for several years before. New facilities (24) _____ to be built, not just for the Games themselves (25) _____ also for the thousands of international visitors (26) _____ come to stay. The effects are also felt outside the host city (27) _____ many visitors choose to explore the surrounding region, and this (28) _____ a lasting effect on tourism in the country. For example, (29) _____ the 1992 Olympic Games were held in Barcelona, in Spain, the city has (30) _____ an extremely popular tourist destination.

Task 57

Example: (0) ONE

Follow Your Nose

Of the five senses, smell is probably the (0) _____ that you value the least. Yet your sense of smell is the most direct link (16) _____ the brain and the outside world. It (17) _____ two seconds for a smell to (18) _____ the nose and travel to the part of the brain (19) _____ controls emotions and memories. Exactly (20) _____ your sense of smell influences your emotions, however, is (21) _____ fully understood.

Nevertheless, a sense of smell can even influence your relationships (22) _____ other people. Apparently, you (23) _____ in love through your nose, not your eyes or your ears. Moreover, people

tend to smell of what they eat and (24) _____ can also influence what people think of you.

In one famous study, 84 per cent of people taking (25) _____ said they were more (26) _____ to buy a particular brand of trainers, when they (27) _____ placed in a room smelling of flowers. This kind of knowledge can be (28) _____ to influence people's spending habits at a sub-conscious (29) _____, and could obviously be useful in (30) _____ all sorts of things from clothing to cars.

Task 58

Example: (0) WITH

Fast Track to Fluency

A couple of generations ago, a bilingual child — in other words a child who spoke more than one language — was regarded (0) _____ suspicion. People thought that such (16) _____ child would be slow (17) _____ develop academically, would feel confused and even (18) _____ up with a split personality.

Today, however, research shows the advantages of a bilingual upbringing, including an awareness (19) _____ other cultures and an increased ability (20) _____ language learning.

Today (21) _____ out in Canada presented small children with two apartment blocks made (22) _____ of building bricks; the larger apartment contained fewer bricks. Children who (23) _____ not bilingual said that the larger apartment had more bricks, (24) _____ bilingual children correctly saw that the (25) _____ one had more bricks. The bilingual children appeared to have the ability to ignore misleading information (26) _____ dealing with problems, in much the (27) _____ way as they 'edit out' one language when using the (28) _____.

According to the research, as (29) _____ as developing problem-solving skills earlier than those who only speak one language, bilingual children also understand written languages faster (30) _____ learn to read more easily.

Task 59

Example: (0) DURING

Napping is Good for You

Napping, or taking short periods of sleep (0) _____ the day, is a basic human need. According (16) _____ numerous

studies, napping decreases tiredness and increases energy levels. Napping is based on common sense and (17) _____ animal on the planet naps. (18) _____ many people prefer to fight against tiredness rather (19) _____ take a short sleep during the day.

For the (20) _____ of workers a nap in the afternoon increases productivity, creativity and problem-solving skills. One expert (21) _____ called for a new part to the work day, a period called 'nap time'. He argues that the modern work system (22) _____ not designed around the actual physical needs of people's bodies. People have coffee breaks, (23) _____ what they really need is nap breaks.

Chronobiologists, scientists (24) _____ study sleep patterns, say that 'morning' people can benefit from a twenty (25) _____ nap around noon, while 'night owls' need a nap around three or four in (26) _____ afternoon. The key is to (27) _____ out what kind of nap you need and for (28) _____ long. It has been established that even very short breaks reduce errors and accidents and are (29) _____ useful if taken about eight or nine hours (30) _____ you wake up.

Task 60

Example: (0) WHO

Peter Benchley Likes Sharks

Peter Benchley, the author (0) _____ wrote the novel *Jaws*, thinks it may be partly his fault that people don't like sharks. The movie, (16) _____ on his book, involved a terrifying monster fish (17) _____ main purpose was to attack anyone (18) _____ everyone in the ocean.

In (19) _____, sharks kill approximately 12 people a year. In (20) _____, people kill millions of sharks every year and (21) _____ to 90 per cent of great white sharks have been (22) _____ out. Peter Benchley admits, 'I created something that doesn't exist.' He hopes to set (23) _____ record straight with a new documentary film he has made. The film focuses (24) _____ some of the more attractive aspects of great white sharks. For (25) _____, one extremely brave diver demonstrates that when you touch a shark on the nose, (26) _____ goes very still.

Benchley grew up in Massachusetts in the US and (27) _____ a large part of his childhood swimming in the ocean. He got the idea for

Jaws (28) _____ a newspaper article about a man who caught a shark which (29) _____ about 2,000 kilos. When the movie was made, Benchley had the opportunity to appear (30) _____ an actor, playing the reporter on the beach just before the shark attacks for the first time.

Task 61

Example: (0) DO

Functional Foods

In the 21st century food will (0) _____, more than just feed you. A new range of products appearing (16) _____ shelves in shops and supermarkets (17) _____ designed to give you specific health benefits. The demands of modern life make these foods very attractive. (18) _____ only do they provide proven ways to improve health, but they are also very attractive (19) _____ a quick and convenient way of making sure we enjoy a healthy diet.

In some countries it is already possible to buy crisps that make you feel (20) _____ depressed, chewing gum that increases your brain power and tea that helps you (21) _____ over the tiredness associated (22) _____ long-distance air travel. (23) _____ the future, experts promise biscuits that will keep your heart healthy, and a hot chocolate drink to give you strong bones.

(24) _____ the fact that these 'functional' foods cannot replace a balanced diet and regular exercise, they can help the body perform at (25) _____ best a lot of the time. At (26) _____, these foods are more expensive than other foods, but that is due to the ingredients they (27) _____ of and the way they are made. All the foods contain probiotics (28) _____ increase the number of 'good' bacteria in your stomach, helping to keep your digestive system healthy.

There may even (29) _____ a functional food to protect eyesight, so keep an eye out as you never know (30) _____ you might be eating tomorrow!

Task 62

Example: (0) BEEN

Credit Cards for Children

Children as young as twelve have (0) _____ offered credit cards by certain companies. They encourage the children to load

(16) _____ plastic cards with money (at terminals in the high street) and use (17) _____ to shop on the Internet. The companies aim to open up the market to young people (18) _____ are not allowed to use the Internet for shopping, as they are (19) _____ young to get credit cards. (20) _____ a credit card, the child's card has numbers on the front of it and a magnetic strip on the back (21) _____ the children (22) _____ to sign. This serves only to add to its 'grown up' feel, as signatures are (23) _____ necessary for Internet shopping.

Some people are concerned that the teenagers could get into debt at an early age. Others argue that the cards will be limited to a fixed (24) _____ of money and that children will therefore only be able to spend as (25) _____ as they have on the card. They believe that the cards will help children to manage (26) _____ own money at an early age, and not to (27) _____ it.

The cards have been advertised (28) _____ teenage magazines and research shows that children like the independence of (29) _____ able to shop with plastic and the fact that they are not tied (30) _____ their parents.

Task 63

Example: (0) AFTER

Vancouver

Vancouver in western Canada is named (0) _____ Captain George Vancouver of the British Royal Navy. However, Captain Vancouver was not the first European (16) _____ visit the area. The coast (17) _____ already been explored by the Spanish. Captain Vancouver did (18) _____ spend many days there, even (19) _____ he was warmly welcomed by the local people and the scenery amazed him and everyone else (20) _____ was travelling with him.

The scenery still amazes visitors to (21) _____ city of Vancouver today. First-time visitors who are (22) _____ search of breathtaking views (23) _____ usually directed to a beach which is about ten minutes (24) _____ the city centre. There, looking out over the sailing boats racing across the blue water, visitors see Vancouver's towering skyline backed by the magnificent Coast Mountains. Then they sigh and say, 'It's (25) _____ beautiful that I want to stay forever!'

You can't blame them. The city is regularly picked by international travel associations (26) _____ one of the world's best tourist destinations. They are only confirming what the two million residents and eight million tourists visiting Greater Vancouver (27) _____ single year already know: there is simply (28) _____ other place on earth quite (29) _____ it. It's not just the gorgeous setting where mountains meet the sea that appeals to people, (30) _____ also Vancouver's wide range of sporting, cultural and entertainment facilities.

Task 64

Example: (0) SO

What is Fake News?

What is Fake News? Donald Trump claims to have come up with the term, though there is no way that can be true, the question is, what exactly is Fake news? Why is it (0) _____ apparent that false information seems to travel at light speed (16) _____ the truth meanders along like an old steam boat. Mark Twain once stated, "A lie can travel halfway (17) _____ the world, while (18) _____ truth is still doing up its shoes". This statement came about on (19) _____ of the way that inaccuracies in information seem to spread far quicker than factual information. This is (20) _____ to the time needed to check the validity of information. This has caused a phenomenon known (21) _____ 'Circular Reporting', in which false reports are passed on from one entity to (22) _____ as they are backed up through multiple publications or through the quoting of satirical articles (23) _____ if they were serious. The internet has completely transformed the way we communicate and (24) _____ before have people wanted so much information so fast. This demand for information has limited the time available to research sources of information and therefore these time restraints make it almost impossible for reporters (25) _____ know with certainty if what they are printing is true or not.

Task 65

Example: (0) OVER

Supermarkets

Of all the revolutionary changes in our lives (0) _____ the past fifty years, the introduction of supermarket shopping is surely

(13) _____ most significant. Although it is less (14) _____ fifty years since the first self-service store opened (15) _____ doors in south London, (16) _____ most of us nowadays the supermarket plays an important (17) _____ in our daily lives. (18) _____ fact, some people's support of a particular supermarket can be (19) _____ strong as their support of their favourite football club.

Layout and image are of vital importance for any supermarket. Fruit, vegetables, flowers and house-plants are usually displayed immediately inside the (20) _____ to the store, (21) _____ the fact that the majority of goods sold by a supermarket are frozen, tinned or preserved. This suggests an image (22) _____ freshness, healthy eating and even 'greenness'. We are led (23) _____ tempting displays to the basics – tea, bread, sugar, eggs – which are frequently placed well apart and (24) _____ the back of the store. This trick encourages us to buy overpriced products in attractive packets and boxes.

Task 66

Example: (0) HAS

London's River

The role of the River Thames (0) _____ been of vital importance to London's history. (13) _____ the city's beginnings as a Roman Empire trading post and military base, the Thames has connected London (14) _____ the wider world beyond. (15) _____ the height of the Industrial Revolution in the nineteenth century, the London docks were (16) _____ of merchant ships; London was (17) _____ biggest port in the world with hundreds of ships (18) _____ to and from all five continents.

Today, (19) _____ of that river traffic has disappeared, but the empty docklands are bursting back into life. (20) _____ place of the old buildings with their smashed windows and broken roofs are homes, offices, riverside walks and the tallest building in Britain, known (21) _____ Canary Wharf. Miles of new and improved roads have also been built, as (22) _____ as an ultra-modern airport (23) _____ is only a five-minute walk away (24) _____ the nearest railway station.

Task 67

Example: (0) WHAT

Weather Forecasting

All sorts of people need to know (0) _____ the weather is going to do, but they do (13) _____ all need to know the same things for the same period of time. If you are sailing a small boat for a day, it's only a (14) _____ hours that matter. If you're a water company worrying about water supplies, you want to know the chances of rain over (15) _____ next six months.

(16) _____ getting the forecast right matters to so many people, the weather business is always at the forefront of technology. (17) _____ is a weather satellite (18) _____ flies from pole to pole every hour and (19) _____ quarter, covering the whole globe every day (20) _____ reporting back to Earth from fifty miles up. Others 20,000 miles up are moving at the same relative speed (21) _____ the Earth below them (22) _____ that they can keep a continuous watch on different parts of the world.

Weather forecasting (23) _____ on processing and reporting an enormous (24) _____ of detailed observations from around the world within minutes, so meteorologists are among the leading users of really massive computers.

Task 68

Example: (0) THE

Shopping List of the Future

Foods with special health effects are the big idea of (0) _____ future. (13) _____ is claimed that one milk drink will be able to protect people against cancer and another drink product will increase brain power. These foods, (14) _____ as 'functional foods', are the result (15) _____ increased scientific understanding of (16) _____ makes a healthy diet.

One of the milk drink products, called Toptal, (17) _____ marketed in packs of seven tiny bottles — one for (18) _____ day of the week - and contains a thin brown liquid which is said to protect people against various diseases. (19) _____ drink product, which stops tooth decay, is being sold in some countries (20) _____ the answer to dental problems caused (21) _____ sugary drinks. A member of the group of manufacturers involved in diet and health said: 'We are moving to the point (22) _____ we can

tell which elements of food have which effects. We (23) _____ talking about a very different idea of food. (24) _____ the commercial point of view, functional foods have a tremendous future.’ Although there is no question that these foods are beneficial, the extent to which they benefit health remains uncertain.

Task 69

Example: (0) MOST

Inspiration

I have had what, I think, is the (0) _____ extraordinary day of my life. While the events are (9) _____ clear in my mind, I wish to write them down. Let me introduce (10) _____.

My name is Lawrence Terrel. I am thirty-five years old, and in perfect health. I have never been ill in my life, not even for a day. I am an artist. I am (11) _____ very successful, but I earn enough money to (12) _____ care of my needs. My only near relative, a sister, (13) _____ three years ago. So I have no family.

I ate breakfast this morning at eight. After I had read the morning paper, I smoked my pipe and let my mind wander. I hoped I would think of (14) _____ to draw. The room was very hot, even (15) _____ the door and window were open. I had decided to go to the public swimming pool when an idea for a drawing came to me.

I began to (16) _____. I was so interested in my work that I forgot to eat lunch. I did not stop until the clock struck five. I looked at what I had done. For a hurried picture, I felt it was the best thing I had ever drawn.

Task 70

Example: (0) USED

Holidays with friends

I always (0) _____ to go to Porchester (9) _____ my summer holidays. It is a quiet little town, full of old and interesting buildings. Very (10) _____ visitors ever go there, so there are no crowds. I enjoyed its sleepy atmosphere. I work in a big city, so a holiday in Porchester was a complete change (11) _____ my usual life. Besides, I found out about the history of the place. I wanted to learn how life used to be in Porchester — the stories of (12) _____ people and buildings.

I made notes on all these things (13) _____ my holidays and I soon knew more about the history of Porchester than most of the people (14) _____ lived there.

I am not a rich man and I cannot afford to stay in hotels. When Jack Thompson heard that I wanted to spend my holidays in Porchester again all these years later, he invited me to stay with (15) _____ Jack and I were in the Army (16) _____ during the war and we were good friends.

Task 71

Example: (0) EXCEPT

Christmas Eve

Christmas Eve had been a very tiring day for all the Bensons, (0) _____ Mr. Benson. The head of the house usually got off lightly (9) _____ Christmas — lightly, that is, where personal effort was concerned. (10) _____ money was involved, no; Mr. Benson knew that Christmas was an expensive time of the (11) _____. And later, when he got out his cheque book to give his usual presents, the expense would (12) _____ greater. But he could afford this. He could afford it better (13) _____ Christmas than at any other Christmas in the history (14) _____ his steadily increasing fortune. And he didn't need to think, he didn't have to choose. He just (15) _____ to look at a list and add one or two names, or remove one or two. There was something quite big to leave (16) _____ this year, though it didn't show on the list or in his cheque book.

If he felt like it, he would add the amount so saved to his children's cheques. Tim and Helen would then think that he was even more generous than he really was.

Task 72

Example: (0) OF

Romance in the Country

The country house (0) _____ Mr John Jackson was a delightful place. (9) _____ had broad, smooth lawns and green, towering oak trees; there were charming shady woods, and a pretty brook with a little wooden bridge over it. There were fruits and flowers, pleasant people, games to (10) _____, indoors and out, rides, walks and fishing. These were great attractions, but they would not (11) _____ held me at the house for very long. What really kept me (12) _____, more than the fine fishing, the brook and the scenery, (13) _____ the girl I saw walking in these places - my Cecilia.

She was not really my Cecilia. I had never in any sense acquired her. Nor (14) _____ she know that I wanted to. But the dream of winning her was what kept me alive, and in my dreams I called her (15) _____. You might say that if I had confessed my feelings to her, I might have been allowed to (16) _____ her "my Cecilia" aloud. But I was unwilling to say anything, because she might refuse me.

Task 73

Example: (0) WHEN

The Waterloo Station Mystery

(0) _____ the girl returned, she was much calmer. Mike said that (9) _____ must think she had made herself look rather foolish and had (10) _____ more importance to the happening than it deserved. Mike realised that the girl felt awkward, and that at Waterloo Station she would be glad to (11) _____ goodbye to him and forget the event.

When they (12) _____ the station, he took her to find a taxi. The man who had frightened her must be (13) _____ in the crowd, and it was (14) _____ that he might trouble her again. But they did not see him.

The (15) _____ gave the driver an address in Kensington and stepped into the taxi. "Thank you," she said. "Thank you very much." The taxi moved off. Mike stepped forward to wave, and (16) _____ nearly knocked down by another taxi, which was behind.

Task 74

Example: (0) OF

Murder in London

I was full (0) _____ hate. I forgot all danger and rushed at him. I hit him twice and the second (9) _____ I cut his face. In his surprise he did not (10) _____ me back. This saved my life. It was my (11) _____ desperate effort. I moved back and went down on one knee. 'He will ride at me now,' I thought. 'This will be the end (12) _____ me, or perhaps both of us.'

At that moment (13) _____ was a shout. I looked round. A man was riding hard, with a revolver in his hand. It was my dear friend Jack. Nelson saw him, and stopped his rush at me. But he did not hurry away. He said (14) _____ a smile: 'We shall meet again!'

And (15) _____ he left the farm girl and me with easy ceremony.

His wound did not trouble him. He smiled, and happily (16) _____ his hand to Jack. Jack fired at him, and the bullet hit his sword. He dropped his sword and rode away fast.

Task 75

Example: (0) BEST

Revenge is sweet

I had suffered, as (0) _____ I could, the thousand wrongs that Henry had done to me, but when he began to become insulting, I swore to avenge myself. I did not, of (9) _____ threaten him. I waited for my chance patiently. I wanted to avoid the risk of failure; and if (10) _____ is to succeed, two conditions are necessary. The wrong-doer must know that he is being punished, and by (11) _____; and it must be impossible for him to hit back.

I continued to (12) _____ Henry kindly and to smile at his face. He did (13) _____ realise that my smile was at the thought of how I would sacrifice him.

On the (14) _____, Henry was a man to be respected and, if you were his enemy, even feared. Henry had only (15) _____ weakness – his love of wine. He was very proud (16) _____ his knowledge of the subject. In other respects, he merely pretended to be wise, but on the subject of wine he was sincere.

Task 76

Example: (0) FOR

“Hidden Dangers”

You are always ready (0) _____ danger, but you don't think of (9) _____ very much. The real dangers are (10) _____ from living things. They are the small, quiet things – a knot in the air-line, a cut safety-rope. Taylor knew this (11) _____ of the sea bed well: it was grey and flat and familiar. But today, for the first time, it held a surprise. Taylor stopped when he saw the new shape.

At first he (12) _____ it was an aircraft. But it was the wrong shape, and it was too small; only seven metres long and three metres wide. Here and (13) _____ were round doors. The metal body seemed to be undamaged. But one end was black, perhaps (14) _____ a result of strong heat. From the other (15) _____ grew a small forest of metal posts. Almost all of them were broken or pushed

flat, perhaps when it hit the water. Now they (16) _____ like the legs of a great insect.

Task 77

Example: (0) OFFICE

Life in Hertford

I picked up my bag of letters and left the post (0) _____. The bag was heavy. And I (9) _____ a lot of letters to deliver. But I was feeling very cheerful. It was 7 o'clock on a fine summer morning. The sun was shining. It was (10) _____ to be a warm day.

I started on my long walk through the streets of Hertford with a light heart. It wasn't only the bright morning that (11) _____ me happy. We, my wife and I, had been, until very recently, living in London. I had (12) _____ a postman there for a long time. Then I had the chance to get a postman's job in Hertford and I decided to take (13) _____. Several times I wondered (14) _____ I had done the right thing. It is not always wise to (15) _____ the place that you are used to.

But now, six weeks after the move, I know that it was the right thing to do. We'd found a comfortable little house with a good garden. We liked the atmosphere of the quiet, sleepy town and we'd (16) _____ made some friends. Life in Hertford pleased us both. I knew that we were going to enjoy living there.

Task 78

Example: (0) LIKE

The Flying Wing: Aeroplane of the Future

What will the aeroplane of the future look (0) _____? An increasing number of journeys are being made (16) _____ air, and the airlines are therefore demanding a new kind of plane (17) _____ help them cope with increasing passenger numbers.

(18) _____ of the revolutionary new designs (19) _____ developed is a 'flying wing', which is short but very wide, in contrast (20) _____ most planes, which are long and narrow. It will be capable (21) _____ carrying 600-800 passengers. It will be built of an extremely light material, and together (22) _____ the unusual design, this will improve performance. The new aeroplane will be quieter and more comfortable

(23) _____ existing planes. It will also cost less to operate, and will therefore help to keep fares (24) _____ affordable levels. Computers will play (25) _____ important role in this plane. They would be used (26) _____ the flight as (27) _____ as on ground: ground crews will simply plug their laptop computers into the flight computers to check all functions.

An additional advantage of this plane is (28) _____ no new runways or terminal buildings will have to be built for it, (29) _____ it is being designed in such a way that it can (30) _____ existing ones.

Task 79

Example: (0) ONE

Gang Thought Bruegel was Rubbish

Many stolen paintings have a strange history. But (0) _____ of the strangest was that of a painting by the famous sixteenth-century painter Bruegel, stolen from the Courtauld Institute in London in the Eighties. It had fallen (16) _____ the hands of four thieves in London, (17) _____ were trying to (18) _____ a quick profit. Until they showed the painting to an art expert, (19) _____, they had no idea how much it was worth. One of (20) _____ said: 'We got this old chap to come in and (21) _____ a look at the painting. He was talking about something, then turned (22) _____, saw the painting and fainted. So I thought it was probably valuable.'

Two months later, the gang telephoned (23) _____ art expert. This expert told them that the painting was worth £2-3 million. They immediately hung up. They then tried to sell the painting back to the gallery from (24) _____ it had been stolen. The gallery contacted the police and a meeting (25) _____ arranged. The gang asked (26) _____ the money to be brought in two suitcases in unmarked banknotes. (27) _____ the meeting did in fact take place, the deal fell through and no money changed hands.

A short (28) _____ later the four were arrested. The police found the painting on (29) _____ of a wardrobe. When the gang were told they were (30) _____ arrested in connection with the Bruegel, one of them said: 'What's a Bruegel? I thought it was rubbish.'

Task 80

Example: (0) ITS

How Television was Invented

Television owes (0) _____ origins to many inventors. But it was the single-minded determination of an amateur inventor, John Logie Baird, that led (16) _____ the first live television broadcast.

Born in Scotland in 1888 and educated in Glasgow, John Logie Baird earned a living (17). _____ a razor-blade salesman. In the 1890s Guglielmo Marconi showed that sound could (18) _____ sent by radio waves. Baird became convinced that a similar system could transmit a picture. He spent most of (19) _____ spare time working on his ideas in his tiny workshop without (20) _____ commercial support. He (21) _____ to use his (22) _____ earnings to continue his research.

In 1924, Baird successfully transmitted the general outline of a figure over more (23) _____ 3 metres. He continued to experiment and (24) _____ October 25, 1925 transmitted a recognisable image of a doll. He ran (25) _____ to the office on the ground floor and persuaded one of the office boys to come upstairs. (26) _____ boy became the first living image transmitted by television. Overnight, Baird became famous and the money (27) _____ he needed to continue his research was at (28) _____ made available. In 1927 he made a transmission from London to Glasgow and in 1928 he made (29) _____ from London to New York. He continued experimenting (30) _____ spent his last years exploring the possibility of colour television.

Task 81

Example: (0) EVERY

The Great Library in Alexandria

Today, there are libraries in almost (0) _____ town in the world. Even in areas (16) _____ there are no libraries, there are often mobile libraries which take books from one village to (17) _____. But in the days when books were copied by hand (18) _____ than printed, libraries were very rare. The reason is simple: books took a very (19) _____ time to produce, and there were far (20) _____ copies of any given work around.

The greatest library (21) _____ all, that in Alexandria, had 54,000 books. In the ancient world, this number (22) _____ considered huge. It was the first time that anyone (23) _____ ever collected so many books from all around world (24) _____ one roof. There are many theories about (25) _____ these books were lost. (26) _____ is that the library accidentally burned down. Another is that one of the rulers of the city ordered the books to (27) _____ burned. They were taken to various places and it took six months to burn them. (28) _____ happened, the collection there was priceless. Many of the library's treasures were lost forever – some books were (29) _____ recovered. We cannot even know (30) _____ exactly the library contained.

Task 82

Example: (0) HAS

TV and Books

Many people believe that watching television (0) _____ resulted in lower reading standards in schools. (16) _____, the link between television and printed books is not as simple as that. In many (17) _____, television actually encourages people to read: for example, when a book is turned into a TV series, (18) _____ sales often go up.

One study of this link examined six-year-old children who (19) _____ viewing a special series of 15-minute programmes at school. The series was designed to encourage love of books, as (20) _____ as to develop the basic mechanical skills of reading. Each programme is an animated film of a children's book. The story is read aloud (21) _____ certain key phrases from the book appear on the screen, beneath the picture. Whenever a word is read, it is also highlighted on the TV screen.

One finding was (22) _____ watching these programmes was very important to the children. If anything prevented them (23) _____ seeing a programme, they were very disappointed. What's more, they wanted to read the books (24) _____ the different parts of the series were based on.

The programmes also gave the children (25) _____ confidence when looking at these books. As a result of (26) _____ familiarity with the stories, they would sit in pairs and read the stories aloud to (27) _____ other. On (28) _____

occasion, the children showed great sympathy when discussing a character in a book because they themselves (29) _____ been moved when watching the character (30) _____ television.

Task 83

Example: (0) BEEN

Traditional Cooking

A new school of cookery has opened in France. "The Friends of French Cookery" has (0) _____ started by a group of grandmothers who are anxious to keep traditional food and cooking techniques alive. They are against the modern-day use (13) _____ freezers, microwaves and TV dinners.

None of these grandmothers have (14) _____ any experience as professional cooks, and they run their school (15) _____ being paid. They are motivated only by a desire to produce good quality, tasty food. They are especially keen to teach the younger generation (16) _____ to cook traditional dishes, and to convince them that traditional food is better (17) _____ convenience foods and take-aways.

The grandmothers run cookery courses two or three times a week, and the fee is about 20 euros, (18) _____ includes tuition and lunch.

Most of the recipes are traditional, and some of (19) _____ have ancient legends attached (20) _____ them. Only seasonal ingredients (21) _____ used.

The courses are great fun, and tourists join (22) _____ with the locals (23) _____ they work together to create a delicious meal. (24) _____ midday they all sit down at long tables to eat a three-course lunch.

Task 84

Example: (0) ON

April Fools' Day

On April Fools' Day, people in many countries play tricks (0) _____ each other. Usually, the tricks involve making friends believe something ridiculous. On (13) _____ day you could, for example, tell a friend there is a huge spider on (14) _____ shoulder. If they believe you, you have succeeded (15) _____ fooling them, and (16) _____ if you only trick them for a second, you have the right to shout "April Fool!"

This day, 1st April, is also known (17) _____ All Fools' Day. In some countries, (18) _____ as Ireland or Cyprus, you can only try to fool someone before 12 noon. (19) _____ you do play tricks after midday, you become the fool instead.

But how (20) _____ this tradition begin? Some say April Fools' Day originated in France when that country adopted the new Gregorian calendar. In the previous calendar, New Year was celebrated (21) _____ 25th March until 1st April, rather than on 1st January, as in the Gregorian calendar. Some people refused (22) _____ follow the new calendar, and continued to celebrate the New Year in Spring. Other people made fun of them and laughed (23) _____ them because they were old-fashioned and didn't want to change. Now April Fools' Day has become a global tradition, and no one is safe! People play tricks on (24) _____, not just on those who don't want to change with the times.

Task 85

Example: (0) ONE

Edvard Munch

Edvard Munch, (0) _____ of the greatest artists of his time, (13) _____ born in Norway in 1863. In 1899 he travelled (14) _____ Paris, where he became familiar (15) _____ the current trends in French art. He began to develop an unusual artistic style, in which he tried to express his deep inner feelings rather (16) _____ the appearance of what he was painting. This style later became known (17) _____ Expressionism, and many 20th century artists were influenced (18) _____ him.

At the time, though, Norwegian critics could (19) _____ understand his work and found it shocking. Munch moved to Germany in 1892, but met with the same reaction there. An exhibition of his paintings in a Berlin gallery caused such strong protests (20) _____ the gallery had to be closed after only a (21) _____ days.

'When people slowly started to accept his style of painting, his work became well-known for the powerful emotions it showed. His (22) _____ famous work, a painting called "The Scream", is an image of a terrified, screaming figure in a twisted landscape. As (23) _____ as painting, he was also interested in print making.

When Edvard Munch died in 1944, he left many of his paintings and prints to the city of Oslo in Norway. The rest (24) _____ be found in museums and in famous collections around the world.

Task 86

Example: (0) AROUND

Putting it Off!

Your big exams are just (0) _____ the corner and you have only two or three days left to do some serious revision. You have to commit to memory the history of (13) _____ Industrial Revolution — so what (14) _____ you doing organising the kitchen cupboards? Ordinarily, it is (15) _____ a task that you would choose to do unless you really had to, but suddenly you feel the time is right to pay particular attention (16) _____ this area of the house and get it looking spotless. The books upstairs can wait.

Such behaviour is known (17) _____ procrastination – a deliberate attempt to avoid something which really needs to be (18) _____, but which you can't be bothered to do. Other examples of (19) _____ sort of behaviour include browsing the Internet or watching television when the kitchen sink is full of dirty dishes, or going off to get tea and coffee at the office (20) _____ of finishing the work you've been given.

In short, procrastination is the art of putting off (21) _____ tomorrow what should be done today. More often (22) _____ not, the real reason why a procrastinator delays a job is that they have a vague hope that (23) _____ else might just do it (24) _____ them.

Task 87

Example: (0) WHICH

Technology

“Technology” includes any machine, method or system (0) _____ uses scientific knowledge for practical purposes. Whether in the form of a primitive hand-held tool (13) _____ the latest computer, technology gives (14) _____ greater control over the world around us and makes our lives easier and happier. Without the ability (15) _____ invent, discover and improve, we would still be living like cavemen, and civilisation as we know (16) _____ would be impossible.

Throughout history, technological progress has changed the (17) _____ people live. Thousands of years (18) _____ for instance, people lived by hunting animals and gathering wild plants. In

order to find food, they had to move (19) _____ place to place. The gradual development of agricultural tools and farming methods meant that people no longer had to wander in search of food, but (20) _____ settle in villages.

Similarly, the Industrial Revolution in the 1700s brought the invention of the steam engine and machines (21) _____ manufacturing cloth and other products. This produced great social change, as millions of people moved to the cities to work in factories.

(22) _____ most technology benefits people, some inventions, (23) _____ as weapons of war, have had a harmful effect on our lives. Others have been (24) _____ beneficial and harmful. The car, for example, is a fast, convenient means of transport, but has also contributed greatly to the problem of air pollution.

Task 88

Example: (0) HIS

Mary Shelley's Story

In 1816, English poet Percy Bysshe Shelley and (0) _____ future wife, Mary, visited another famous poet, Lord Byron, at his house near Lake Geneva in Switzerland. It rained (13) _____ snowed constantly during their stay, forcing the group to (14) _____ most of their holiday indoors. One night, Byron challenged the Shelleys and his doctor, Polidori, to each make up a ghost story. He said that the person who wrote the most terrifying tale (15) _____ be the winner.

Mary, who was only nineteen (16) _____ the time, came up with the idea for her story after having a nightmare in (17) _____ she saw a pale student of science kneeling beside 'the thing he had put together'. This ultimately led her to write one of the greatest horror novels of all time — Frankenstein. In the finished novel, a mad scientist (18) _____ Victor Frankenstein brings a monster to life. It is really a warning against man's dangerous relationship (19) _____ science.

The book was first published (20) _____ 1818, although for several years the writer's identity was not revealed. (21) _____ then her story has become extremely popular and many films have been based (22) _____ it. It is astonishing to think that it was (23) _____ by a 19-year-old who set about writing the story in a simple attempt (24) _____ scare her close circle of friends.

Task 89

Example: (0) HOW

Stress and Athletic Success

Success, in any field, is often a matter of (0) _____ well a person is (13) _____ to control the amount of stress they experience. As stress increases, their performance often improves, but there is a certain point beyond (14) _____ their performance begins to decline sharply. Sports psychologists now help Olympic athletes, (15) _____ others, balance the good and bad effects of stress.

Before an athletic event, a high level (16) _____ excitement can actually have a positive effect (17) _____ the athlete. This excitement becomes harmful, (18) _____, if negative thoughts take over. Thoughts such as “What if I fail?” or “I know the others are better than me” should definitely be avoided. Psychologists help athletes manage (19) _____ replace negative thoughts with positive (20) _____

Another useful technique before competing (21) _____ to recognise your level of excitement and adjust it if necessary. Music may be helpful (22) _____ these cases. If you’re over-excited, listening to soft music can help to calm you down. If you feel you’re not excited (23) _____, you may want to listen to fast, powerful music to raise your spirits.

The key to success, in other words, is a person’s knowledge of their ideal level of excitement. An imbalance either way could mean the difference (24) _____ success and failure.

Task 90

Example: (0) WERE

The Brontë Sisters

The Brontë sisters, Charlotte, Emily and Anne, (0) _____ born and brought up in a lonely village high on the Yorkshire moors, yet all three became famous novelists. (13) _____ father, Patrick Brontë, was the parish priest of Haworth in Yorkshire. He was very strict (14) _____ his children, and also a little eccentric. After his wife died, the girls and their brother, Branwell, were looked (15) _____ by their aunt.

When they were still very young, the sisters were (16) _____ to boarding school. They received a better education there than was usual for girls at that time, but lived (17) _____ conditions which

encouraged the spread of disease. The girls did (18) _____ get enough food and the buildings were cold and damp.

There were no jobs available (19) _____ women at that time, and the sisters, except for occasional jobs as governesses or school teachers, lived their whole lives (20) _____ home. They occupied their time with music, drawing, reading and, above (21) _____, writing.

Charlotte Brontë's famous novel, *Jane Eyre*, recounts the boarding school life Charlotte hated and her experiences (22) _____ a governess. Emily Brontë wrote only one novel, *Wuthering Heights*, (23) _____ is considered a romantic masterpiece. Anne was the mildest and (24) _____ patient of the sisters; both her novels can be regarded as softer versions of *Jane Eyre*.

Task 91

Example: (0) ONE

Earthquakes

An earthquake is (0) _____ of the most terrifying natural phenomena. We generally think (13) _____ the ground we stand on as solid and completely stable. An earthquake can shatter that idea instantly when we see the ground move and buildings fall (14) _____. We only hear about earthquakes in the news every now and again, but (15) _____ are actually an everyday occurrence. In fact, our planet experiences (16) _____ than three million earthquakes a year. However, the vast majority of (17) _____ earthquakes are extremely weak, and some of the stronger quakes affect uninhabited places, where they go largely unnoticed. It is only big quakes (18) _____ densely populated areas that get our attention.

(19) _____ quite recently, nobody was sure what caused earthquakes. There is still a certain amount of mystery surrounding them today, (20) _____ we now have a much clearer understanding of the natural movements of rock beneath the surface of the earth that (21) _____ the ground above shake. Enormous progress (22) _____ been made over the past century.

Seismologists have identified the forces that cause earthquakes, and developed technology that can tell us (23) _____ size. They can even say where major earthquakes are likely to occur. Unfortunately, what they have (24) _____ yet found is a way of predicting exactly when an earthquake is going to happen.

Task 92

Example: (0) IT

The Computer Mouse

When is a mouse not a mouse? When (0) _____ sits on your desk and controls your on-screen cursor. The computer mouse is a pointing device (13) _____ has a flat bottom, a shaped top with buttons on and — perhaps — a cable connecting the mouse to the computer. The mouse moves (14) _____ the surface of the desk, and the cursor copies this movement on the screen. The first computer mouse had wheels that made contact (15) _____ the working surface. The name ‘mouse’ (16) _____ adopted because all earlier models (17) _____ a long cord, and this, together with the shape, made it look something (18) _____ the furry little animal of the same name.

The person who invented the mouse, and so was responsible (19) _____ changing the way computers worked, was an American (20) _____ Douglas Engelbart. In fact, he invented many devices, including ones attached (21) _____ the chin or nose, to point at the screen. However, his computer mouse soon proved to (22) _____ much more convenient and far simpler to use. His first attempt (23) _____ producing a mouse was in 1964, but it was large, heavy and difficult to move. A few years later, in 1968, his improved mouse (24) _____ its first public appearance and rapidly became a huge success.

Task 93

Example: (0) THE

Film Props

The word ‘prop’ is used to describe any of (0) _____ various objects that actors carry and use during the making of a film. The idea of actually collecting these objects as a hobby (16) _____ a relatively new one. It all started (17) _____ one Hollywood studio decided to sell off many of its old props in a famous sale in 1971. Since (18) _____, the keenest movie fans, as well as having (19) _____ own copy of a favourite film on DVD or video, (20) _____ started to collect some of the actual items that the actors use (21) _____ screen.

(22) _____ a result, some items are now worth quite a lot of money. (23) _____ example, a pair of shoes which Madonna wore in the film *Evita* would cost around £500. But the most valuable props are from classic old films (24) _____ *Casablanca*

or *Gone with the Wind*. When these films (25) _____ made over fifty years ago, most of the props were thrown (26) _____ once the filming was over, and so very little survives. (27) _____ days, film studios usually keep everything, and you can buy less important props quite easily over the internet. If you're interested in this hobby, (28) _____, you need to make sure that (29) _____ you are buying is the real thing, because fakes are worth nothing (30) _____ all.

Task 94

Example: (0) IN

I Rescue People at Sea

I've been captain of the lifeboat at Portland Bay (0) _____ the north of England for over thirty years now. In my time, I've rescued fishermen with broken-down boats, swimmers who have (16) _____ swept out to sea and once even a pilot (17) _____ helicopter had developed engine failure. That particular rescue was (18) _____ the national TV news!

I've always been mad about the sea, and about the lifeboat. My father and his grandfather before him were both volunteers on the lifeboat, (19) _____. I'm the first one in the family to (20) _____ made captain. This means I work full time (21) _____ the lifeboat station. The rest of the crew are volunteers who work in other jobs locally. When the alarm goes, to signal a call-out, the crew members must drop whatever they are (22) _____ and report for duty immediately - we can be out on the water within a (23) _____ minutes of the alarm sounding.

The coastline here can be (24) _____ of the worst places in England. (25) _____ the wind's in the east, the waves can be huge - great lumps of water as hard as concrete - and (26) _____ are a lot of rocks just beneath the surface of the water, which (27) _____ it a dangerous place for shipping. But the sea feels (28) _____ home for me - it's (29) _____ I belong, in spite (30) _____ its dangers.

Task 95

Example: (0) ONE

Young Entrepreneur of the Year

19-year-old Becky Benfield is (0) _____ of a small number of teenage businesspeople to make it (16) _____ the

finals of the Young Entrepreneur of the Year Award. The competition is designed to encourage young people to set (47) _____ their own businesses by awarding a prize to the young businessperson (48) _____ impresses the judges most with (19) _____ they have achieved. The winner (20) _____ receive an all-expenses paid business-class trip to the USA worth £5000.

Becky runs a company (21) _____ imports and sells model horses to collectors and museums. Collecting the horses (22) _____ been Becky's childhood hobby and two years (23) _____ her parents encouraged her to create a website where people (24) _____ buy and sell them. The business has been a great success and Becky now has (25) _____ own office and employs four members of staff.

At first, (26) _____ Becky did not find it easy. She had difficulty opening a business account at the bank because she was not old (27) _____, and nobody was prepared to lend her the money she needed to (28) _____ her business started. Fortunately for Becky, her parents are also businesspeople who run an engineering company, and they (29) _____ willing to help her financially. Perhaps this explains (30) _____ all this year's finalists in the competition also come from business families.

Task 96

Example: (0) AS

A New Museum

For many years, The Castle Museum in Norwich has been regarded (0) _____ one of the finest in Britain. Recently, the museum has seen (16) _____ programme of complete renovation, which aims to make it 'A new museum fit for the 21st century', where visitors can enjoy the exhibits in (18) _____ sorts of new ways.

For example, the popular art galleries have (19) _____ extended and improved, and other collections (20) _____ as those of ancient coins and knives are now displayed using (21) _____ most up-to-date techniques. Under a new policy, (22) _____ wildlife items are actually (23) _____ display than previously, as many have been stored away in wooden cabinets to stop (24) _____ deteriorating. (25) _____ the storage facility is mainly intended (26) _____ people who are doing research, anyone can ask to see the stored items.

The friendly museum staff are now called ‘interpreters’ (27) _____ than by the traditional name ‘attendants’. These are people who are knowledgeable (28) _____ the collections and can guide and assist members of the public in their understanding.

There is also a range of interactive displays and computer models which will appeal to children, who can see history come alive as it really was hundreds or thousands of years (29) _____. There are also new events for student visitors, as (30) _____ as a 150-seat lecture room (31) _____ can also be used for drama and musical activities.

Task 97

Example: (0) ON

Peep Show

Undoubtedly the funniest thing you will ever see (0) _____ TV, Peep Show has the ability to make you laugh and cry (16) _____ the same time. This groundbreaking show uses special camera angles to make the audience relate (17) _____ the characters like no other. It has been created and produced by David Mitchell and Robert Webb, both of (18) _____ ironically also play the lead roles in the program. The premise of the spectacle is simple, there are two flat mates, David a socially awkward weirdo and Jez a failed musician with Chlamydia. The show has you in stitches (19) _____ beginning to end and lasts for 9 whole seasons, which in my humble opinion are not enough. What is (20) _____, there is a sidesplitting if not somewhat controversial character named Super Hans. He is, (21) _____ a shadow of a doubt, the highlight of the show with his off-key remarks and crazy insights. In spite (22) _____ its critical acclaims, Peep Show didn’t achieve high rating, though it (23) _____ have a loyal following of the intellectual elite that understand quality comedy when they find it.

Task 98

Example: (0) DOWN

University

It seems that the lives of ambitious teenagers come (0) _____ to one important decision (16) _____ days; either they go to

university and get a well-paid job, or they (17) _____ up working in something they hate. Well, that is (18) _____ it has been sold to us anyway. Our parents have constantly been telling us that university is the golden ticket to a better life, but while it may be true for (19) _____ professions, it simply is not the case for everyone. (20) _____ of guaranteeing us a more affluent lifestyle, we are often riddled with crippling debt or (21) _____ the regret of having spent 3-5 years studying for a pipe dream. Having said (22) _____, university can also have a positive influence on your life outside the academic scheme of things, in many cases it is about gaining life experiences and enjoyment, as (23) _____ as the degree of course. University might not be for everyone, but it might just be (24) _____ best experience of your life so the decision is up to you.

Task 99

Example: (0) OFF

Could this be the end of the shark in Western Australia?

Sharks have been persecuted for many years and movies such as *Jaws* have not exactly improved the image of this amazing animal. In late 2013, the Government of Western Australia (WA) announced a shark cull program. Their idea was to put protective lines in the waters (0) _____ Perth and the South-West to catch large sharks and stop them coming close to beaches. The government (16) _____ hired shark hunters to patrol these areas and kill large sharks whether they looked threatening or not, specifically great white, tiger and bull sharks over three metres long, in authorised 'kill zones'. The lines also had the potential to catch many other shark species, including the critically endangered grey nurse shark (17) _____ well as dolphins and other threatened species, which needless (18) _____ say is a big problem. Thanks to a community outcry supported by the World Wildlife Foundation (WWF) the WA abandoned its shark cull in 2014. This was a victory for science, common sense and public opinion. We remain concerned (19) _____ the state's deeply flawed 'imminent threat' policy. This means that large sharks swimming past the WA coast can be deemed a 'risk to human safety' and killed on sight. Alternatives to the cull (20) _____ exist and are being employed or are under

development. Surf Lifesavers monitor our popular beaches around the country during the surf lifesaving season. They have excellent programs (21) _____ provide detection and education. Aerial spotting with helicopters and light planes also works effectively for popular beaches in WA. A program has also been developed on the social media platform Twitter, where tagged sharks ‘tweet’ their location as they swim past underwater detectors. This is a good (22) _____ of detecting sharks and studying their movement patterns across the WA coast without the need to harm them. Many (23) _____ these methods improve our knowledge of sharks, and since so many of these magnificent species are (24) _____ threat, findings aid in conservation efforts as well.

Task 100

Example: (0) AN

What are the positive factors that come out due to mass migration?

Mass migration is happening nowadays amongst people from Arabic countries especially from Syria. It is (0) _____ actual and controversial problem as people have different opinions about it. Although it can have some problems (16) _____ sure, as I see it, it has a lot of benefits to name, like for example a multicultural environment, which implies different languages. It can (17) _____ carry an extension of customs, traditions, recipes, clothes, etc. The main advantage I can see from all of this is the variety (18) _____ languages that can be in the same place. It would (19) _____ be hard for the people at the beginning, but in the long term, for the following generations they would have a great knowledge of languages and that is a clear benefit (20) _____ this process, as it is translated into a higher level of education which is related to research and development of the country, so for the economy as (21) _____. Then, at the same time that people are integrating into society, they will do the same with their typical traditions (23) _____ food. The culinary influence can lead (24) _____ an extended variety and mixture of dishes, which is an obvious advantage too. (25) _____ conclude, mass migration can be a beneficial process for various reasons, but as a general idea, it can make a society richer in all senses and the people more open-minded.

Word Formation Tasks

Each task starts from the instruction. It is usually as follows.

Part 3

For questions **17-24**, read the text below. Use the word given in capitals at the end of some of the lines to form a word that fits in the gap **in the same line**. There is an example at the beginning (0).

In the exam, write your answers IN CAPITAL LETTERS on the separate answer sheet.

Task 1. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. Despite her strong _____ she fulfilled her goals in life. (DISABLE)
2. Being _____ is the worst thing that can happen to someone. (EMPLOY)
3. If you buy gifts in summer, your _____ can be very high. (SAVE)
4. Owing to the pilot's _____ the copilot was able to land safely. (GUIDE)
5. It's important to also see the less _____ sides of the job. (DESIRE)
6. Mike was surprised at his _____ to give up. (REFUSE)
7. Children are by nature _____ of danger. (AWARE)
8. She is always _____ towards her parents. (RESPECT)
9. The hospital has the best medical _____ and fast ambulances. (EQUIP)
10. You can relax in the comfortable _____ of the hotel. (SURROUND)

Task 2. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. Nizhny Novgorod is renowned for the _____ of Volga cars. (PRODUCE)
2. Unless you make a good _____ at the interview, you won't get the job. (IMPRESS)
3. Teaching and medicine are more than _____ they're professions. (OCCUPY)
4. My Geography teacher has a vast _____ of the lands, features, inhabitants, and phenomena of Earth. (KNOW)
5. You are never too old to go to university and gain some _____. (QUALIFY)

6. My greatest _____ was graduating from the university. (ACHIEVE)
7. The weatherwoman said there is a strong _____ of snowfall today. (POSSIBLE)
8. Some old restrictions are no longer _____ (EFFECT)
9. Rome is _____ for its ancient buildings. (FAME)
10. Peter was caught shoplifting so now he has a _____ record. (CRIME)

Task 3. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. The _____ looked dark and there were hardly any other guests. (ENTER)
2. Artists must be _____ otherwise they just repeat what they see or hear. (CREATE)
3. Why are you so _____ of his work? He's just doing his best. (CRITIC)
4. Have you made up your mind? We need to know your _____ as soon as possible. (DECIDE)
5. He's too shy to look people _____ when he talks to them. (DIRECT)
6. Have they put the Easter _____ yet? (DECORATE)
7. People put too many unnecessary _____ in food. (ADD)
8. I _____ think that there's no point in arguing with him. Just ignore him. (HONEST)
9. Extraterrestrial life has not been _____ proved yet. (SCIENCE)
10. Why don't you call the _____ if the lights don't work? (ELECTRIC)

Task 4. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. Music and television are forms of _____. (ENTERTAIN)
2. The concert didn't live up to our _____. (EXPECT)
3. The electric company admitted their _____ for the blackout. (RESPOND)
4. Did you use to have _____ as a child? (ALLOW)
5. I don't like those trousers, no matter how _____ they are. (FASHION)
6. Life _____ varies according to country and gender. (EXPECT)
7. We need to find a _____ to the problem as soon as possible. (SOLVE)

8. Juan speaks English fluently and makes very few _____ mistakes. (GRAMMAR)
9. The teacher keeps a record of every student's _____. (ATTEND)
10. Air-conditioning is a _____ if you live somewhere like the south of Spain. (NECESSARY)

Task 5. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. I am a good basketball _____. (PLAY)
2. Our school has a _____ of students from different countries. (DIVERSE)
3. She likes to create beautiful _____ in her free time. (PAINT)
4. It is important to invest your money wisely for future _____ security. (FINANCE)
5. We should invite our _____ neighbours over for dinner next week. (WONDER)
6. Let's congratulate Sarah on winning the singing _____! (COMPETE)
7. Kate suffers from _____ panic attacks. (PERIOD)
8. They have _____ their efforts in finding the book. (INTENSE)
9. My grandparents suffered many _____ during the war. (HARD)
10. He is really strong. It is _____ to defeat him. (POSSIBLE)

Task 6. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. Don't be afraid of the dog. He's absolutely _____. (HARM)
2. The company is trying hard to improve customer _____. (SATISFY)
3. Measures were taken around the world to _____ airport security after the 11 September attacks. (TIGHT)
4. We're going to change our suppliers as they have become very _____ in the last year. (RELY)
5. Patricia's very _____. She paints and makes mosaics. (CREATE)
6. We need your _____ at the bottom of the page. (SIGN)
7. The index at the back of the book is in _____ order. (ALPHABET)
8. The fans waved _____ as the film star stepped out of the limousine. (EXCITE)
9. Chickenpox is a highly _____ disease which many people catch as a child. (INFECT)
10. Matt is very _____. He wants to be number one at everything. (COMPETE)

Task 7. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. John loves cars and he's so _____ about them. (KNOWLEDGE)
2. There is little _____ of the president being re-elected. (LIKELY)
3. The king thought there might be a _____ to overthrow him. (CONSPIRE)
4. In _____ with Tokyo, London and Paris are relatively cheap. (COMPARE)
5. The police were unable to _____ that she had committed the crime. (PROOF)
6. The president's speech went on for so long that I almost died of _____! (BORE)
7. Kate and Leo have three children. Naomi also has a daughter from a previous _____. (MARRY)
8. The film was so _____. You knew exactly how it was going to end. (PREDICT)
9. The government is concerned about the significant rise in _____. (HOMELESS)
10. It has been _____ proven that stroking a cat can lower your blood pressure. (SCIENTIFIC)

Task 8. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. Thanks to the large _____ from her grandmother Viola was able to buy a villa in the south of France. (INHERIT)
2. In Russian Federation it is _____ to sell cigarettes to children under 16. (LEGAL)
3. People can _____ their tea with honey instead of sugar. (SWEET)
4. You need to _____ the final point of the presentation. It's rather confusing. (CLEAR)
5. The film turned out to be a big _____. It was really quite boring. (DISAPPOINT)
6. The _____ between the city's two football teams is often quite fierce. (RIVAL)
7. Lizzy has just won a _____ to a world-renowned university. (SCHOLAR)
8. It's _____ arguing with them. They are not going to change their mind. (POINT)
9. Schoolchildren will need your parents' _____ if you want to go on the school trip. (PERMIT)
10. It's a wonderful cafe. Great food and excellent service. We _____ recommend it! (HIGH)

Task 9. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. Thank you so much for the bunch of flowers. It's very _____ of you. (THOUGHT)
2. Sarah speaks perfect French as she spent much of her _____ in France. (CHILD)
3. I have _____ my wallet. Have you seen it anywhere? (PLACE)
4. Don't forget to _____ the modem when you have finished using it. (CONNECT)
5. Peter sulks like a child when he doesn't get his own way. He's so _____. (MATURE)
6. Ben's CV is truly _____. He's bound to get the job. (IMPRESS)
7. It's totally _____ that you stayed home when you were sick. (UNDERSTAND)
8. Don't laugh at his stupid jokes! You'll only _____ him to say them again. (COURAGE)
9. That sidewalk is _____ (SLIP), I almost fell!
10. After Monday, I will no longer be a foreigner — I am receiving my _____! (CITIZEN)

Task 10. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. Every afternoon, the cooks _____ their knives in preparation for dinner. (SHARP)
2. I hate being around Mary Lou, she is so _____. (FRIENDLY)
3. The stock market crash of 1929 left my great-grandfather _____. (PENNY)
4. I have a class at 8:00 a.m. but I always _____. (SLEEP)
5. The groom may _____ the bride only when their vows have been exchanged. (VEIL)
6. I think we should try something else. That strategy seems way too _____. (RISK)
7. My father's death left me with a great _____ in my heart. (EMPTY)
8. George W. Bush is pretending that he attacked Iraq to _____ the Iraqis. (LIBERTY)
9. Americans fought hard to earn their _____ from Britain. (FREE)
10. When you work at a nuclear power plant, you have to be extremely _____. (CARE)

Task 11. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. Every time I think I've beaten you, you _____ me! (DO)
2. I had to take three months off when I was pregnant, but my boss has been very _____. (UNDERSTAND)

3. He will _____ the wine as soon as we are ready for dinner. (CORK)
4. You need to work on your orthography so you don't _____ these words. (SPELL)
5. The weather _____ looks bad for a picnic--rainy and windy! (CAST)
6. We earn our _____ in America today in peaceful competition with people all across the Earth. (LIVE)
7. Profound and _____ forces are shaking our world, and the urgent question of our time is whether we can make change our friend and not our enemy. (POWER)
8. This new world has already _____ the lives of millions of Americans who are able to compete and win in it. (RICH)
9. The _____ company said that they would not pay for the damage. (INSURE)
10. He said that his granny had got an _____ sense of humour (EXCEPT)

Task 12. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. I adore sentimental love stories. I'm very _____. (ROMANCE)
2. My cousin used to be rather silly but he's more _____ these days. (SENSE)
3. You're in a _____ mood this morning. (CHEER)
4. The service offers young people _____ advice on finding a job. (PRACTICE)
5. Could you give me a quick _____ of how it works? (EXPLAIN)
6. I thought the film was really _____. (EXCITE)
7. Sonya is the most _____ girl in the class. (INTELLIGENCE)
8. I never get _____ with watching football. (BORE)
9. My sister's hobbies are quite _____ from mine. (DIFFER)
10. My boyfriend is very _____. (ATTRACT)

Task 13. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. My watch is old but it is still very _____. (RELY)
2. If you want to work as a stuntman, you must be completely _____. (FEAR)
3. Astrologers charge a lot of money for their _____. (PREDICT)
4. The mother punished her child for being _____. (OBEDIENCE)
5. Flight attendants need to be _____ because they work irregular hours. (FLEXIBILITY)

6. Jim is a good teacher because he has a lot of _____. (PATIENT)
7. Unfortunately, their attempt to reach the North Pole was _____. (SUCCESS)
8. Students who study hard will _____ get good grades in their exams. (PROBABLE)
9. She fell off the horse but _____ she was not injured. (FORTUNE)
10. I tried aerobics but it was too _____ for me. (ENERGY)

Task 14. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. Who can resist the _____ of Hollywood? (GLAMOROUS)
2. _____ is a problem most teenagers have. (LONELY)
3. He will never get to the top because he lacks _____ (MOTIVE)
4. This year's harvest was one of the most _____ since the record crop of the 1980s. (SUCCESS)
5. It's cool and quiet everywhere _____ in the kitchen. (EXCEPTION)
6. The Sultan spent over fifty million dollars making the capital city's main hotel the most _____ in the country. (LUXURY)
7. Police working on solving the bank robbery have by chance _____ a plan to murder a leading politician. (COVER)
8. We should go and eat at "Franco's" which is _____ a great little restaurant. (SUPPOSE)
9. I left the house at 8am and stared at the empty garage in _____. My car was nowhere to be seen. Someone had stolen it! (BELIEVE)
10. If you have any problems finding things, just ask Roger. He is very _____ and will tell you where to find what you want. (HELP)

Task 15. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below

1. You paid \$25 for a simple breakfast?! They have certainly _____ you! You should go back and complain. (CHARGE)
2. The gang robbed three banks in the same city and all at about the same time. Not _____ they were caught by the police during the fourth attempt. (SURPRISE)
3. Darina is only my half-sister because we have _____ mothers. (DIFFER)
4. This queue hasn't moved in five minutes. I'm getting a bit _____. (PATIENT)
5. Politicians should spend some time living on the streets like _____ people have to and then they would understand better the problems they have. (HOME)

6. Carl was calmly taking a photograph as this _____ large bear walked towards the car. It was a terrifying experience, at least for me! (ASTONISH)
7. If you go walking around the factory, ensure you have _____ clothing on. (PROTECT)
8. Are you sure you have cleaned the kitchen? There is still a pretty _____ smell coming from it. (PLEASANT)
9. Although it is not definite, we will see you tomorrow, it is quite _____. (LIKE)
10. Be sure not to put more than three _____ of vodka into the mix, otherwise it will be too alcoholic. (SPOON)

Task 16. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. Finding a cure for cancer will be a huge _____ breakthrough for mankind. (MEDICINE)
2. Buying and selling antiques can be a very _____ hobby if you know how to find a good bargain. (PROFIT)
3. We were left without any money for the last part of our holiday because we had _____ the cost of the train ticket to Norway. (ESTIMATE)
4. Mr. Transom stared _____ at the group of students talking in the corner and they shut up immediately. (CROSS)
5. Jennings is so _____ enthusiastic about the game that his enthusiasm spreads to his teammates and the result is usually a strong performance. (WONDER)
6. I think I was _____ sacked and have decided to bring the company to court. (FAIR)
7. Have you seen my handbag, John? It seems to have totally _____. (APPEAR)
8. You know your father is the most _____ person in the world. He is sure to be wearing one of his old sweaters to the party. (FASHION)
9. People will need to see _____ provable information before they can believe in something like life on other planets. (SCIENCE)
10. It is not very _____ that Simona is at home, is it? She usually works at this time. (LIKE)

Task 17. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. Meg was told by her dietician that she was becoming _____ thin and should eat more. (DANGER)
2. _____ is the spice of life, says the proverb and everyone should try and do new things and meet new people to avoid becoming bored. (VARY)

3. Harry had a difficult _____ and was brought up by an aunt and uncle living in the country. (CHILD)
4. The whole dispute began after a small _____ over the money needed to finance the new company. (AGREE)
5. The introduction of insecticides in the 20th Century _____ agriculture across the world. (REVOLUTION)
6. All the coastal towns in this area are _____ by strong tradition of dance and there is a festival of dance that takes place every August. (CHARACTER)
7. My company has spent a lot of money building a new, _____ factory which will nearly double production. (COMPUTER)
8. I was just trying to be _____ towards him and he accused me of wanting his money! (FRIEND)
9. The south-west of England, for example Devon and Cornwall, is known as the _____ part of the United Kingdom. (SUN)
10. I guess it is difficult to become a _____. (WRITE)

Task 18. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. Anyone being rude and _____ to our staff will be asked to leave the premises immediately. (ABUSE)
2. Men have more of a _____ to put weight on around the waist and stomach areas and this is something they should be aware of. (TEND)
3. Three weeks after winning the lottery, Den Swift had the _____ to lose a court case in which he was being sued for nearly \$4 million. (FORTUNE)
4. The pharmaceutical company's _____ have discovered a better way of combining medicines to create a flu remedy. (SEARCH)
5. The babies were put up for _____ when their mother was jailed for her part in the murder. (ADOPT)
6. Harry has been a(n) _____ member of this company's staff. I don't know what I would do without him! (DISPENSE)
7. The food at the restaurant was simply delicious. I just didn't think there was enough _____. (VARY)
8. Even though the actors did quite a poor job of bringing the book to the stage, the _____ was of the highest quality. (PRODUCE)
9. Even though he is only 17, he is a very _____ tennis player who could have a big future in the game. (PROMISE)
10. The stock market has risen _____ in the last six months and now is a good time to invest. (CONSIDER)

Task 19. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below

1. The _____ of the printer is often believed to have been one of the most important of the last 500 years. (INVENT)
2. My brother chose that university because it does a very well recommended _____ course and that is what he has always wanted to do. (JOURNALIST)
3. Hamish had the _____ to lose his job only three weeks after getting married. But things turned out alright in the end. (FORTUNE)
4. There will be a special _____ meeting tomorrow morning at 9a.m which everyone has to attend. (SAFE)
5. The modernisation of the factory _____ productivity but unfortunately, many people lost their jobs. (DOUBLE)
6. All students must take English and Mathematics. Then they must choose two other courses, but the course in International Relations is _____. (OPTION)
7. It is my dream to work in the ship-building industry but unfortunately, there is so much _____ around that I may have to alter my ambitions. (EMPLOY)
8. Too much of the food we eat nowadays is full of chemicals and other _____. (ADD)
9. Come to my house tomorrow _____ as early as possible. (PREFER)
10. I do like your new friend Jasper. He tells the funniest jokes and seems to be a very _____ young man. (ENTERTAIN)

Task 20. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below

1. He has just asked me for money again. That is the _____ time and he does not seem to understand the word "no"! (THREE)
2. How long do we have to sit in this police station waiting? It is making me feel very _____ watching all these criminals walking past. (EASY)
3. He did a great report on the future of the ship-building industry but I didn't agree with his _____ at all. (CONCLUDE)
4. I am afraid Mr. Wolf is _____ at the moment. He seems to be in a meeting. Is there any message you would like me to pass on to him? (AVAILABLE)
5. People with _____ have been demanding better access to the local government buildings downtown. They want a wheelchair ramp built and electric sliding doors. (ABLE)
6. I do not speak Italian very well but I can read it quite _____. (EASY)

7. I accepted the job without _____ when I heard what the wage was! (HESITATE)
8. Stop sitting there looking so bored and _____. Get up and find something to do! I do not want you sitting around the house like this all summer. (ENTHUSIASM)
9. Yesterday, the government announced a \$10 million increase in the town's budget to try and tackle the _____ problem that exists. (HOUSE)
10. Who was the _____ person to arrive at the party? (ONE)

Task 21. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. It is a thrilling _____ between cowboys from all over the country. (COMPETE)
2. A rodeo in Texas is certainly an exciting experience which is practically _____ for a tourist to forget. (POSSIBLE)
3. The _____ usually starts with an opening ceremony by horsemen dressed in bright colours and carrying flags. (PERFORM)
4. All through the show the master of the ceremony _____ jokes with special clowns. (CONSTANT)
5. It is a complex of _____ examples of modern architecture. (BEAUTY)
6. In summer, Millennium Park _____ hosts free concerts at lunchtime and at 6.30 pm. (OFFICIAL)
7. The Family Fun Tent provides free _____ for kids on Sundays between 10 am and 3 pm. (ACTIVE)
8. The park is especially _____ for its connection with music. (FAME)
9. Medvedeva is famous for having set the world record score 13 times. She spent her most _____ seasons with her coach Eteri Tutberidze. (SUCCESS)
10. After taking only the second place in the 2018 Olympics Medvedeva was _____ upset and decided to change the coach. (REAL)

Task 22. Fill in the blank with the prefixes or suffixes which correspond to the words given in brackets.

1. This room is so _____! Put all your toys away! (TIDY)
2. He doesn't have a job. He's _____ (EMPLOYED)
3. I work hard but they pay me little money. That's _____ (FAIR)
4. Be _____ when you open the door. (CARE)
5. Could you repeat that _____ please? I don't really understand it. (EXPLAIN)

6. The receptionist was very _____ and explained to us everything very carefully. (HELP)

Task 23. Fill in the blank with the negative prefixes (im-, in-,il-, un-, dis-) which correspond to the words given inbrackets.

1. The children's room is usually very _____. (TIDY)
2. I don't think so: I _____ with you. (AGREE)
3. I usually _____ the suitcases as soon as we arrive home from the airport. (PACK)
4. We could not go on holidays last year because I was _____ for ten months. (EMPLOYED)
5. He never says anything when he comes into the room. He is very _____ (POLITE)
6. I never watch plays because I _____ going to the theatre. (LIKE)
7. Their dog _____ while they were walking in the park. (APPEARED)
8. Making several copies of a CD and selling them is _____ (LEGAL)
9. He said it is _____ to solve the problem and I agree with him: I cannot find a solution. (POSSIBLE)

Task 24. Fill in the blank with the adverb which corresponds to the adjective given in brackets.

1. He hit the ball _____. (HARD)
2. The newspaper is delivered _____. (DAILY)
3. She did _____ in the competition. (GOOD)
4. Please close the door _____. (QUIET)
5. I drove _____ home. (STRAIGHT)
6. We came to work _____. (EARLY)
7. She _____ filled in the answers. (QUICK)
8. He like to drive _____. (FAST)
9. We proceeded _____. (CAUTIOUS)
10. He threw the ball _____ into the air. (HIGH)

Task 25. Fill in the blank with the adverb which corresponds to the adjective given in brackets.

1. How _____ do you know her? (GOOD)
2. We arrived _____. (LATE)
3. They did the work _____. (BAD)
4. He spoke _____. (LITTLE)
5. The gathering is held _____. (ANNUAL)

6. They replied _____. (IMMEDIATE)
7. The workers met _____. (WEEK)
8. I will deal with that problem _____. (FIRST)
9. They were _____ dressed for the occasion. (SUITABLE)

Task 26. Fill in the blank with the adverb which corresponds to the adjective given in brackets.

1. The letter was _____ legible. (SCARCE)
2. He did the work as _____ as possible. (CAREFUL)
3. They won the game _____. (EASY)
4. She handled the situation very _____. (CAPABLE)
5. I _____ expected that to happen. (FULL)
6. The view was _____ magnificent. (TRUE)
7. The theory has never been _____ proved. (SCIENTIFIC)
8. Please drive _____. (SLOW)
9. She worked _____ until nine o'clock. (STEADY)
10. We arrived _____. (PUNCTUAL)
11. They _____ agreed to the proposal. (READY)

Task 27. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. Chestnut honey provides quick and _____ relief. (EFFECT)
2. Come rain, wind or shine these snapdragons give a superb display over an _____ long period. (EXCEPTION)
3. Dreaming of a beautiful home for your _____ (RETIRE)?
4. Enjoy lifetime ownership of a luxury home for an _____ price. (AFFORD)
5. The post-war decline in beer _____ was practically halted last year. (CONSUME)
6. Better is a dinner of herbs where love is, than a stalled ox and _____ there with. (HATE)
7. In the first quarter of the 18th century people began to realise the _____ of hygiene to public health. (IMPORTANT)
8. The _____ collapse of the Roman Empire lasted for nearly three hundred years before its final dissolution in AD 476. (GRADE)
9. John's _____ of the night's events is hazy but the tabloids will refresh his memory. (RECOLLECT)
10. We are great _____ in fate and we believe we're meant to be together. (BELIEVE)
11. I think your stylist has taken her _____ from the rubbish dump. (INSPIRE)

Task 28. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. The statesmen and scholars have made important _____ on ways Washington could help Russia control parts of the arsenal. (SUGGEST)
2. After denying the _____ of any recordings of the UFO abductions, Mr President went on to talk about the newest tax policy. (EXIST)
3. Your _____ to me really bothers me. I told you a hundred times that I'm not the guy you need. (ATTACH)
4. It is an _____ fact that the search will go on for another couple of months. (DENY)
5. The most important feast of Islam, Eid ul-Adha (which means Celebration of Sacrifice) marks Abraham's _____ to sacrifice his son in _____ to Allah with a three-day festival. (WILLING; OBEY)
6. The monitoring programme is _____ well developed in our school. (SPECTACULAR)
7. For much of the last decade, Italy's leaning tower of Pisa was a huge _____ site. (CONSTRUCT)
8. When planning began in 1989, Prof. Piero Pierotti called the rescue effort "irresponsible _____" that would put the tower at risk. (MAD)
9. Once and for all — fingers crossed — the leaning tower has been _____. (RIGHT)
10. I _____ this morning and was late for my English classes. (SLEEP).

Task 29. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. The film, though poor in artistic values, was a _____ success. (FINANCE)
2. The doctor _____ my illness as a rare ape-like syndrome, taking into _____ my strange facial mimics. (DIAGNOSIS; CONSIDER)
3. The lower salaries would be a slight _____ from the original project. (DEVIATE)
4. It is impossible to _____ everybody. (PLEASURE)
5. There was no _____ on her side so he proceeded with his work. (RESIST)
6. If you need anything I am at your _____ madam. (SERVE)
7. _____ in the wardrobe he waited for her husband to fall asleep. (HIDE)
8. "Will you _____ your theory?" a curious student asked his professor. (CLEAR)
9. We can't go together anywhere as my holiday doesn't _____ with yours. (COINCIDENCE)
10. Boozing and clubbing- my two favourite Saturday night _____. (ACTIVE)

Task 30. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. On the Valentine's Day I got a cordless electric drill with _____ batteries. (RECHARGE)
2. His eyes _____ with surprise when I told him I was pregnant. (WIDE)
3. That was my hubby, the same man who mopped my floors, who won this year's Mr. Universe _____. (COMPETE)
4. I felt so relaxed and _____ when Alan said 'Forget your husband tonight.'(ATTRACT)
5. The drawback for the great sportsmen is that the satisfaction of _____ rarely lasts very long. (ACCOMPLISH)
6. When thugs burst into a man's flat, beat him brainless with a baseball bat, strangle him, dump him into a bathtub, drain his blood by slitting his wrists and then saw him into pieces, then it is called _____ (SANE)
7. White is the colour of _____, so never wear it if you are upset about a bloke- it will only make you feel worse. (LONE)
8. Food like bananas and oysters are presumed to be aphrodisiac mainly due to their _____ to certain body parts. (RESEMBLE)
9. Enjoy nicotine, alcohol and caffeine only in _____ (MODERATE)
10. His _____ were not as serious as the previous time. Just broken ribs, dislocated shoulders and sprained ankles. (INJURE)

Task 31. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. Don't _____! Nothing bad really happened. (DRAMA)
2. I'm unable to _____ between these perfumes, they all smell the same. (DIFFERENT)
3. We've run out of _____ floss so we must remember to buy some. (DENTIST)
4. My grandma died a natural _____. (DIE)
5. They give her morphine to _____ the pain. (DEAD)
6. The _____ of those mountainous villages is the greatest achievement of this government. (ELECTRIC)
7. With the _____ of the soup it was a wonderful meal. (EXCEPT)
8. Her _____ in helping the poor earned her admiration in the neighbourhood. (SELF)
9. Soak the dried mushroom overnight to _____ them before cooking. (SOFT)
10. They have always wanted to have a baby, but Sue _____ each time she got pregnant. (CARRY)

Task 32

1. Chinese cooking can be _____ as spicy. (CHARACTER)
2. Don't be too hasty to pass _____ on other people. (JUDGE)
3. Cut the carrots _____ and put them into water. (LONG)
4. It's obviously _____ behaviour for a son to marry his mother. (NATURE)
5. The _____ of his work lies in the materials he uses. (ORIGIN)
6. I can understand your arguments only _____. (PART)
7. The pregnant woman talked with her husband about the responsibilities of their future _____. (PARENT)
8. The _____ over, we started serious discussions with the delegates. (PLEASANT)
9. Her designs might look well on paper but they are quite _____. (PRACTICE)
10. Can I find a pencil _____ somewhere in this library? (SHARP)

Task 33. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. I like him a lot, but I'm not _____ attracted to him. (SEX)
2. Feel the _____ moisturisation makes to your hair. (DIFFER)
3. I obviously have very strange morals, or lack of them, because it really doesn't bother me in the _____. (SLIGHT)
4. Am I vain in the fact that I take myself _____ (SERIOUS)?
5. Putting your face on TV doesn't _____ make you famous, it makes you _____. (NEED; RECOGNISE)
6. Though Monsters has a great storyline younger _____ may be confused as some facts are never explained. (VIEW)
7. What should I buy for my girlfriend? Underwear's too obvious, chocolates are too _____ and a book would be a bit boring. (PREDICT)
8. It is better to be divorced and homeless than married and _____. (HOPE)
9. Off-screen, Simon's been making a name for himself in the tabloids as a playboy in _____ kiss and tells by blonde lapdancers. (NUMBER)
10. Scandinavian legend says that when the son of the goddess Frigga was killed her tears of _____ became the white berries. (SORRY)

Task 34. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. After two months of laser treatment, I noticed a tiny _____ and felt a stab of determination. (IMPROVE)
2. Fed up with your partner's snoring? A dig in the rib is still probably the most _____. (EFFECT)

3. Check all bones have been removed from the fish, _____ the fine pin bones, then place in a shallow dish. (SPECIAL)
4. If you can't scuba dive, or if snorkelling limits your _____, take a trip on a glass-bottomed boat to view the crystal-clear waters. (EXPLORE)
5. I don't want my kids to spend their young years under constant _____ to be the best. (PRESS)
6. Clear the path ahead and free your mind of clutter and negative _____. (THINK)
7. There are power stations across Europe that use the _____ rise and fall of the ocean tides. (DAY)
8. If you weren't so _____ of Ben, he'd be happier to spend time with you. (CRITIC)
9. Don't you find it _____ how Jeremy always comes to work looking so untidy? (INTRIGUE)
10. Doctors say a glass of warm milk before bedtime can result in a more _____ night's sleep. (REST)

Task 35. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

PANDA

The giant panda has an 1. _____ (SATIATE) appetite for bamboo. A typical animal eats half the day—a full 12 out of every 24 hours — and relieves itself dozens of times a day. It takes 28 pounds (12.5 kilograms) of bamboo to satisfy a giant panda's daily 2. _____ (DIET) needs, and it 3. _____ (HUNGER) plucks the stalks with elongated wrist bones that function rather like thumbs. Pandas will sometimes eat birds or rodents as well. Wild pandas live only in remote, 4. _____ (MOUNTAIN) regions in central China. These high bamboo forests are cool and wet—just as pandas like it. They may climb as high as 13,000 feet (3,962 meters) to feed on higher slopes in the summer season. Pandas are often seen eating in a relaxed sitting 5. _____ (POSITION), with their hind legs stretched out before them. They may appear sedentary, but they are skilled tree-climbers and 6. _____ (EFFECT) swimmers. Giant pandas are solitary. They have a highly developed sense of smell that males use to avoid each other and to find females for mating in the spring. After a five-month 7. _____ (PREGNANT), females give birth to a cub or two, though they cannot care for both twins. The blind infants weigh only 5 ounces (142 grams) at birth and cannot crawl until they reach three months of age. They are born white, and develop their much loved 8. _____ (COLOUR) later. There are only about 1,000 giant pandas left in the wild. Perhaps 100

pandas live in zoos, where they are always among the most popular 9. _____ (ATTRACT). Much of what we know about pandas comes from study of these zoo animals, because their wild cousins are so rare and 10. _____ (ELUDE).

Task 36. Forming nouns from verbs. This exercise focuses on people and their jobs using the most common suffixes. Use the word in bold to form the noun which refers to the person who does that job.

1. A person who **acts** for a living is called an _____.
2. A _____ is someone who earns money from writing **music**.
3. She did not become famous as a _____ until her 17th **novel** was published.
4. In Part 5 of the FCE **Exam** your speaking ability will be assessed by the _____.
5. At the end of the **interview** the _____ asked if he could be shown around the company.
6. The **waiter** asked the _____ if she would help him deal with a difficult customer.
7. An _____ is someone who will be able to go through your **accounts** and work out how much money you have.
8. _____ to the castle are expected to come during **visiting** times only.
9. The _____ has indeed provided a bold interpretation playing the **piano**.
10. Training **programmes** should be offered to all _____.

Task 37. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. My teacher says there has been a big _____ in my English lately. (IMPROVE)
2. The recipe says you only need to add two _____ of salt. (SPOON)
3. Why did you do that? I thought you had more _____ than that. (INTELLIGENT)
4. The singer gave a brilliant _____ on stage yesterday. (PERFORM)
5. Have you seen her magazine _____? She must have over 200 editions. (COLLECT)
6. On hearing the news, everyone was overcome with a feeling of _____. (SAD)
7. When you take the FCE Speaking paper you will be given marks for your _____ and also on how fluent you are. (ACCURATE)
8. She has the _____ to pass the exam first time round providing she works hard. (ABLE)

9. Many people often make a _____ between London and New York. (COMPARE)
10. This book _____ as a series of lectures about shipwrecks, which were given two decades ago. (ORIGIN)

Task 38. Choose the correct prefix or suffix to form the opposite of the word in capitals.

in- im- il- un- -less dis- ir-

1. When he became a teenager, he wanted to be more (DEPENDENT) from his parents.
2. It was really (HONEST) of you to take that money without asking.
3. If you hadn't been so (CARE) with that book you'd still have it now.
4. My broken leg means I'll be (ABLE) to go on holiday with you.
5. In many countries it is (LEGAL) to smoke cigarettes under the age of 16.
6. He waited (PATIENTLY) for the train to arrive at the station.
7. The teacher told me it was (RESPONSIBLE) of me to set off the fire alarm.
8. I will not be so (POLITE) as one prominent journalist has been.
9. It was (POSSIBLE) to sleep because of the noise.
10. The car had faults but these were (RELEVANT) to the crash.

Task 39. Choose from one of the endings to create a verb that completes the sentence. Pay attention to tenses and spelling!

1. He told her that he _____ with her problem but could not do anything to help. (SYMPATHY)
-en
-ify
-ize
2. My belt feels a bit tight after that huge lunch. I think I'll have to _____ it a little. (LOOSE)
-en
-ify
-ize
3. She was severely _____ by the long illness she had. (WEAK)
-en
-ify
-ize

4. There are many different ways to _____ areas of English Grammar.
(CLASS)
-en
-ify
-ize
5. If you're really sorry for what you said you won't mind _____.
(APOLOGY)
-en
-ify
-ize
6. There's no need to _____ my work. I'm trying as hard as I can.
(CRITIC)
-en
-ify
-ize
7. The pain in his back _____ as soon as he took the medication.
(LESS)
-en
-ify
-ize
8. Everybody was _____ by the news of the earthquake. (HORROR)
-en
-ify
-ize
9. Moreover, this optimal policy corresponds to the public investment ratio that _____ growth. (MAXIMUM)
-en
-ify
-ize
10. The road is being _____ to two lanes. (WIDE)
-en
-ify
-ize

Task 40. Write the correct form of the adjective or adverb of the word in capitals. For questions 5-8, you will need to make TWO changes to the stem word.

1. Be sure to contact him if you need advice. He's a very _____ person.
(HELP)

2. It was a really _____ party. Thanks for inviting me. (ENJOY)
3. He has just taken out a _____ subscription to the magazine. (MONTH)
4. She smiled _____ when they offered her the new job. (HAPPY)
5. _____ we'll have enough money saved to get married next year. (HOPE, *two changes required*)
6. In order for the medicine to work _____ you must take the correct amount. (EFFECT, *two changes required*)
7. Although our teacher is very strict in class, she is _____ than you would expect. (FRIEND, *two changes required*)
8. What a beautiful vase! That's the _____ present I've ever had. (LOVE, *two changes required*)
9. This wine has a very fruity flavour to it and a _____ after-taste. I really like it. (PLEASE)
10. Large spiders, _____ from South East Asia, are now being seen in the local countryside. (ORIGIN)

Task 41. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

Toxic Waste

Domestic waste is one thing; 1. _____ (INDUSTRY) waste is another. Waste from factories may contain such nasty things as compounds of heavy metals and dioxins and PCBS. Nobody, but nobody, wants that 2. _____ (CANCER) stuff in their own backyard. So, what do you do? According to one man in the business: "It's simple — you go to Senegal, Djibouti or somewhere like Mauritania, all poor and semi-desert countries. You contact the local authorities and they take you somewhere 3. _____ (REAL) crazy, out in the middle of nowhere, just scorpions and snakes. You pay well, and then you start to dig your pit, some 30 metres down, according to the US, Swiss and EC 4. _____ (REGULATE). Finally, you can start your 5. _____ (SHIP)."

In Europe it costs about \$500 a ton to dispose of 6. _____ (HAZARD). waste; in Africa, it can cost as little as \$2.50 a ton. The sums of money involved in the business are 7. _____ (ASTRONOMY): according to a report in *The Independent*, an African diplomat in London said he was offered £3 million by a company dealing in toxic waste for an 8. _____ (INTRODUCE) to his country's president.

A properly organized waste 9. _____ (DISPOSE) trade could easily wipe out the country's national debt. From Benin comes the story of the shipment of two cargoes of radioactive waste from France. Reports that it has been buried in an area known for its 10. _____ (OPPOSE) to the government have been denied.

Task 42. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. Tim-Berners Lee has received many awards as the _____ of the World Wide Web. (INVENT)
2. On the final day, we visited the _____ Victoria Falls and then flew home. (MAJESTY)
3. Collecting garden gnomes might seem an unusual _____, but many people do it. (ACTIVE)
4. Professor Watkins wasn't only an _____ to me, but to thousands of others lucky enough to have met him. (INSPIRE)
5. For someone so young, Carl is a very literate and _____ young man. (ELOQUENCE)
6. The new year _____ in this area of the country involve dancing and a drink made from melons. (CELEBRATE)
7. The _____ of the Rubik's Cube peaked in the early 1980s. (POPULAR)
8. This musician's work is very _____ and difficult to understand. Many people say it's just noise. (CONCEPT)
9. Tom _____ told us he wasn't coming, then he turns up with two guests! I'm furious with him. (INITIAL)
10. Though expensive, the _____ tour we took in Jerusalem was worth every penny. (GUIDE)

Task 43. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. _____, local police are saying the people they see sleeping on the streets have mental issues. (INCREASE)
2. The Lavet Institute fights against _____ in movies and literature. (CENSOR)
3. David Baron's latest crime thriller ends with an _____ final chapter that keeps you guessing. (INTRIGUE)
4. The true _____ of spoken language remain an area of fierce debate. (ORIGIN)
5. The two families fell out after Mr Dawson said Caroline wouldn't be a _____ wife for his son. (SUIT)
6. It is the bride's father who has _____ paid for a wedding. (TRADITION)
7. I had a _____ night's sleep. My back was hurting and the storm outside made such a noise. (REST)
8. The Age of Enlightenment was one of great inventions and revolutionary _____. (DISCOVER)
9. The judge was forced to acquit, saying the evidence was wholly _____. (CONCLUDE)

10. The _____ of the opening of the new bridge continued until nearly midnight. (CELEBRATE)

Task 44. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. Natan Clark is the man most often credited as being the _____ of the hot dog. (CREATE)
2. Can you think of one _____ reason why I should give you your job back? (SOLITUDE)
3. That the Vikings had horns in their helmets is a common _____. (CONCEPT)
4. Local officials were surprised at the scale of the _____ against plans for a local casino. (CRY)
5. I agree with the sentiments so _____ expressed in David's wonderful speech. (ELOQUENCE)
6. It was quite recently that human _____ was first captured on camera. (CONCEIVE)
7. It was my uncle Cleeve that provided me with advice and sound _____ when I was young. (GUIDE)
8. The author has a stilted and _____ style, which I found tough to enjoy. (DATE)
9. Local planners admit they _____ the number of tourists that would come for the festival. (ESTIMATE)
10. As is _____ the case when I go to a restaurant, I ate too much and spent a fortune! (VARIABLE)

Task 45. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. _____ are warning about the effects global warming will have on us. (SCIENCE)
2. Matt quickly came to the _____ that Jane was not telling the truth. (CONCLUDE)
3. The _____ of our flight was delayed due to fog. (ARRIVE)
4. Both teams gave a wonderful _____ in the match. (PERFORM)
5. Easter Island is famous for its _____ statues. (ASTONISH)
6. The woman was hit so hard that she lost _____. (CONSCIOUS)
7. For their own _____ the visitors of zoos are kept at a distance. (SAFE)
8. You should take the antibiotics for a whole week so that it is _____. (EFFECT)
9. Jane has been suffering from headaches _____. (LATE)
10. Most people believe that it is _____ that UFOs exist. (PROBABLE)

Task 46. Use the word in capitals to form a word that fits in the gap. For each question, write your answer in the gap.

1. Chris accepted the doctor's news although it was very _____ to hear. (PAIN)
2. The first settlers came from _____ islands of the Pacific. (DISTANCE)
3. This area is very dry, and _____ is very difficult. (FARM)
4. Divers went down to a _____ of over 50 metres. (DEEP)
5. The book contains a _____ of anecdotes from the past decades. (COLLECT)
6. Jack, who was an excellent shooter, _____ missed his target. (REPEAT)
7. My teacher has been putting together _____ articles for the yearbook. (INTEREST)
8. _____ farmers in Japan have figured out a way to produce square-shaped watermelons. (INNOVATE)
9. We had _____ in deciding who would be the best for the job. (DIFFICULT)
10. Even _____ people can't buy everything. (WEALTH)

Task 47. Use the word in capitals to form a word that fits in the gap. For each question, write your answer in the gap.

1. You should always take special care with your ___ when you go for an interview (APPEAR).
2. The children's _____ at the party was dreadful (BEHAVE).
3. There's a great _____ of houses in most major cities. (SHORT)
4. It is my _____ that we will fly to Mars someday. (BELIEVE)
5. There is no _____ between his latest and his earlier books (COMPARE).
6. Is there any _____ in the rumour that the Prime Minister is planning to resign? (TRUE)
7. We nearly died of _____ when we went to see the new opera. It was so dreadful (BORING)
8. Einstein sometimes came to the _____ that he was wrong about a few things. (CONCLUDE)
9. She was extremely intelligent and passed all her exams with _____. (EASY)
10. They say that _____ between companies helps to keep prices down. (COMPETE)

Task 48. Use the word in capitals to form a word that fits in the gap. For each question, write your answer in the gap.

1. The _____ is currently on display at the new gallery. (EXHIBIT)
2. Unfortunately, travelling by plane also has some _____. (ADVANTAGE)
3. There are several run-down districts in the city where _____ is in a bad state (HOUSE).
4. In _____ to many complaints by residents, we decided to make the area a no-parking zone. (RESPOND)
5. He works for a company that imports diving _____. (EQUIP)
6. He wrote an _____, in which he describes how he had gone through his troubling days as an adolescent. (BIOGRAPHY)
7. A limited _____ of the author's works will be published next year. (EDIT)
8. The _____ that banks charge for borrowing money has gone up. (PERCENT)
9. Many men believe that bringing up children is the _____ of women. (RESPONSIBLE)
10. The judge sentenced the boy to two weeks of community _____. (SERVE)

Task 49. Use the word in capitals to form a word that fits in the gap. For each question, write your answer in the gap.

1. I am really _____ for your help. Maybe I can help you too sometime. (GREAT)
2. He turned out to be a big _____ I'll never believe him again. (LIE)
3. A _____ of men's salaries with those of women shows that females still get _____ pay. (COMPARE, EQUAL)
4. An automatic driving assistant can be _____ in certain situations. (USE)
5. The _____ halls of major airports are always full during the holiday season. (DEPART)
6. I had an _____ at the dentist' so I had to call off everything else. (APPOINT)
7. He has physical _____ you can't even dream of. (ABLE)
8. The coach made the _____ to discipline three players of his team. (DECIDE)
9. I had no idea that the jewellery was so _____. (VALUE)
10. _____ hardly ever tell the _____. (POLITICS, TRUE)

Task 50. Use the word in capitals to form a word that fits in the gap. For each question, write your answer in the gap.

Malta

A history of human 1. _____ (HABITAT) which stretches over seven millennia and a vital location at the heart of the Mediterranean have brought both wealth and conflict to Malta. This history is witnessed by great buildings constructed in the 2. _____ BEAUTY golden limestone that gives the island its name – Melita, the island of honey. 3. _____ (MYSTERY) megalithic temples date back to 4000BC and reveal the 4. _____ (TECHNIQUE) capabilities of these earliest inhabitants. Phoenicians, Carthaginians and Romans left their traces, to be followed by Arabs and Normans.

The Knights of the order of St John made the island their headquarters from the 16th century and built great 5. _____ (FORTIFY), palaces, public buildings and St John's Cathedral with its eight ornate chapels dedicated to each of the langue or nations of the Order. Ottoman 6. _____ (EXPANSE) in the Mediterranean was halted by the Knights' successful 7. _____ (DEFEND) of the islands. This was echoed four centuries later by heroic 8. _____ (RESIST) under British rule during World War II, a feat which earned the island the George Cross – the only time an entire country has been given such an honour.

Task 51. Use the word in capitals to form a word that fits in the gap. For each question, write your answer in the gap.

1. The children had a _____, _____. Look at what they drew! (LIVE, IMAGINE)
2. Up to now the government's _____ programme has been very successful. (CONSERVE)
3. How long do we have to sit in this police station waiting. It is making me feel very _____ watching all these criminals walking past. (EASY)
4. He did a great report on the future of the ship-building industry but I didn't agree with his _____ a tall. (CONCLUDE)
5. I am afraid Mr. Perkins is _____ at the moment. He seems to be in a meeting. Is there any message you would like me to pass on to him? (AVAILABLE)
6. People with _____ have been demanding better access to the local government buildings downtown. They want a wheelchair ramp built and electric sliding doors. (ABLE)

7. I do not speak Spanish very well but I can read it quite _____.
(EASY)
8. I accepted the job without _____ when I heard what the wage was!
(HESITATE)
9. Stop sitting there looking so bored and _____. Get up and find something to do! I do not want you sitting around the house like this all summer. (ENTHUSIASM)
10. Yesterday, the government announced a \$10 million increase in the town's budget to try and tackle the _____ problem that exists.
(HOUSE)

Task 52. For questions 1-8, read the text below. Use the word given in capitals at the end of some of the lines to form a word that fits in the gap in the same line.

<p>There are more than 200,000 species of fish inhabiting many (1) _____ waters. New species of fish are discovered every year. From the deepest part of the seas thousands of feet down in total (2) _____, to the beautiful aqua-blue waters of the coral reefs, to the streams, lakes, and ponds of freshwater found throughout the world, fish have adapted an incredible variety of life-forms, styles, and (3) _____. The group of aquatic animals we call fishes has evolved for over 400 million years to be the most (4) _____ and diverse of the major vertebrate groups. Forty-one percent of the world's fish species inhabit only fresh water. This is pretty (5) _____ considering that fresh water covers only 1 percent of the world's surface. As you probably already know salt water covers 70 percent of the earth's surface. So the number and (6) _____ of fresh water species to marine or saltwater species is all the more mind-boggling. While they inhabit the smallest amount of water, they have, in fact, adapted to a much (7) _____ range of habitats and to a greater variety of water conditions. Let's take a closer look at the unique adaptations of fish that have allowed them to live so (8) _____ in the medium we call water.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.DIFFER 2.DARK 3.AMAZE 4.NUMBER 5.BEHAVE 6.VARY 7.WIDE 8.SUCCESS
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About Fish and Aquariums

Task 53. For questions 1-8, read the text below. Use the word given in capitals at the end of some of the lines to form a word that fits in the gap in the same line.

<p>To understand how cruising developed into a (1) _____ industry, you have to take a brief look at the past. Today's cruise industry (2) _____ has its roots dated to the early 1840s. Among the earliest cruise passengers was author Charles Dickens, who booked passage in 1842, along with 86 fellow (3) _____, on a mail ship called <i>Britannia</i> (operated by Canadian Samuel Cunard, (4) _____ of the Cunard Line). Writing in <i>American Notes</i> about his journey from Liverpool to Halifax, Nova Scotia and Boston, Dickens describes the cramped quarters, coffinlike cabins, and passengers, (5) _____ himself, getting (6) _____ (although he claims that he just felt woozy). Conditions had somewhat improved by the time Mark Twain took a transatlantic voyage on the steamship <i>Quaker City in 1867</i>. Twain described his cabin as having "room to turn around in, but not to swing a cat in, at least with entire (7) _____ to the cat." "Well, at least he didn't get sick." In <i>The Innocents Abroad</i>, Twain wrote, "If there is one thing in the world that will make a man (8) _____ and</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.SUCCESS 2.ACTUAL 3.TRAVEL 4.FOUND 5.INCLUDE 6.SEA 7.SECURE 8.PECULIAR
---	--

Task 54. Complete the sentences with a right word formed from the word in capitals.

<p>He was found _____.</p> <p>When we got home, the _____ were still upstairs</p> <p>Police were called out to a _____ in the High Street.</p> <p>He was arrested for _____ when security guards found a frozen chicken under his coat.</p> <p>Luckily, he didn't go to prison but was sent on a _____ programme instead.</p> <p>I couldn't believe how much mindless _____ there was in the city.</p> <p>The behaviour of football fans at football grounds in Britain is quite _____.</p> <p>The land had been given to John Churchill by the _____.</p> <p>The part of the present castle dates back to the twelfth century.</p> <p>When Vincent Van Gogh was alive, nobody wanted to buy his _____.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.GUILT 2.BURGLE 3.ROB 4.SHOPLIFT 5.REHABILITATE 6.VANDAL 7.PREDICT 8.GOVERN 9.OLD 10.PAINT
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Task 55. Complete the sentences with a right word formed from the word in capitals.

<p>Cathy is looking for a contrast from her (1) _____ working life when she goes on holiday. She says, 'I love (2) _____ outside and the (3) _____ camping offers. I spend all day in the office when I'm at work and have to be very organised to meet tight deadlines, so when I'm on holiday I like to be in the fresh air and be able to do (4) _____ exactly what I want when I want; (5) _____ is perfect for that. Of course, there are some rules you have to respect like you're not allowed to make noise after 11 or 12 at night but I like that</p>	<p>STRESS BE FREE EXACT CAMP</p>
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Task 56. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. Are you expecting society to take _____ for its carbon footprint? (RESPONSIBLE)
2. Are there currently any _____ topics in the news? (CONTROVERSE)
3. How far would you say that the _____ looks after our interests? (GOVERN)
4. What is the solution to keeping _____ happy and motivated? (MILLENIUM)
5. Why is the integration of migrants into society so _____ in the UK? (SUCCESS)
6. What _____ constraints does the EU have to work under? (FINANCE)
7. Why can finding a work-life balance be _____? (STRESS)
8. Is there a _____ in our society to educate teenagers on what working life is like? (FAIL)
9. Do you think that failed _____ strategies are causing problems nowadays? (PARENT)
10. Why have we seen an increase in _____ nowadays? (DEPRESS)

Task 57. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. Is there enough _____ in the workplace? (VARY)
2. Why are young people said to be _____ in this day and age? (TITLE)
3. Is _____ the period in which we form our personality or can we later change? (ADOLESCENT)

4. What _____ have young people adopted thanks to technology? (TEND)
5. Would you say that _____ advances have aided mankind? (TECHNOLOGY)
6. Are you currently in a _____? (RELATE)
7. What can be learnt from building a close _____ with someone from the opposite sex? (FRIEND)
8. Is _____ normal when you spend time with your family? (BORE)
9. How do you _____ troubles in a relationship? (COME)
10. Is therapy _____ recommended nowadays? (HIGH)

Task 58. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. Is it ok to _____ mislead your friends into bad habits? (DEVELOP)
2. Are you understanding when your friends have _____ problems? (PERSON)
3. Do you find it easy to form long-_____ relationships? (LAST)
4. Is _____ an important factor in starting a romance? (TIME)
5. How old will you be _____ when you get married? (ROUGH)
6. Do you follow your friends' _____? (RECOMMEND)
7. Do you find it _____ impossible to say no to your friends and family? (VIRTUAL)
8. Do you enjoy talking _____ with your closest friends? (SENSE)
9. Have you ever had to handle a difficult _____ with the help of your friends? (SITUATE)
10. Are any of your friends a _____ when they are drunk? (NIGHT)

Task 59. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. What types of _____ do we face as a species in order to protect the environment? (CHALLENGE)
2. What are the most common _____ issues on your region? (ENVIRONMENT)
3. Are you interested in learning about rainforest _____? (CONSERVE)
4. Can you name any species in your local _____ that is at threat? (WILD)
5. Do people listen to _____ from the UN or the WWF? (WARN)
6. Does the government help in the _____ of national parks in your country? (PROTECT)
7. Do you know any climate _____? (ACTIVE)

8. What is the _____ to clearing out plastic from our oceans? (SOLVE)
9. Is there a good _____ of environmental problems amongst people ages 18-25? (AWARE)
10. Do we need to enforce _____ changes in order to avoid damage to the environment? (SYSTEM)

Task 60. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. Do you think that climate campaigns can be _____ to us all? (BENEFIT)
2. How can the _____ of technology solve many climate issues? (ADVANCE)
3. What threatens our planet most, plastic or carbon _____? (EMIT)
4. Have there been any technological _____ that could help prevent climate change? (DEVELOP)
5. Do you do anything to aid the protection of _____ animals? (TREAT)
6. Do you find it hard to make travel _____ before you go away? (ARRANGE)
7. Do you think that travel _____ your mind? (BROAD)
8. What is the best _____ you have ever been on and why? (TRAVEL)
9. Have you made a holiday _____ for next year yet? (BOOK)
10. Are you a big fan of _____ while you are away or do you prefer other activities? (SEE)

Task 61. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. Would you complain to the _____ in a hotel if you were not happy with the service? (MANAGE)
2. Have you ever been on a _____ holiday? (DISAPPOINT)
3. Have you ever spent an extended period of time _____? (BROAD)
4. If you had the _____, where would you go on holiday next year? (CHOOSE)
5. Would you ever seek _____ abroad? (EMPLOY)
6. Can you explain about a time in which you found the _____ of local people strange in a foreign country? (BEHAVE)
7. Do you need _____ to try to speak a foreign language while abroad? (ENCOURAGE)
8. Do you ever travel off the _____ track while abroad? (BEAT)
9. What is the most _____ holiday destination in your country? (SUCCEED)
10. Are you _____ about travel? (PASSION)

Task 62. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. Have you ever taken a long _____? (FLY)
2. Do you get annoyed with _____ tourists when you stay in a hotel? (NOISE)
3. Do you ever go on trips that are not _____? (AFFORD)
4. Are people in your country _____ to tourists? (HELP)
5. Do you have _____ getting by in other languages when you are abroad? (DIFFICULT)
6. Do you enjoy the _____ to choose where you go on holiday? (FREE)
7. Have you ever _____ English while you were abroad? (SPEAK)
8. Do you ever suffer from _____ when you are on holiday? (BORE)
9. Do you follow _____ from your friends when making travel arrangements? (ADVISE)
10. Where are you _____ on traveling abroad next year? (PLAN)

Task 63. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. How does traveling impact on the _____ environment? (NATURE)
2. Are there any _____ regions of Europe that you would not travel to? (DANGER)
3. Does _____ worry you while you are travelling? (SAFE)
4. Do you ask for _____ at the hotel when you get to a travel destination? (INFORM)
5. How does your _____ affect the way you travel? (PERSON)
6. On account of his _____, we cannot hold the meeting. (ABSENT)
7. Your behaviour was completely _____. (APPROPRIATE)
8. I find her extremely _____ to tell the truth. (ATTRACT)
9. I have the _____ to get really good at this language. (ABLE)
10. That can't be right, I believe your calculations to be _____. (ACCURATE)

Task 65 Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. At the _____ I thought we would never make it on time. (BEGIN)
2. I am not a _____ in any spiritual matter. (BELIEVE)
3. I am going to die of _____ if we do not go out soon. (BORE)
4. I am known for my _____ (BRAVE) in battle.
5. He is a well-_____ child. (BEHAVE)
6. There was a _____ in the supply line. (BLOCK)

7. I want to move _____ soonish. (BROAD)
8. There are loads of _____ in my city. (BEG)
9. You can put your _____ wherever you like. (BELONG)
10. I have made a _____ at our favourite restaurant. (BOOK)

Task 65. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. It comes from a _____ source. (CREDIT)
2. This city is full of bright and _____ students. (CREATE)
3. Royalty do not mix with the _____. (COMMON)
4. I have a very good _____ and I save most of it. (COME)
5. Can I borrow your phone _____, please? (CHARGE)
6. The _____ will take him weeks. (COVER)
7. I am _____ of its significance. (CERTAIN)
8. I would say that the number of _____ is increasing. (CYCLE)
9. It is a _____ between two options. (CHOOSE)
10. I have an enormous stamp _____. (COLLECT)

Task 66. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. If you do not have a lot of _____, you should fake it. (CONFIDE)
2. This is just a _____ of what I was saying earlier. (CONTINUE)
3. This _____ of factors needs to be considered. (COMBINE)
4. Have you seen the _____ that I keep my screws in. (CONTAIN)
5. I need to make a few more _____ before handing it in. (CORRECT)
6. As far as I _____ it is a wonderful place to go with kids. (CALL)
7. I would like to make a _____. (COMPLAIN)
8. I need to read the full _____ before I form an opinion. (DESCRIBE)
9. There are many _____ things to consider. (DIFFER)
10. I am into reading about _____ animals. (DANGER)

Task 67. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. We are now part of an _____ republic. (DEPEND)
2. I never buy _____ clothes unless they are on sale. (DESIGN)
3. We ought to make a _____ pretty son. (DECIDE)
4. Do not underestimate the power of _____. (DENY)
5. Have there been any _____ with our project? (DEVELOP)
6. What is the _____ from here to Bilbao? (DISTANT)
7. The _____ of our rainforests is particularly concerning. (DESTROY)
8. The _____ of the terrorists was the number one priority. (DETAIN)

9. It may come as a _____ to find that you have failed the exam. (DISAPPOINT)
10. The _____ can vary by up to 20 days. (DELIVER)

Task 68. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. Could you help me to _____ my zip? (DO)
2. I would lock all of the drug _____ up if I could. (DEAL)
3. I seem to learn languages with _____. (EASY)
4. He was _____ lucky to get away with that. (EXTREME)
5. It was an _____ day for everyone. (EMOTION)
6. I think the _____ had got the better of me. (EXCITE)
7. It was an _____ achievement. (EXCEPT)
8. He has a lot of _____ from his parents after attending a private school. (EXPECT)
9. It seems to be an _____ form to evaluate the students. (EFFECT)
10. I found the whole experience quite _____. (ENJOY)

Task 69. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. Do we have any sound recording _____? (EQUIP)
2. _____ prices continue to rise. (ELECTRIC)
3. There is a lot of _____ in Spain. (EMPLOY)
4. The CEO is great at _____ difficult questions. (EVADE)
5. The _____ of our coastline is particularly concerning. (ERODE)
6. Carbon _____ are causing global warming. (EMIT)
7. There was a huge _____ in the North Sea on one of the oil rigs. (EXPLODE)
8. _____ sports are getting very popular. (ENDURE)
9. I have no formal _____, but I make up for it with work experience. (EDUCATE)
10. I could tell by the _____ on his face that it was a mistake. (EXPRESS)

Task 70. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. I was _____ not to win the competition. (FORTUNATE)
2. Is it much _____ to the top of the mountain? (FAR)
3. I am _____ by everything related to languages. (FASCINATE)
4. I am _____ up of listening to complaints. (FEED)
5. It was a _____ day out to the zoo yesterday. (FANTASY)
6. I have a very strong _____ of guilt. (FEEL)
7. What were the surveys _____ in the end? (FIND)

8. I have 3000 _____ on VK. (FOLLOW)
9. Let's hurry up! Our _____ leaves in just over an hour. (FLY)
10. My _____ is the most important thing in my life. (FREE)

Task 71. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the ROOT word:

1. The _____ of our tree is quite astounding. (GROW)
2. I have _____ to renew my driving licence. (GET)
3. We had a huge _____ for our school reunion. (GATHER)
4. I am going to buy this shirt; it is a complete _____. (GAIN)
5. I thought that I was a _____ until the fire brigade rescued me. (GO)
6. We have four _____ staying at our hotel. (GUESS)
7. I think _____ should be illegal. (GAMBLE)
8. My annual _____ were just over \$30,000. (EARN)
9. My job is a never _____ battle between the clients and our management team. (END)
10. It is really _____ when you eat this dish. (DISGUST)

Task 72. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. I am _____ than you are. (HEALTH)
2. What is the _____ of Everest? (HIGH)
3. The treatment of refugees is _____. (HUMAN)
4. _____ cannot be bought with money. (HAPPY)
5. I am _____ on a feeling and I am high on believing. (HOOK)
6. I have a cup _____ in my car. (HOLD)
7. Do you know how to _____ pressure at work? (HAND)
8. Thanks, you have been very _____ with my studies. (HELP)
9. My sister is not a _____, but she exaggerates the truth. (LIE)

Task 73. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. It is a very _____ place to visit. (IMPRESS)
2. I have a very serious _____. (ILL)
3. What was your _____ when you started the project? (INTEND)
4. I have made a remarkable _____ with my language skills. (IMPROVE)
5. The police were getting information from the _____. (INFORM)
6. His _____ of his innocence almost convinced us. (INSIST)
7. For _____, where do you want to buy a house? (INSTANT)
8. It is a very _____ project. (INTEREST)
9. The worst _____ ever was the mobile phone. (INVENT)
10. I never buy _____ fruit and vegetables. (IMPORT)

Task 74. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. I have a very vivid _____. (IMAGINE)
2. I would love to study _____ at university. (ILLUSTRATE)
3. I have made an important _____ in the football club. (INVEST)
4. Could you give me the _____ to make the model? (INSTRUCT)
5. I have an excellent _____ of spanish history. (KNOW)
6. I cannot carry on because I am _____. (KNACKER)
7. What is the _____ of the table? (LONG)
8. I have made a huge _____ in the stock market. (LOSE)
9. I am an extremely _____ person. (LUCK)
10. The plane was coming in for _____. (LAND)

Task 75. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. It is a _____ of a combination of factors. (MIX)
2. You need to _____ the plastic packaging. (MOVE)
3. I need to take a few more _____ before I begin. (MEASURE)
4. What would be a _____ contribution for you? (MEAN)
5. My cousin is really _____ for his age, it's a shame. (MATURE)
6. I find it easy to _____ new vocabulary. (MEMORY)
7. Can I speak to the _____, please? (MANAGE)
8. I need another _____ for the board. (MARK)
9. I have an expensive wireless _____ at the office. (WORK)
10. I am extremely knackered and _____ out. (WEAR)

Task 76. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. It is a wonderful _____ product. (NATURE)
2. Tom didn't understand the _____ of getting up so early. (NEED)
3. We need to find a _____ energy source to replace fossil fuels.
(NEW)
4. My children are playing very _____. (NOISE)
5. I have made a _____ improvement. (NOTE)
6. Is there an _____ at your company? I think I am going to need a new job. (OPEN)
7. I prefer the _____ version of this film. (ORIGIN)
8. Sorry for not getting back to you, I have been really _____.
(OCCUPY)
9. The _____ of the white Toyota Verso should report to the office after class. (OWN)
10. I find it hard to follow _____. (ORDER)

Task 77. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. I am a very _____ eater. (PICK)
2. I love going to the countryside, it seems so _____. (PEACE)
3. It was a _____ to meet up with you last week. (PLEASE)
4. I am quite _____. I am not sure why, maybe I am misunderstood. (POPULAR)
5. It was an incredible _____ from Muse. (PERFORM)
6. It is not good to be a _____, you just make everyone feel bad all the time. (PERFECT)
7. I can't do this, it is _____. (POSSIBLE)
8. Happiness is all about _____. (POSITIVE)
9. I don't want a motorbike, they are so _____. (PRACTICAL)
10. _____ is a virtue. (PATIENT)

Task 78. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. The police do not have any solid _____. (PROVE)
2. The _____ of cheese in Spain has increased tenfold. (PRODUCT)
3. I can't deal with all of this social _____. (PRESS)
4. I feel great _____ in my academic achievements. (PROUD)
5. I ought to work on my German _____. (PRONOUNCE)
6. The injury was extremely _____ at first. (PAIN)
7. We should decrease the amount of plastic _____. (PACK)
8. My favourite _____ is Lewis Cook. (PLAY)
9. When you receive the _____, let me know. (PAY)
10. I can't stand his _____. (SPEAK)

Task 79. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. I am a big fan of _____. (RECYCLE)
2. I have had my car _____. (REPAIR)
3. Running a marathon was a _____ accomplishment. (REMARK)
4. You are so _____. Why cannot you just tell me that you are going to be late all the time? (RELY)
5. Rest and _____ are the most important parts of unwinding. (RELAX)
6. In _____ to your letter, I think we should ask for some professional advice. (RESPOND)
7. Local _____ were shocked by the damage caused in the earthquake. (RESIDE)
8. The loss of civilian lives was _____. (REGRET)
9. _____ the cost of the project, it would be better to take out a loan. (REGARD)

10. We had first _____ on buying the property. (REFUSE)

Task 80. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. Scientists are carrying out a new piece of _____. (SEARCH)
2. The _____ area has seen a great deal of investment in recent years. (SURROUND)
3. I find it hard to control my budget; my _____ are through the roof. (SPEND)
4. Thank you for being so _____ with my job. (SUPPORT)
5. Monaco have sacked Henry and _____ Joachim Low. (STATE)
6. It gives me a great deal of _____ to support you on this mission. (SATISFY)
7. The _____ of our loyal fans has been crucial. (SUPPORT)
8. Do you like his _____? They are so interesting. (PAINT)
9. If at first you do not _____, lift yourself up and try again. (SUCCESS)
10. Do you know the _____ to question number 14? (SOLVE)

Task 81. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. I would love to become a _____. (SCIENCE)
2. The conditions are _____ for the event to go ahead. (SUIT)
3. Wow, you have really _____ me. (SURPRISE)
4. I am _____ of its true value. (SURE)
5. The _____ of the wind prevented us from taking off. (STRONG)
6. _____ of the fittest was first proposed by Darwin. (SURVIVE)
7. I am not a very _____ person. (SOCIAL)
8. I am extremely _____ about the issue of child protection. (SENSE)
9. This house has a lot of _____ space. (STORE)
10. Do you understand the _____ of your actions? (SIGNIFY)

Task 81. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. May I make a _____? (SUGGEST)
2. My _____ will be my downfall. (STUBBORN)
3. I like rock music, _____ Led Zeppelin. (SPECIAL)
4. I am _____ of my behaviour. (SHAME)
5. Would you do me the favour of telling me the _____? (TRUE)
6. It was a _____ B1 error. (TYPE)
7. I am a very _____ person. (TOLERATE)
8. I was asked to _____ in court as an eye witness. (TEST)
9. I am not the most _____ person in the world. (TALK)
10. Is my computer still under _____? I think it is broken. (WARRANT)

Task 82. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. His behaviour was extremely _____ and a little bit odd. (USE)
2. He is a _____ (STRANGE), I cannot trust him.
3. There is a huge _____ in ability in this class. (VARY)
4. Can you put your _____ in the lockers provided? (VALUE)
5. An English breakfast is a _____ meal. (WHOLE)
6. What is the _____ of your car? (WIDE)
7. I am worried about my _____; I should lose some. (WEIGH)
8. Thanks so much for the _____ about traffic delays. (WARN)
9. We should share the _____ with the whole team. (WIN)
10. I am _____ about my son's progress at school. (WORRY)

Task 83. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. The _____ I put in various magazines were extremely effective. (ADVERTISE)
2. In order to become a top concert pianist, you need both skill and _____. (CONFIDENT)
3. It wasn't easy to find a _____ for the actor Sean Connery when he stopped playing James Bond. (REPLACE)
4. Classical music is steadily gaining in _____ among young people. (POPULAR)
5. R. Martin is well known for the _____ and originality of his songs. (CREATE)
6. To be a good teacher, a teaching _____ is not all you need. (QUALIFY)
7. Your _____ plays a big part in the effectiveness of your work. (PERSON)
8. Apart from _____, you also need the ability to accept other's ideas and a willingness to learn from your own mistakes. (PATIENT)
9. _____ to the needs of your students is also important. (SENSITIVE)
10. _____ is not enough – who you are is much more important. (KNOW)

Task 84. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. Our _____ was cut off because we had not paid the bill. (ELECTRIC)
2. Young children need their parents' _____. (PROTECT)
3. The _____ of the new office block will be in central London. (LOCATE)
4. His job is very _____ as it involves a lot of responsibility. (STRESS)

5. As far as I know he is very rich. He must be a _____. (MILLION)
6. Just like Santa Claus at Christmas time, Grandfather Frost brings gifts to _____ on New Year's Eve. (CHILD)
7. It's _____ to understand Russian culture without visiting small Russian towns. (POSSIBLE)
8. He was the greatest Russian _____. (WRITE)
9. How can we imagine British _____ without that special humor of British writers! (PERSON)
10. This humor _____ you laugh, but smile! (NOT\MAKE)

Task 85. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. Of course, the most well-known playwright of British literature William Shakespeare. (BE)
2. Washington D. C. is _____ for its National Mall which includes eleven museums and galleries which belong to the Smithsonian Institution. (FAME)
3. Five other museums and the _____ Zoo are also located in Washington. (NATION)
4. The National Air and Space Museum holds the largest _____ of historic aircraft and spacecraft in the world. (COLLECT)
5. It was established in 1946, as the National Air Museum and opened its main _____ in 1976. (BUILD)
6. In high school, _____ English classes consisted of very easy listening practice and writing an article within 150 words. (WE)
7. During my course there, I was suddenly exposed to _____ English than I had studied before. (ADVANCED)
8. Our tutors explained to us how to be an effective reader, do critical thinking and write academic _____ on our own. (ESSAY)
9. That was the _____ time I had to think in English. (ONE)
10. It seems everyone is learning English now. The _____ of English in children's life can't be denied. (IMPORTANT)

Task 86. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. Learning English as soon as possible will help them with reading, _____ math and communication skills. (BASE)
2. For older children, possessing proper English skills will enable them to understand complex literary pieces and to write effectively. Moreover, English is vital in the world of _____. (BUSY)
3. If you can't speak it or write it, you risk appearing ignorant and _____. (INTELLEAGENT)

4. So, learning English helps children considerably to _____ their true potential. (REAL)
5. Choosing the right career to suit your _____ and one that lives up to your expectations, can be rather difficult. (PERSON)
6. If you are really _____, you should think about your career prospects. (AMBITION)
7. Hardwork _____ the key to success. (BE)
8. He is _____ to sweets. (ALLERGY)
9. There _____ too much sugar in my tea. (BE)
10. Good looks _____ all you need to be a model. (BE)

Task 87. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. The staircase _____ too steep for my grandmother to climb. (BE)
2. Mathematics _____ my favourite subject. (BE)
3. Most people _____ worried about the future. (BE)
4. _____ of surfing in Hawaii goes back to 1500 BC. (EVIDENT)
5. Most animal _____ will tell you that there are many benefits to keeping a pet. (LOVE)
6. As _____ have found, owning a pet can significantly improve your health, as pet owners are shown to have lower blood pressure than people who don't keep animals. (RESEARCH)
7. Very few people nowadays are _____ of the health hazards connected with the sun. (AWARE)
8. We are always being told that _____ from the sun's rays is necessary all year round and not just in the summer as we once thought. (PROTECT)
9. Finding a job can be one of the most _____ situations you will experience in life. (STRESS)
10. Goldman, who was the _____ of a supermarket chain, noticed that his customers had difficulty in carrying their basket when the weight of their groceries became too heavy. (OWN)

Task 88. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. You have seen news reports about people who need assistance after a _____ disaster. (NATURE)
2. Maybe you have walked past _____ people. (HOME)
3. Huge _____ dinosaurs used to walk on the Earth. (POWER)
4. Since Long fishing nets' _____ in the 1960s, millions of dolphins have been accidentally caught up in them and killed. (INTRODUCE)

5. The nets are used by fishermen operating _____ who want to increase the size of their catch. (LEGAL)
6. I've always wanted to be a travel _____ and take pictures of exotic places. (PHOTOGRAPH)
7. None of us were sure which _____ to go in, so we got out the map. (DIRECT)
8. There is a _____ between the fashions of the 1980s and 1960s. (SIMILAR)
9. Nik was suspended from school for a week for bad _____. (BEHAVE)
10. Chocolate also contains caffeine, which is _____. (ADDICT)

Task 89. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. There are many theories to explain the _____ of chocolate. (POPULAR)
2. Western _____ eat more than 2 million tons of chocolate a year. (EUROPE)
3. Last week I _____ to watch a film in French! (DECIDE)
4. So we went to the cinema at PartDieu shopping centre in Lyon and prepared _____ for two hours of nonsense. (WE)
5. We chose to watch a modern-day remake of Disney's well _____ Beauty and the Beast. (KNOW)
6. As we knew the storyline by heart, we hoped that it would make the film a bit _____ to watch. (EASY)
7. I felt very happy leaving that cinema room. It was the _____ time I'd understood so much from a French film at the cinema. (ONE)
8. The film probably _____ the most difficult one, but it was still such a relief to understand nearly everything! (BE NOT)
9. All I have to do is walk inside one of _____ awful places and within minutes the artificial "day light" from a thousand "soft" lights begins to give me a headache. (THIS)
10. Shopping should be exciting in _____ opinion with fresh sites and beautiful goods to buy. (I)

Task 90. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. What is homework? Should it always be done in writing or can it be oral? Is it necessarily connected with the _____ and tasks from the text books? (INFORM)
2. Sometimes it is based on simple drill exercises, sometimes it involves highly challenging tasks, project or research work aimed at integrating skills and knowledge from _____ subject areas. (DIFFER)

3. Parents who are concerned with their kids' homework get an opportunity to become engaged in the _____ of their children. (EDUCATE)
4. When it comes to California summer camps for kids, Summer Camp is the _____. This year the camp is celebrating its 66th season. (GOOD)
5. Getting to _____ camp is easy, because we offer charter bus service from Northern and Southern California. (WE)
6. One of the oldest Russian institutions of higher education, Moscow University was established in 1755. In 1940 it was named after Academician Milhail Lomonosov, who greatly contributed to the _____ of the university in Moscow. (ESTABLISH)
7. The best students were sent to continue their education abroad, establishing the contracts with the international _____ community. (SCIENCE)
8. _____ tuition at Moscow University was free for all students. (ORIGIN)
9. Almost everyone uses calendars. The most common use actually is to mark the passing days and seasons. Quite a few people also mark _____ as diaries or use them to remember birthdays, appointments or other important occasions. (THEY)
10. The same is true of calendars _____ on religious experience and most religions have annual festivals on different dates, to remember those things that were most important to them. (BASE)

Task 91. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. “Snowdonia for All” is a project which aims to encourage disadvantaged people to visit Snowdonia and have an _____ and relaxing time. (ENJOY)
2. The project is the outcome of cooperation between the National Park Consultation Group and various environmental _____ groups. (PROTECT)
3. Social historians argue about the birth of the modern fast-food restaurant. There are certainly different definitions of “fast food” which makes it tricky to be _____ sure. (ABSOLUTE)
4. At 11 p.m. the same evening, to his great relief, his daughter came back home. She looked _____ than ever. (HAPPY)
5. John is very _____. Everybody likes him. (FRIEND)
6. The _____ language of the UK is English. (OFFICE)

7. After a few years, he became very _____ at drawing. (SKILL)
8. She's a very _____ person. (CREATE)
9. Students are under enormous pressure to learn huge amounts of vocabulary but they are rarely given guidance as to how to go about it. They have a _____ to try and learn long lists by heart. (TEND)
10. They should also take every opportunity to use the words in communication – there is considerable _____ evidence that learners who like using the foreign language improve their oral performance. (PSYCHOLOGY)

Task 92. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. Many people, especially young people, wear things which express their ideas and feelings about life. If a boy _____ very short, almost shaven hair, people expect him to have right wing politics. (HAVE)
2. But some leaders of British fashion have enough ideas of _____ own. (THEY)
3. One of them is Jean Muir, whose designs let her be one of the _____ designers. (GOOD)
4. It is a _____ moment. (HISTORY)
5. Currently, _____ are studying the effects of air pollutants on unborn babies. (SCIENCE)
6. The professor asked the _____ to put their pens down because the exam was over. (STUDY)
7. The jury came to the _____ that the man was telling the truth. (CONCLUDE)
8. The police reported that there was no new evidence in the _____. (INVESTIGATE)
9. The clothes shop has a wide _____ of jeans and jumpers at discount prices. (SELECT)
10. Pizza Alvero offers free _____. (DELIVER)

Task 93. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. Is there proof of the _____ of aliens? (EXIST)
2. Mrs Smith keeps all her _____ jewellery and important documents in a safe. (EXPENSE)
3. All the women in the beauty pageant are lovely and very _____. (ATTRACT)
4. The idea was _____, flying was still too expensive for most people. (ATTRACT)
5. The most _____ pop group in history was the Beatles. (SUCCESS)

6. The Spice Girls were unusual when they became _____ in the 1990s. (FAME)
7. Primary schools in London are trying out an ambitious plan through which young children get an introduction to serious music. The idea comes from a group of famous _____. (MUSIC)
8. They see the plan as one possible _____ to the problem of declining audiences at classical concerts. (SOLVE)
9. Their argument is that an interest in classical music should be developed in early _____. (CHILD)
10. These sessions have proved so _____ that they have now become a regular feature in some schools. (SUCCESS)

Task 94. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. For most teenagers, thinking about future jobs can lead to _____. (CONFUSE)
2. The stars of American journalism can build up reputations which make them _____ known than most members of the Cabinet. (GOOD)
3. A magazine recently asked people what they thought the most useful _____ of the last century was. (INVENT)
4. It was a very _____ question, since technology has transformed our lives today. (INTEREST)
5. Jackson has got a _____ collection of coins. (PRICE)
6. He was arrested because of his _____ activity. (CRIME)
7. The soup is absolutely _____. Pass me the salt, please. (TASTE)
8. Look! The _____ has just pulled a white rabbit from his hat. (MAGIC)
9. Last year, more than 3 million _____ took the language test worldwide. (EXAMINE)
10. Sally wants to become a concert _____. (PIANO)

Task 95. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. A famous _____ was killed yesterday. (REPORT)
2. Everyone understands the _____ of environmental protection. (IMPORTANT)
3. A lot of money was spent on the _____ of the new hospital. (EQUIP)
4. You should see a _____ to choose a plan that's right for you. (DIET)
5. His friend was an _____ in the Canadian Theatre Company. (ACT)
6. Rogger knows how to say "thank you" and "I love you" in six _____ languages. (DIFFER)
7. Oliver is one of the kindest and most _____ men I have ever known. (CONSIDER)

8. Do you believe in ghosts? The Tower of London in England is _____ full of them. (APPARENT)
9. In high and wild places the journey can be extremely _____. (DANGER)
10. The Pennine Way is full of _____ interest. (HISTORY)

Task 96. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. One of the main barriers to growth, trade and integration, apart from tariffs and _____ strategy, is language. (ECONOMY)
2. Finding an accurate _____ from one language to another is not always easy. (TRANSLATE)
3. The most important thing is that no _____ should be lost. (INFORM)
4. Mr. Piggly was a teacher at our school. He had trained as a _____ and usually taught history. (HISTORY)
5. He was not a _____, but for some strange reason he taught us chemistry for a term. (SCIENCE)
6. I have made my _____. I am going to buy the blue one. (DECIDE)
7. Do you think you get a good _____ at your school? (EDUCATE)
8. I think every child should get a good _____. (EDUCATE)
9. I am not an expert. I am only a _____. (BEGIN)
10. Actors have to _____ a lot of words when they are in a play. (MEMORY)

Task 97. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. My best friend gives me lots of help with my _____ problems. (PERSON)
2. Be _____! I have just painted the walls and they are wet. (CARE)
3. Interpreters can provide a real _____ for people who speak different languages. (CONNECT)
4. As a school subject standard English is crucial for children to learn. For young children it is _____ so. (ESPECIAL)
5. Van Gogh is one of the most famous _____ ever! (ART)
6. My sister is a very careful _____ she's never had an accident. (DRIVE)
7. What a voice! She's a _____ singer. (FANTASY)
8. I think Robert De Niro is one of the _____ actors of all time. (GOOD)
9. I am a stamp _____ I have got around 500 now. (COLLECT)
10. Being a _____ can affect your physical and mental health. (WORK)

Task 98. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the root word.

1. Jim was so _____ in the lesson that he just stared out of the window. (BORE)
2. Stop muttering, Nancy, I can _____ hear what you're saying! (HARD)
3. The garden was _____ with fresh vegetables. (FLOW)
4. That lecture has _____ aroused my interest in politics. (REAL)
5. Sarah's mother beamed with _____ as she watched her win the race. (PROUD)
6. Lisa dreams of becoming an _____. _____ is her passion. (ACT, ACT)
7. There are hundreds of famous _____ in the National Gallery in London. (PAINT)
8. Tim has been going in for _____ since he was 5 years old. (SWIM)
9. Sorry, I can't go out tonight, I'm working at my tomorrow's _____. (SPEAK)
10. After Jack had heard the news, he remained _____ for a few minutes. (SPEAK)

Task 99. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. _____ of speech is a fundamental human right. (FREE)
2. Many people question the _____ of privatising the NHS. (WISE)
3. Young people tend to commit crimes out of _____. (BORING)
4. I don't know how to express my _____ for your help. (GRATEFUL)
5. Young people see no _____ of finding employment. (LIKELY)
6. I feel a strong sense of _____ when I see tax-payers' money being wasted. (ANGRY)
7. Many celebrities suffer the trappings of _____. (FAMOUS)
8. It is easy to over-react in the _____ of the moment. (HOT)
9. I hate working late, _____ on Fridays. (SPECIAL)
10. During World War II, many soldiers were punished for _____ and have since been pardoned. (COWARD)

Task 100. Choose the correct form of the words for the gaps below.

1. This is the most _____ concert I have ever been to. (EXPENSE)
2. Her husband's not a very _____ person. (PATIENCE)
3. Susan is very _____ and wants to do well. (AMBITION)
4. Show some _____. Don't you like the idea? (ENTHUSE)
5. Her problem is that she has not enough _____ in herself. (CONFIDE)

6. Dan is really very _____, even rude sometimes. (POLITE)
7. I haven't been to the cinema _____. (RECENT)
8. Mary _____ and they never saw her again. (APPEAR)
9. Mark Twain wrote many _____ stories. (HUMOUR)
10. The children's _____ at the concert was excellent. (BEHAVE)

Key Word Transformation

Each task starts from the instruction. It is usually as follows.

Part 4

For questions **25-30**, complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. **Do not change the word given.** You must use between **two** and **five** words, including the word given. Here is an example **(0)**.

Task 1

1. I cannot type very well. (AT)
I am _____.
2. She says she may join the debating society. (INTERESTED)
She says she's _____ the debating society.
3. I think that I might make mistakes. (AFRAID).
I _____ mistakes.
4. He left but he did not say goodbye. (WITHOUT)
He left _____ goodbye.
5. My mom doesn't want to work in an office any more. (TIRED)
My mom _____ in an office.
6. Switch off the lights, then you can leave. (BEFORE)
Switch off the lights _____.
7. He is one of the people who runs the youth club. (INVOLVED)
He is _____ the youth club.
8. She went on her own and did not wait for the others. (INSTEAD)
She went on her own _____ for the others.
9. He does not always remember people's names. (BAD)
He _____ people's names.
10. You can only improve if you work harder. (BY)
You can only improve _____ harder.

Task 2

1. Why didn't she give you her phone number? (REFUSE)
Why _____ you her phone number.

2. They couldn't drive home because of heavy snowfall. (PREVENTED)
Heavy snowfall _____ home.
3. I really don't want to go out tonight. (PREFER)
I _____ out tonight.
4. He was punished for his bad behaviour. (BADLY)
If he _____, he wouldn't have been punished.
5. She found it hard to answer the test questions. (DIFFICULTY)
She _____ the test questions.
6. We started eating after all the guests had arrived. (UNTIL)
We _____ all the guests had arrived.
7. Did Timothy say why he was late? (REASON)
Did Timothy _____ late?
8. We hired a caretaker to look after my father. (CARE)
We hired a caretaker _____ my father.
9. We are interested in reading books. (KEEN)
We _____ books.
10. I fear I might commit errors. (AFRAID)
I _____ committing errors.

Task 3

1. Peter is a lot older than Martin. (AS)
Martin is _____ Peter.
2. The only person Jane didn't like was her boss. (APART)
Jane liked everyone _____ her boss.
3. Fewer people read Carlton's books these days. (WIDELY)
Carlton's books _____ these days.
4. Lucy doesn't swim nearly as well as Kate. (SWIMMER)
Kate is _____ Lucy.
5. He was offered some work but he wasn't able to accept it because he was too busy. (TURNED)
He was offered some work but he _____ because he was too busy.
6. Rap music isn't nearly as popular as it was ten years ago. (LESS)
Rap music is _____ it was ten years ago.
7. I find studying more difficult as I become older. (IS)
I find it _____ as I become older.
8. My brother never asks when he borrows my things. (ALWAYS)
My brother is _____ asking.
9. I've always found learning languages easy. (GOOD)
I've always _____ learning languages.

10. Traffic today doesn't move much faster than 100 years ago. (LITTLE)
One hundred years ago, traffic moved _____ than today.

Task 4

1. Not many staff attended the meeting. (NUMBER)
Only _____ staff attended the meeting.
2. He wasted no time looking for a new car. (SOON)
He looked for a new car _____ possibly could.
3. Sally moved here ten years ago. (LIVING)
Sally _____ for ten years.
4. The children were not very interested in what the guide said. (MUCH)
There _____ among the children in what the guide said.
5. I think he's rather nice. (QUITE)
I think he's _____ person.
6. When I was younger, I would play football with my father. (USED)
When I was younger my father and I _____ football together.
7. There weren't any to do the job. (LACK)
There _____ volunteers to do the job.
8. She's worked very hard in the garden. (DEAL)
She's done a _____ in the garden.
9. I don't know why golf is so popular. (PEOPLE)
I don't know why _____ golf so much.
10. 'This car's not mine,' said the old man. (BELONG)
'This car _____,' said the old man.

Task 5

1. There don't seem to be as many tourists around this year. (FEWER)
There seem _____ tourists around this year.
2. I can't speak Mandarin Chinese. (HOW)
I don't know _____ Mandarin Chinese.
3. Nobody helped her clean the house last week. (HERSELF)
She _____ last week.
4. Jane decided to wait and only hand in her work at the last minute.
(PUT)
Jane decided to _____ in her work until the last minute.
5. I don't live with anyone else in this house. (OWN)
I live _____ in this house.
6. It won't help if Tim goes to see the manager. (POINT)
There's _____ to see the manager.

7. He loves her and she loves him very much. (EACH)
They _____ very much.
8. It was only after she left that I realised that she was famous. (WASN'T)
It _____ that I realised that she was famous.
9. Unfortunately, nobody painted this room for me. (MYSELF)
I _____, unfortunately.
10. I don't know which person to talk to in the bank. (WHO)
I _____ talk to in the bank.

Task 6

1. The holiday I enjoyed the most was the one we had in Greece. (PLEASURE)
The holiday which _____ was the one we had in Greece.
2. Caroline was too tired to work anymore so she stopped. (CARRY)
Caroline _____ anymore because she was too tired.
3. Mike can't use a camcorder. (HOW)
Mike doesn't _____ camcorder.
4. When you've done the things I want you to do, you can go out. (WHAT)
You can go out when _____ want you to do.
5. We don't know the right places to find the information. (WHERE)
We aren't sure _____ information.
6. I'm not sure which person I should believe. (WHO)
I don't _____ believe.
7. I'm sure Sue was pleased when she saw the coat you bought her. (BEEN)
Sue _____ when she saw the coat you bought her.
8. I'd love to go to the cinema tonight, but I've got to do the ironing. (WISH)
I _____ the cinema tonight, but I've got to do the ironing.
9. There's someone at the door, but it's too early for Kate. (BE)
There's someone at the door, but _____ because it's too early.
10. I'm sure Tom's tired because he's yawning a lot. (MUST)
Tom _____ because he's yawning a lot.

Task 7

1. I'm hungry because the last time I ate was five hours ago. (NOT)
I'm hungry because I _____ five hours.

2. He's so relaxed, I'm sure he's just got back from holiday. (BEEN)
He's so relaxed, he _____ holiday.
3. I'm not fit enough to go in for a marathon. (TOO)
I'm _____ go in for a marathon.
4. It was possible that he was having a shower, so he couldn't hear the bell. (MAY)
He _____ shower, so he couldn't hear the bell.
5. You can borrow my computer, but you must look after it. (AS)
You can borrow my computer _____ look after it.
6. I'm sure she hasn't left because her coat's still here. (HAVE)
She _____ because her coat's still here.
7. I am here as a representative of the Government. (BEHALF)
I'm here _____ the Government.
8. They employ extra staff at the weekends. (ON)
Extra staff _____ at the weekends.
9. Prices have gone up sharply again. (INCREASE)
There has been _____ prices.
10. Phil knows how to cheat successfully at cards. (AWAY)
Phil knows how to _____ at cards.

Task 8

1. I'll take my CD player because we might want to listen to music. (CASE)
I'll take my CD player _____ listen to music.
2. It's time you started some serious work at college. (DOWN)
It's time you _____ serious work at college.
3. There probably won't be any more customers today. (UNLIKELY)
It _____ be any more customers today.
4. They had to cancel the outdoor exhibition because of the bad weather. (CALLED)
The outdoor exhibition _____ because of the bad weather.
5. I failed to persuade Tom to take up stamp collecting. (SUCCEED)
I _____ Tom to take up stamp collecting.
6. We found it difficult to write the story. (TROUBLE)
We _____ the story.
7. Don't worry! I'll make him tell the truth. (OUT)
Don't worry! I'll _____ him.
8. I have never been to the National Museum. (STILL)
I _____ the National Museum.
9. The last time I saw Jenny was ten years ago. (FOR)
I _____ ten years.

10. John can still remember how nervous he felt on his first day at work. (NEVER)
John _____ how nervous he felt on his first day at work.

Task 9

1. She began working for this company when she was 18. (BEEN)
She _____ for this company since she was 18.
2. Mr. Thompson phoned a moment ago to say he will be late. (JUST)
Mr. Thompson _____ to say he will be late.
3. It's been a long time since our last meeting. (MET)
We _____ a long time.
4. Do you have a computer in your house? (GOT)
Have _____ home?
5. We went to Paris by train. (ON)
We went _____ Paris.
6. My little cousin wants to drive a bus when he leaves school. (DRIVER)
My little cousin wants _____ when he leaves school.
7. Is he a good pianist? (PLAY)
Does _____ well?
8. We watched a television documentary about Scotland last night. (ON)
We watched a documentary _____ last night.
9. How about going to see a film this evening? (CINEMA)
Why don't _____ this evening?
10. I think she is lying about what happened. (TRUTH)
I don't think she _____ about what happened.

Task 10

1. Germany is well-known for making very good cars. (REPUTATION)
The Germans _____ for making very good cars.
2. A lot of snow fell yesterday in Vienna. (HARD)
It _____ in Vienna yesterday.
3. There has been a steady increase in prices over last year. (STEADILY)
Prices _____ over the past year.
4. My hometown is a fairly big industrial city. (QUITE)
My hometown is _____ industrial city.
5. Prague is rather expensive. (BIT)
Prague is _____ expensive city.
6. I have almost no money left after my holiday. (HARDLY)
I have _____ money left after my holiday.
7. The number of tourists I saw was really amazing. (ABSOLUTELY)
I _____ the number of tourists I saw.

8. Can I fly to Bratislava without having to change planes? (DIRECT)
Is there _____ to Bratislava?
9. Keith really lost his temper when they told him to show his passport again. (EXTREMELY)
Keith _____ when they told him to show his passport again.
10. I really don't like travelling by bus in the morning. (STAND)
I _____ by bus in the morning.

Task 11

1. I decided to go to Africa on my own. (DECISION)
It _____ to go to Africa on my own.
2. I didn't have enough money to go to Rwanda by plane. (AFFORD)
I _____ to Rwanda by plane.
3. It took me ages to get all the documents I needed. (SPENT)
I _____ all the documents I needed.
4. It was difficult for me to smile when they told me the news. (HELP)
I couldn't _____ heard the news.
5. I can hear laughter coming from the neighbours' flat. (PEOPLE)
I _____ in the neighbour's flat.
6. They said they would go to the police if we didn't help them. (THREATENED)
They _____ the police if we didn't help them.
7. I can't wait to visit the new safari park. (FORWARD)
I'm _____ the new safari park.
8. I'm glad I went to Africa to see animals in their natural environment. (WORTH)
It _____ Africa to see animals in their natural environment.
9. The idea of waiting for five hours at the airport does not appeal to me. (KEEN)
I'm not _____ waiting for five hours at the airport.
10. We arrived at the cinema too late for the start of the film. (ALREADY)
The film _____ the time we arrived at the cinema.

Task 12

1. On hearing the good news, everyone at the office gave a cheer. (WHEN)
Everyone at the office gave a cheer _____ the good news.

2. A fire broke out on board the plane shortly after it left the ground. (JUST)
The plane _____ off when a fire broke out on board.
3. James was surprised by their friendliness. (EXPECTED)
James _____ be so friendly.
4. I had hardly opened the front door when the phone rang. (SOON)
The phone rang _____ the front door.
5. We didn't set off for the mountains until midday. (WHEN)
It _____ off for the mountains.
6. He read the whole letter before saying anything. (UNTIL)
He didn't say _____ the whole letter.
7. I met somebody I knew on my flight to Athens last week. (WHILE)
I met somebody I knew _____ flying to Athens last week.
8. Sue was excited because it was her first visit to India. (NEVER)
Sue was excited because _____ India before.
9. The train journey took six hours, so we were really tired when we got to Madrid. (FOR)
We were really tired when we got to Madrid because we _____ six hours by train.
10. The players spent a lot of time training for the big game. (DEAL)
The players spent _____ time training for the big game.

Task 13

1. Not many fans attended the match on Saturday. (VERY)
The match on Saturday was attended _____ fans.
2. My brother is not very interested in sport. (MUCH)
My brother doesn't show _____ sport.
3. First-class sports equipment is often very expensive. (LOTS)
You often need to spend _____ to buy first-class sports equipment.
4. There is a complete lack of sports facilities at our college. (NO)
Our college has _____ all.
5. The government spends very little money on sports education. (SMALL)
The government only spends _____ money on sports education.
6. Was the party enjoyable last night? (YOURSELF)
Did _____ the party last night?
7. Are you badly hurt? (HURT)
Have _____ badly?

8. I didn't need any help to repair my bicycle. (REPAIRED)
I _____ own.
9. A lot of students can't use the university's new computers. (KNOW)
A lot of students don't _____ the university's new computers.
10. I can't remember Mike's instructions. (FORGOTTEN)
I _____ told us to do.

Task 14

1. Paul didn't know the right person to ask for technical advice. (SURE)
Paul wasn't _____ for technical advice.
2. Nobody came with me to the cinema yesterday. (MYSELF)
I _____ to the cinema yesterday.
3. In the interview, I couldn't think of anything to say about my hobbies. (KNOW)
In the interview, I didn't _____ about my hobbies.
4. Luke and Paul are having a very long conversation. (TALKING)
Luke and Paul have _____ other for ages.
5. Is this your own drawing or did someone help you? (YOURSELF)
Did _____ or did someone help you?
6. Joanna is now at the top of her profession. (RISEN)
Joanna _____ the top of her profession.
7. The lead dancer performed exceptionally well this evening. (GAVE)
The lead dancer _____ this evening.
8. Gary is obviously the best singer in the group. (STANDS)
Gary _____ the best singer in the group.
9. When on tour, musicians often miss their home. (FEEL)
Many musicians tend to _____ when they're on tour.
10. Everyone was surprised at how popular the band's first album was. (BY)
Everyone was surprised _____ of the band's first album.

Task 15

1. Jennifer didn't accept the role in the new musical. (DOWN)
Jennifer _____ the role in the new musical.
2. The lead vocalist gets impatient very easily when she's rehearsing a new song. (LACKS)
The lead vocalist _____ when she's rehearsing a new song.
3. In April, the band left London to begin their World Tour. (SET)
The band's World Tour began when they _____ London in April.

4. Lucas has always been full of ambition. (VERY)
Lucas has always _____ person.
5. Despite rumours, the bass guitarist does not intend to leave the band. (HAS)
Despite rumours, the bass guitarist _____ the band.
6. Opera does not interest Alex. (INTERESTED)
Alex _____ opera.
7. He has the ability to become a great musician. (CAPABLE)
He _____ a great musician.
8. The Institute of Art and the College of Art are not connected. (CONNECTION)
There _____ the Institute of Art and the College of Art.
9. Whose job is it to choose the actors' costumes? (RESPONSIBLE)
Who _____ the actors' costumes?
10. We need to solve this problem quickly. (SOLUTION)
We need to find _____ this problem.

Task 16

1. Charles never forgets people's names. (GOOD)
Charles is very _____ people's names.
2. You cannot compare these two artists. (COMPARISON)
There _____ these two artists.
3. The number of students at the college suddenly increased. (INCREASE)
There was _____ the number of students at the college.
4. I find it very difficult to understand the work of that artist. (DIFFICULTY)
I have great _____ the work of the artist.
5. I am sure it was a disappointment to you that you missed the concert. (DISAPPOINTED)
I'm sure you _____ the concert.
6. It wasn't necessary for us to take a taxi. (HAVE)
We _____ take a taxi.
7. You can't smoke in the non-smoking area. (ALLOWED)
You _____ in the non-smoking area.
8. You really should wear a warmer coat. (BETTER)
You _____ a warmer coat.
9. It's very important to remember to tip the waiter. (NOT)
You _____ to tip the waiter.
10. You are under no obligation to accept his offer. (HAVE)
You _____ his offer.

Task 17

1. It was a mistake going to that restaurant last night. (SHOULD)
We _____ to that restaurant last night.
2. They made me book the table a week in advance. (HAD)
I _____ the table a week in advance.
3. Don't go to that part of town after dark! (MUST)
You _____ to that part of town after dark!
4. 'I won't tell anyone what you did,' George said. (PROMISED)
George _____ what I had done.
5. 'I'll buy the theatre tickets,' Peter said. (INSISTED)
Peter _____ the theatre tickets.
6. 'Can I have a piece of cake?' Doug asked. (WHETHER)
Doug asked _____ another piece of cake.
7. 'Why didn't you arrive on time, John?' Sally asked. (WHY)
Sally asked John _____ on time.
8. You've broken my watch, Simon!' Alan said. (ACCUSED)
Alan _____ watch.
9. 'Don't leave the mountain footpath, Paul!' Patricia said. (WARNED)
Patricia _____ leave the mountain footpath.
10. 'Would you like to go to a rock concert this weekend, David?' Maria asked. (INVITED)
Maria _____ go to a rock concert that weekend.

Task 18

1. 'We haven't reserved you a seat, I'm afraid,' the airline representative said. (ADMITTED)
The airline representative _____ reserved me a seat.
2. 'I'm sorry about the mistake I made,' John said. (APOLOGISED)
John _____ a mistake.
3. 'Let's go to the cinema,' Alice said. (SUGGESTED)
Alice _____ a film.
4. I was unable to go to my sister's wedding because I had flu. (COULD)
I had flu so _____ to my sister's wedding.
5. Can you take part in the chess tournament next week? (ABLE)
Will _____ part in the chess tournament next week?
6. Eve is a strong swimmer, but she can't swim across that lake. (CAPABLE)
Although Eve is a strong swimmer, she _____ across that lake.
7. Amanda is not a very good pianist. (KNOW)
Amanda doesn't _____ the piano very well.

8. My sister was the best singer in the college choir. (COULD)
Nobody in the college choir _____ than my sister.
9. I can probably fix your car, even though I don't have the right tools. (ABLE)
I might _____ your car, even though I don't have the right tools.
10. How were you able to make such a tiny model train? (MANAGE)
How _____ such a tiny model train?

Task 19

1. My brother managed to pass his driving test first time. (SUCCEEDED)
My brother _____ his driving test first time.
2. I couldn't take any photos at the party because my camera was broken. (ABLE)
Since my camera was broken I _____ any photos at the party.
3. Despite the wind and rain, the climbers were able to put up their tent. (MANAGED)
Despite the wind and rain, the climbers _____ their tent.
4. I didn't know about her birthday, so I didn't send her any flowers. (SOME)
If I had known about her birthday, I _____ flowers.
5. He is very rich today because he bought shares in an oil company. (BE)
If he hadn't bought shares in an oil company, he _____ today.
6. If you obey the college rules, you will not have any problems. (LONG)
You will not have any problems, _____ the college rules.
7. You don't get good marks because you don't study hard. (HARDER)
If you studied _____ better marks.
8. Listen carefully or you won't know what to do. (IF)
You won't know what to do _____ carefully.
9. Anna speaks such good German because she lived in Hamburg for ten years. (SO)
If Anna hadn't lived in Hamburg for ten years, she _____ well.
10. Unless you make some serious mistakes, I'm sure you'll do well in the interview. (PROVIDED)
I'm sure you'll do well in the interview, _____ make any serious mistakes.

Task 20

1. You feel so tired every day because you go to bed late. (EARLIER)
If you went to bed _____ so tired every day.
2. No matter how hard you work, you'll never earn much money as a lawyer. (EVEN)
You'll never earn much money as a lawyer, _____ really hard.
3. Without a law degree, you won't get that job in Paris that you want. (UNLESS)
You won't get that job in Paris that you want _____ a law degree.
4. I can hear you perfectly so you don't need to shout. (NO)
I can hear you perfectly so _____ to shout.
5. As Jack usually arrived on time, I began to feel rather worried. (UNUSUAL)
As _____ to be late, I began to feel rather worried.
6. How long was your flight from London to Bucharest? (TAKE)
How long _____ fly from London to Bucharest?
7. Don't worry if you can't find Mexcafe, because most brands of coffee are similar. (MATTER)
Most brands of coffee are similar, so _____ if you can't find Mexcafe.
8. Why are the supermarket shelves empty? (NOTHING)
Why _____ the supermarket shelves?
9. Do you think this radio is faulty? (PROBLEM)
Do you think _____ this radio?
10. For the time being, planes can't land as it is too foggy at the airport. (FOG)
For the time being, planes can't land as _____ at the airport.

Task 21

1. I enjoyed seeing Angela again, didn't you? (LOVELY)
Wasn't _____ Angela again?
2. Will many people be waiting outside the cinema, do you think? (QUEUE)
Will _____ outside the cinema, do you think?
3. It rained heavily last night and all the rivers have flooded. (STORM)
All the rivers have flooded because _____ last night.
4. You ought to see a doctor about your headache. (WERE)
If _____ a doctor about your headache.

5. My father did not learn to drive when he was younger and now he regrets it. (NOT)
My father _____ when he was younger.
6. I didn't find the film very interesting. (INTERESTED)
I _____ the film.
7. The day was so cold he didn't know what to wear. (SUCH)
It _____ that he didn't know what to wear.
8. I returned the computer to the shop because it didn't work. (TOOK)
The computer didn't work so _____ the shop.
9. I've never read a book as long as this. (EVER)
This must be _____ read.
10. When I was younger, I would often play with my brother. (USED)
When I was younger, I _____ with my brother.

Task 22

1. We last went abroad six years ago. (BEEN)
We _____ six years.
2. 'Are you saying I broke the vase?' (ACCUSING)
'Are _____ the vase?'
3. We left the room quietly _____ the baby. (ORDER)
We left the room quietly _____ the baby.
4. Going to the gym seems pointless to me. (POINT)
I can't _____ going to the gym.
5. People think that my brother owns a huge villa in Italy. (TO)
My brother _____ a huge villa in Italy.
6. I decided not to buy a new car now, but to get one later. (PUT)
I decided _____ a new car until later.
7. The sea isn't warm enough to go swimming. (TOO)
The sea _____ to go swimming.
8. I'll give you a key because I may not be in when you come back. (CASE)
I'll give you a key _____ in when you come back.
9. Sam's parents didn't let him go out until he had tidied his room. (MADE)
Sam's parents _____ his room before he went out.
10. Jake is very active even though he is not very well. (SPITE)
Jake is very _____ that he is not very well.

Task 23

1. 'Whose is that fur coat?' she asked. (BELONG)
'Who _____ to?' she asked.

2. When I was a child, my aunt took care of me. (BROUGHT)
I _____ my aunt when I was a child.
3. Tim would rather not cook dinner tonight. (FEEL)
Tim _____ dinner tonight.
4. It wouldn't be a good idea if you ate too many chocolates. (BETTER)
You _____ too many chocolates.
5. Suzie's husband is a lot older than she is. (GREAT)
Suzie is married to a man who _____ than she is.
6. 'Don't step on the ice – it's dangerous,' Zoe said to her sister. (WARNED)
Zoe _____ step on the ice because it was dangerous.
7. I really regret not bringing a camera tonight. (WISH)
I really _____ a camera tonight.
8. I expect you are delighted the Liverpool won the football match last night. (MUST)
You _____ that Liverpool won the football match last night.
9. A woman in the street spoke angrily to me because I'd bumped into her. (OFF)
A woman in the street _____ because I'd bumped into her.
10. Lucy plays the guitar really well. (GOOD)
Lucy _____ the guitar.

Task 24

1. You almost never see some film stars out in public. (RARELY)
Some film stars _____ in public.
2. I'll be very pleased to read what you've written. (GREAT)
I'll take _____ what you've written.
3. 'Where would you prefer to live – in the city or the country?' (RATHER)
'Would _____ in the city or the country?'
4. We expected to see ten people at the lecture but there were twenty. (TWICE)
There were _____ at the lecture than we had expected.
5. 'You must get a taxi home,' my brother said to us. (INSISTED)
My brother _____ a taxi home.
6. That's the best film I've ever seen. (NEVER)
I _____ such a good film.
7. Maria found it very difficult to make a decision. (DIFFICULTY)
Maria had great _____ a decision.

8. Mark's accident was so bad that he decided not to drive any more. (PUT)
Mark's accident _____ for life.
9. A local decorator painted my room. (HAD)
I _____ a local decorator.
10. There was a storm while we were flying to the Caribbean. (DURING)
There was a storm _____ to the Caribbean.

Task 25

1. I really think you should go to the bank and get some money. (WERE)
If I _____ to the bank and get some money.
2. Mario doesn't often arrive for a meeting. (UNUSUAL)
If _____ arrive late for a meeting.
3. I'll lend you some money but you must pay me back tomorrow. (LONG)
I'll lend you some money _____ me back tomorrow.
4. They say we should check out of the hotel by 10 a.m. (SUPPOSED)
We _____ of the hotel by 10 a.m.
5. 'I'm sorry I forgot your birthday,' said Carlos to me. (APOLOGISED)
Carlos _____ my birthday.
6. What I really hate is people smoking while I'm eating. (STAND)
I really _____ while I'm eating.
7. 'Do you know where my wallet is?' my father asked me. (SEEN)
My father asked me _____ his wallet.
8. When my brother heard he'd failed his driving test, he began to cry. (BROKE)
When my brother heard he had failed his driving test, he _____ tears.
9. I don't see the point in visiting this museum. (WORTH)
In my opinion, it _____ this museum.
10. It was a bad idea of ours to go to that party last night. (SHOULD)
We _____ to that party last night.

Task 26

1. Agnes is meeting her brother Anthony at the airport. (MET)
Anthony _____ his sister Agnes at the airport.
2. I last saw Jane a week ago. (SINCE)
I have _____ week.
3. Ann is the best chess player in our club. (GOOD)
Nobody in our club is _____ at chess.

4. He usually falls asleep in the armchair in the evenings. (WILL)
He _____ in the armchair in the evenings.
5. John asked Caroline to marry him, but she didn't accept the offer because he was too old. (TURNED)
John asked Caroline to marry him but she _____ because he was too old.
6. I don't know many people taller than Mark. (ONE)
Mark is _____ I know.
7. I would prefer if you said nothing to Tom about last night. (WANT)
I don't _____ to Tom about last night.
8. This car cost far less than my last one. (EXPENSIVE)
This car _____ my last one.
9. It's three years since Nick started boxing. (FOR)
Nick _____ three years.
10. John will have finished his work in a short while. (LONG)
It won't _____ finished his work.

Task 27

1. What's the name of the man who had his nose broken in a fight? (WHOSE)
What's the name of the man _____ in a fight?
2. I find it very difficult to believe anything he says. (HAVE)
I _____ anything he says.
3. For several years, I felt strange driving on the left. (USED)
It took me several years _____ on the left.
4. Excuse me, could you please tell me the time? (WONDER)
Excuse me, _____ tell me the time.
5. I think it was a very stupid thing for him to do. (WHAT)
I think that _____ very stupid.
6. He took the money – I saw him myself. (OWN)
I saw him take the money _____ eyes.
7. I don't think we'll finish this crossword. (HOPE)
I don't think there's _____ finishing this crossword.
8. Amy went to the doctor's, although she didn't really need to. (GONE)
Amy really _____ the doctor's.
9. 'Stop running, Lucy!' said her father. (TOLD)
Lucy's _____ running.
10. This season our football team started well. (GOT)
Our football team _____ started this season.

Task 28

1. I bet Harry was very upset not to have got a place at university. (BEEN)
Harry didn't get a place at university so he _____ upset.
2. Holly doesn't look well. I don't think she should go to work. (BETTER)
Holly _____ work because she doesn't look well.
3. 'I didn't hit your car deliberately!' Emily said to the man. (DENIED)
Emily _____ car deliberately.
4. The man dived into the river and so was able to escape. (MANAGED)
The man _____ into the river.
5. It's not true that Luke was staying in London last night – I had dinner with him at home. (CAN'T)
I had dinner with Luke at home last night, so he _____ in London.
6. Maria had to go away unexpectedly so they postponed the wedding for a month. (OFF)
Maria had to go away unexpectedly so they _____ for a month.
7. It isn't worth asking Philip to tidy up. (POINT)
There's _____ Philip to tidy up.
8. I suggest phoning your aunt before turning up at her house. (YOU)
I suggest _____ your aunt before turning up at her house.
9. When I tried to make changes to the school timetable, I was faced with a lot of opposition. (AGAINST)
When I tried to make changes to the school timetable, I _____ a lot of opposition.

Task 29

1. Dr. Brown was respected by his grandchildren who all wanted to be like him. (UP)
Dr. Brown's grandchildren _____ him and all wanted to be like him.
2. They had just started their walk when it began to pour with rain. (SET)
They had just _____ their walk when it began to pour with rain.
3. You'll miss your plane if you don't hurry up. (UNLESS)
You'll miss your plane _____ up.
4. I really can't bear to live near the railway line any longer. (PUT)
I really can't _____ near the railway line any longer.

5. Laura didn't try to be friendly to us. (MADE)
Laura _____ be friendly to us.
6. The weatherman forecast that there would be sunshine all day. (SHINE)
The weatherman said: 'The _____ all day.'
7. 'I haven't heard from Helen for a long time,' Paul said to me. (TOLD)
Paul _____ heard from Helen for a long time.
8. How about going to the top of the tower to look at the view? (WE)
Why _____ to the top of the tower to look at the view?
9. 'Did you book a room with a balcony?' I asked my mother. (IF)
I asked my mother _____ a room with a balcony.
10. Jack wanted to know what time they would leave the next day to catch the train. (WE)
Jack asked: 'What time _____ to catch the train?'

Task 30

1. The little boy said he could dress himself without any help. (I)
The little boy said: '_____ without any help.'
2. 'Are we meeting David in the morning or the afternoon?' Karen asked. (WHETHER)
Karen wondered _____ in the morning or the afternoon.
3. The students gave a concert after their exams. (WAS)
A concert _____ students after their exams.
4. The children played football and also went swimming. (ADDITION)
The children played football _____ swimming.
5. Jane's neighbours looked after her flat while she was away. (BY)
Jane's _____ her neighbours while she was away.
6. The assistant forgot to pass my message to the shop manager. (NOT)
My message _____ to the shop manager.
7. The teacher said Simon had cheated. (ACCUSED)
Simon _____ his teacher.
8. As children we would often make fires in the garden. (USED)
When we were children, we _____ fires in the garden.
9. He had said he'd help us so we were disappointed when he didn't come. (PROMISED)
Having _____ help, we were disappointed when he didn't come.
10. My computer needs to be repaired before the weekend. (HAVE)
I need _____ before the weekend.

Task 31

1. The tourist guide said to us: 'Take a map if you go walking in the hills.'
(ADVISED)
The tourist guide _____ a map if we went walking in the hills.
2. My grandfather hasn't spoken to me since Sunday. (SPOKE)
My grandfather _____ Sunday.
3. It is essential that all library books are returned by July 5th. (BRING)
You _____ all library books by July 5th.
4. You can only win if you enter the race. (UNLESS)
You _____ you enter the race.
5. Ethan gets top score even in the hardest computer games. (WINS)
Ethan _____ difficult computer games.
6. The hotel staff had permission to use the tennis courts on Mondays.
(PLAY)
The hotel staff were _____ on Mondays.
7. Alison loves to buy presents for her grandchildren. (PLEASURE)
Alison _____ presents for her grandchildren.
8. My boss advised me which computer I should buy. (GAVE)
My boss _____ choosing a computer.
9. Can you tell me precisely how much money was stolen? (EXACT)
Can you tell me _____ that was stolen?
10. The customs officer checked every garment in my luggage. (ITEM)
The customs officer checked every _____ in my luggage.

Task 32

1. I can't talk for long because I have to be at school very soon. (ABOUT)
I can't talk for long because I _____ school.
2. We've been standing in this queue for an hour and we still have another hour to wait. (WAITING)
By the time we get to the front of the queue we _____ two hours.
3. Although Toby keeps his room tidy, he seldom cleans it. (EVER)
Toby keeps his room tidy _____ cleans it.
4. This part of the building isn't normally open to the public. (OFTEN)
The public _____ into this part of the building.
5. Nobody was able to explain how the accident happened. (NOT)
The cause of _____ explained by anyone.
6. The only person to be late was Lucy. (APART)
Everyone _____ was on time.

7. Hurry up, the show will be starting in a moment. (ABOUT)
Hurry up, the show _____ start.
8. They decided not to go on holiday after all because the baby was ill. (BABY'S)
Because _____ they decided not to go on holiday after all.
9. Try not to make a mess while you're cooking. (AVOID)
Try _____ a mess while you're cooking.
10. 'Will I be paid soon?' asked Lynda. (IF)
Lynda wondered _____ paid soon.

Task 33

1. I intended to have a lunch break, but I had too much to do. (GOING)
I _____ a lunch break, but I had too much to do.
2. May we borrow your ladder for half an hour? (MIND)
Would you _____ your ladder for half an hour?
3. 'I'm not frightened,' he said; in fact, he was terrified. (BE)
He pretended _____ frightened.
4. The Majestic is better than this hotel. (GOOD)
This hotel _____ the Majestic.
5. To enjoy travel, you must go on your own. (ONLY)
You _____ enjoy travelling if you go on your own.
6. You were very generous, giving us all that money. (OF)
He was very generous _____ us all that money.
7. He was sorry he had asked the bank to lend him money. (WISHED)
He _____ asked the bank to lend him the money.
8. I haven't owned a car for five years now. (SINCE)
It is five years _____ a car.
9. Why didn't you warn me it was going to rain? (HAVE)
You _____ me it was going to rain.
10. Heavy smokers are more likely to suffer serious illness than non-smokers. (RUNS)
A heavy smoker _____ serious illness than a non-smoker.

Task 34

1. Even though she knew she had to get up early, Mary still went to the disco. (DESPITE)
Mary still went to the disco _____ that she had to get up early.
2. The dog is wagging its tail because it is trying to be friendly. (FRIENDS)
The dog is wagging its tail because it wants _____ you.

3. It is a good habit to save in case of hard times. (ASIDE)
It is a good habit to _____ a rainy day.
4. My mother-in-law has invited us to share her house. (MOVING)
We _____ my mother-in-law.
5. His lack of interest surprised me. (SURPRISING)
I _____ that he showed so little interest.
6. I am sorry that I cannot come to the party. (MISS)
I am sorry _____ the party.
7. It is pointless to carry samovars to Samarkand. (POINT)
There _____ samovars to Samarkand.
8. The path was so narrow they had to walk one behind the another along it. (SINGLE)
The path was so narrow they had to walk _____ along it.
9. Small children are full of mischief. (SORTS)
Small children get _____ tricks.
10. 'Can you help me?' the old lady asked. (COULD)
The old lady asked _____ help her.

Task 35

1. When he was much older, he understood. (UNTIL)
It _____ much older that he understood.
2. Ken does not work half as much as he used to. (HARD)
Ken used to work _____ he does now.
3. The experts thought that the cost of petrol would rise next year. (EXPECTED)
The cost of petrol _____ next year.
4. Some people who start smoking find it difficult to stop. (ALWAYS)
It _____ to stop smoking once you have started.
5. If he isn't careful, he is bound to end up in hospital. (HIM)
His carelessness bound _____ in hospital.
6. Because of his illness he could not work effectively. (IMPOSSIBLE)
His illness _____ him to work effectively.
7. Scotsman will never give anything to waiters. (TIP)
No _____ waiter.
8. Mary said, I do not want to get married yet.' (RATHER)
Mary protested that she _____ married yet.
9. Mothers must try hard to understand. (BEST)
Mothers must _____ understanding.
10. The younger you marry, the greater the chance you will be unhappy. (LIKELY)
The younger you marry, the _____ be unhappy.

Task 36

1. I was wrong to argue with him. (MISTAKE)
_____ to argue with him.
2. She had not bought so much for a long time. (SINCE)
It was a long time _____ much shopping.
3. Ken arrived there twelve months ago. (FOR)
Ken _____ year.
4. If Mary hadn't failed her driving test, she wouldn't be unhappy. (PASS)
Mary is unhappy _____ her driving test.
5. Rabbits used to be more numerous. (NOT)
Rabbits _____ they used to be.
6. His new book has been widely criticised. (LOT)
His new book has come _____ criticism.
7. His secretary updated the list. (BROUGHT)
His secretary _____ date.
8. I couldn't have managed it without your help. (NOT)
If _____ your help, I couldn't have managed it.
9. Regular exercise kept him healthy. (OWED)
He _____ regular exercise.
10. He couldn't lend us the car because it didn't belong to him. (HIS)
The car _____ lend.

Task 37

1. We were not surprised when he won. (CAME)
His winning _____ surprise.
2. It was difficult for the yachtsman to steer into the wind. (GOT)
The yachtsman _____ into the wind.
3. I couldn't have managed without your help. (BEEN)
If it _____ your help, I couldn't have managed.
4. We had just arrived when it started to rain. (THAN)
Hardly _____ it started to rain.
5. He only did the work after he had been paid. (DID)
Not until he had been paid _____ the work.
6. The idea that the Scots are miserly is simply not true. (TRUTH)
There _____ the idea that the Scots are miserly.
7. She was too busy to see us. (SO)
She was _____ see us.
8. It is quite pointless to complain. (POINT)
There _____ complaining.
9. I've never met anyone who works as hard as he does. (MAN)
He is the most _____ met.

10. A long speech is unlikely to be interesting. (LITTLE)
There _____ a long speech being interesting.

Task 38

1. It was difficult to bear the speaker from the back of the room. (DIFFICULTY)
From the back of the room, we _____ the speaker.
2. I don't really want to go out. (RATHER)
I _____ home.
3. I did it entirely by myself. (ALL)
I did it _____ own.
4. You should not be so shy. (SPEAK)
You should _____ yourself.
5. He has been in hospital for six months. (WENT)
It is six months _____ hospital.
6. If only he had been taken to hospital sooner. (PITY)
What _____ taken to hospital earlier.
7. The doctors tried very hard to save him. (BEST)
The doctors _____ to save him.
8. She was surprised to find there was little she could do. (SURPRISE)
She _____ there was little she could do.
9. Only Holland permits the smoking of marijuana. (PERMITTED)
The smoking of marijuana _____ Holland.
10. The salesman said he was sorry he was late for the meeting. (APOLOGISED)
The salesman _____ late for the meeting.

Task 39

1. Our decision has not yet been confirmed by head office. (CONFIRMATION)
We haven't _____ head office.
2. Because it snowed heavily during the night the motorway is closed. (DUE)
The motorway is closed _____ that there was heavy snow the night before.
3. Did you manage to get in contact with the boss today? (GETTING)
Did you _____ in contact with the boss today?
4. I don't care what you do. (CONCERNED)
As _____ you can do what you like.
5. The meal we had in the restaurant was so nice. (SUCH)
It _____ meal in the restaurant.

6. He was ordered to leave the field for arguing with the referee. (SENT)
The referee _____ for arguing.
7. Do you and your brother have the same looks? (LIKE)
Does _____ you?
8. That's the garage where I left my car last week. (REPAIRED)
That's where I went _____ last week.
9. You can't bring food into this room. (SUPPOSED)
You _____ food into this room.
10. I want to go to university this year. (INTERESTED)
I _____ to university this year.

Task 40

1. 'Have you been on holiday recently, Jane?' asked Tony. (BEEN)
Tony asked Jane _____ on holiday recently.
2. I was too tired to go to the party. (THAT)
I was _____ I couldn't go to the party.
3. There's no point asking Lynda to help as she's really busy. (WASTE)
It's _____ asking Lynda to help as she's really busy.
4. The union claims its members will only return to work if the company agrees to a meeting. (NOT)
The union claims its members will _____ the company agrees to a meeting.
5. I'm sure it was Ana I saw in town as I recognised her coat. (MUST)
It _____ Ana I saw in town as I recognised her coat.
6. We demanded to see the hotel manager to make our complaint. (SEEKING)
We _____ the hotel manager to make our complaint.
7. The boss wouldn't object to you going early today. (OBJECTION)
The boss would not _____ you going early today.
8. 'Why don't you come over for dinner at the weekend?' he asked her. (SUGGESTED)
He _____ for dinner at the weekend.
9. His boss won't tolerate lateness. (PUT)
His boss won't _____ lateness.
10. The school I studied at last year was better than this one. (GOOD)
This school _____ my last one.

Task 41

1. Although the weather was terrible, we had a good time. (SPITE)
We had a good time _____ the terrible weather.

2. Being rude is inexcusable. (EXCUSE)
There is _____ rude.
3. I find driving on the left in England very strange. (ACUSTOMED)
I _____ on the left in England.
4. I regret taking up smoking. (WISH)
I _____ up smoking.
5. The police are interviewing the suspects. (INTERVIEWED)
The suspects _____ by the police.
6. You must do exactly what the teacher tells you. (CARRY)
You must _____ instructions exactly.
7. It's not worth inviting her to the party. She will never come. (POINT)
There _____ in inviting her to the party. She will never come.
8. They decided to advertise their house on the Internet. (PUT)
They decided _____ their house on the Internet.
9. If Patrick does not arrange some more lessons, he will never pass his driving test. (DOES)
Patrick will never pass his driving test _____ some more lessons.
10. Steve is interested in learning how to design web sites. (LIKE)
Steve _____ how to design web sites.

Task 42

1. Due to the heavy rain, the children weren't allowed to go outside at lunchtime. (LET)
Due to the heavy rain, the teacher wouldn't _____ outside at lunchtime.
2. She had to finish her homework before she went out. (UNTIL)
She had to stay in _____ her homework.
3. So that Susan would be fit for the skiing, she went to the gym three times a week. (ORDER)
Susan went to the gym three times a week _____ fit for the skiing.
4. Joe had not expected the film to be so good. (BETTER)
The film _____ had expected.
5. Unfortunately, this television set has a mark on the screen. (THERE)
Unfortunately, _____ the screen of this television set.
6. 'Do you know the way to the Italian restaurant?' Julie asked Maria. (WHERE)
Julie asked Maria _____ the Italian restaurant was.

7. John never takes any notice of what his children say. (ATTENTION)
John never _____ what his children say.
8. The family went skiing a month ago. (MONTH)
It _____ the family went skiing.
9. The lecture was cancelled because the professor was ill. (CALLED)
They _____ because the professor was ill.
10. Do you own that TV? (YOURS)
Is _____?

Task 43

1. 'Did you go to the tennis tournament on Saturday?' David asked me. (BEEN)
David wanted to know _____ the tennis tournament on Saturday.
2. The car had almost stopped when it hit the wall. (HARDLY)
The car _____ when it hit the wall.
3. Despite having several broken bones, John was able to complete in the race. (THOUGH)
John was able to complete in the race _____ several broken bones.
4. My grandfather is one of the last people alive who fought in the war. (VERY)
Other than my grandfather there _____ who fought in the war.
5. The car was too expensive for us to buy. (NOT)
We would have bought that car _____ so expensive.
6. 'Don't do that again, or you'll be in trouble!' said the teacher. (WARNED)
The students _____ do that again.
7. I can't believe this is the best hotel in the city! (HOTELS)
There must be _____ one in the city.
8. Course fees must be paid in full before the course begins. (ALL)
Students _____ before the course begins.
9. I haven't been to Oxford for at least ten years. (WENT)
The last time _____ at least ten years ago.
10. My parents are both the same age. (AS)
My mother _____ my father.

Task 44

1. Learning French is a waste of time because the language is not widely spoken. (POINT)
There's _____ because the language is not widely spoken.

2. I moved here 10 years ago. (LIVED)
I _____ for 10 years.
3. I'm not as old as my brother. (THAN)
My brother _____ me.
4. 'Why don't we go to the cinema?' (GOING)
Daniel _____ to the cinema.
5. I regret not studying harder when I was at school. (STUDIED)
I wish _____ when I was at school.
6. Someone has killed the party leader in a car bomb attack. (HAS)
The party leader _____ in a car bomb attack.
7. It's too cold to go to the beach today. (WARM)
It's _____ to the beach today.
8. You won't pass the exam unless you study harder. (DON'T)
If _____ you won't pass the exam.
9. It took me two weeks to recover from the flu. (OVER)
I needed _____ the flu.
10. He crashed his car because he wasn't paying attention. (BEEN)
If he _____, he wouldn't have crashed his car.

Task 45

1. The doctor suggested that I starting playing golf. (UP)
The doctor suggested I _____ golf.
2. What are your plans for the weekend? (DO)
What _____ at the weekend?
3. I haven't visited my family since 2005. (TIME)
The _____ my family was in 2005.
4. 'If I were you, I would study law at university.' (ADVISED)
He _____ at university.
5. She complains all the time about the teacher. (KEEPS)
She _____ about the teacher.
6. What subject was your favourite subject at school? (ENJOY)
What _____ at school?
7. She wasn't be allowed to come to the party. (LET)
Her parents _____ the party.
8. Speaking English is still strange for me. (USED)
I'm _____ English.
9. I wasn't able to understand much until I had studied for several years.
(BEFORE)
It was _____ understand much.

10. When the test had finished, I remembered the correct answers!
(REMEMBER)
I didn't _____ the test had finished.

Task 46

1. She can't have passed the exam – she's useless at Mathematics!
(FAILED)
She _____ the exam – she's useless at Mathematics.
2. It was difficult for Sarah to learn to read in Japanese. (DIFFICULTY)
Sarah _____ to read in Japanese.
3. The police had to find out whose fingerprints they were. (BELONGED)
The police had to find out _____ to.
4. Many people say that there is a ghost in that house. (SUPPOSED)
There _____ a ghost in that house.
5. It might rain this afternoon so take an umbrella. (RAINS)
Take an umbrella _____ this afternoon.
6. You look the same as you did when we last met ten years ago.
(CHANGED)
You have _____ our last meeting ten years ago.
7. You don't need to rewrite the composition. (WAS)
It _____ to rewrite the composition
8. Toby said that I had taken his girlfriend. (ACCUSED)
Toby _____ his girlfriend.
9. 'Does English bore you?' the teacher asked Fredrick. (IF)
The teacher asked Fredrick _____ him.
10. It was the child's grandfather who taught him to read music. (WAS)
The child _____ by his grandfather.

Task 47

1. I regret not being able to speak French fluently. (COULD)
I _____ fluently.
2. Why are you interested in taking up a new hobby? (WANT)
Why _____ up a new hobby?
3. 'Have you seen my gloves anywhere, Eric?' asked Mrs. Noble. (SEEN)
Mrs. Noble asked Eric _____ her gloves anywhere.
4. Suzanne was too excited to sleep. (THAT)
Suzanne was _____ not sleep.
5. Robert has not had a job for two years. (OUT)
Robert has _____ for two years.

6. 'I will complete the work only if you pay me 500 pounds extra,' said Frank. (NOT)
'I will _____ you pay me 500 pounds extra,' said Frank.
7. The thief ran past you so I'm sure you saw his face. (MUST)
The thief ran right past you so _____ his face.
8. The clients demanded to stay in a first-class hotel. (STAYING)
The clients _____ in a first-class hotel.
9. I don't object to the council building a new road here. (OBJECTION)
I _____ the council building a new road here.
10. The author wrote her latest novel while she was staying in Majorca. (WAS)
The author's latest novel _____ stay in Majorca.

Task 48

1. The newspaper offered Lynda 5,000 pounds for her story, but she refused. (TURNED)
Lynda _____ of 5,000 pounds from the newspaper for her story.
2. The Irish man was determined to pay for our drinks. (INSISTED)
The Irish man _____ for our drinks.
3. It's forbidden to take pictures. (NOT)
You _____ pictures.
4. It isn't necessary to feed the cats. I've already fed them. (HAVE)
You _____ the cats.
5. It's prohibited to take pets into the museum. (NOT)
You _____ into the museum.
6. It isn't necessary to change the sheets. I'll do it tomorrow. (NEED)
You _____ the sheets.
7. Students aren't allowed to leave the dormitory after 11 p.m. (NOT)
Students _____ after 11 p.m.
8. Kindergarten students needn't wear school uniforms. (HAVE)
Kindergarten students _____ school uniforms.
9. My brother is a better violinist than me. (AS)
I don't _____ as my brother.
10. The exam wasn't as easy as I had expected. (MORE)
The exam _____ I had expected.

Task 49

1. Snakes don't frighten me at all. (AFRAID)
I _____ snakes at all.

2. I hate it when I have to get up early. (STAND)
I _____ to get up early.
3. What was the name of the hotel you stayed in last year? (WHERE)
What was the name of the hotel _____ last year?
4. My mother's health is improving slowly. (BETTER)
My mother _____ slowly.
5. When I was a child, we often walked to school. (USED)
When I was a child, we _____ to school.
6. He was nervous because he had hardly ever made a speech. (USED)
He was nervous because he _____ speeches.
7. Emma has lent John her car for the weekend. (EMMA'S)
John _____ for the weekend.
8. This is Alice's first day at her new school. (JUST)
Alice _____ at a new school.
9. What type of film do you like best? (FAVOURITE)
What _____ of film?
10. I do not want to be in that television programme. (PART)
I do not want _____ that television programme.

Task 50

1. I started work here six years ago, and I'm still here. (HAVE)
I _____ six years.
2. I last saw her in May. (NOT)
I _____ May.
3. I haven't got any bread left – I must go and buy some. (RUN)
I _____ bread – I must go and buy some.
4. I first met Jonathan in 2003. (KNOWN)
I _____ 2003.
5. I can't remember a time when I wasn't friends with Rosie. (AS)
I've been friends with Rosie for _____ can remember.
6. I find films with lots of flashbacks very confusing. (GET)
I _____ films with lots of flashbacks.
7. They don't know yet how many extras they will need in the film. (WORKED)
They _____ yet how many extras they will need in the film.
8. People climb mountains looking for adventure. (SEARCH)
People climb mountains _____ adventure.

9. Please don't do anything dangerous when you are on the mountain. (RISK)
Please don't _____ when you are on the mountain.
10. Which part of the climb frightened you more than the rest? (MOST)
Which _____ part of the climb for you?

Task 51

1. I prefer skiing to doing any other sports. (RATHER)
I'd _____ any other sports.
2. Very few mountains in the world are as high as K2. (THE)
K2 is _____ mountains in the world.
3. I get embarrassed when I am praised. (IT)
I find _____ when people praise me.
4. My sister is too young to go hang-gliding on her own. (NOT)
My sister is _____ to go hang-gliding on her own.
5. I find sport less interesting than my brother does. (IS)
My brother _____ sport than I am.
6. Thousands of athletes run the London marathon every year. (TAKE)
Thousands of athletes _____ the London marathon every year.
7. I will always remember my time at university as a very happy period in my life. (BACK)
I will always _____ my time at university as a very happy period in my life.
8. What kind of weather is Brazil having at the moment? (LIKE)
What _____ in Brazil at the moment?
9. I really dislike people who think they are better than everyone else. (LOOK)
I really dislike people who _____ everyone else.
10. Do you want to go for a walk? (FEEL)
Do you _____ for a walk?

Task 52

1. His teacher has a very high opinion of his abilities. (THINKS)
His teacher _____ of his abilities.
2. He never discovered who had written the letter. (OUT)
He didn't _____ who had written the letter.
3. Maria hadn't finished working by ten o'clock. (STILL)
Maria _____ ten o'clock.

4. Don't drive so fast: this road is dangerous. (MORE)
Please drive _____ on this road, as it's dangerous.
5. The police are investigating what caused the accident. (INTO)
The police _____ the cause of the accident.
6. The boot of my car is very small. (NOT)
There is _____ in the boot of my car.
7. My mother buys oranges. (ARE)
Oranges _____ my mother.
8. If we do not buy sweets, our children will be sad. (UNLESS)
_____ sweets, our children will be sad.
9. The caterpillar became a beautiful butterfly. (INTO)
The caterpillar _____ a beautiful butterfly.
10. Let's throw away these old magazines to make more space. (RID)
Let's _____ these old magazines to make more space.

Task 53

1. Susan is always reliable. (RELY)
I know I _____ Susan.
2. This Friday will be the end of my sixth week here. (HAVE)
By Friday I _____ for six weeks.
3. Jamie started to cook when he was a child. (SINCE)
Jamie _____ he was a child.
4. Our house is built of stone. (BUILD)
They used _____ our house.
5. There weren't many people at the concert. (ONLY)
There _____ people at the concert.
6. I want to maintain contact with all my school friends. (TOUCH)
I want to _____ all my school friends.
7. I think that chocolate may be one of my allergies. (TO)
I think that I _____ chocolate.
8. I love eating sweets, although they are bad for my teeth. (SPITE)
I love eating sweets, _____ that they are bad for my teeth.
9. They reduced the price of the jacket because it was torn. (DISCOUNT)
I _____ the jacket because it was torn.
10. 'Will you lend me the car, Dad?' asked Jules. (BORROW)
Jules asked his father _____ the car.

Task 54

1. 'I'm sorry I'm late,' said Peter. (APOLOGISED)
Peter _____ late.

2. Karen is the most helpful person I know. (AS)
No one else I know _____ Karen.
3. 'I'm not going to tell you the answer!' he told me. (REFUSED)
He _____ the answer.
4. They said they found his attitude very upsetting. (BEEN)
They said they _____ his attitude.
5. 'It's the best chocolate in the world,' said the sponsor. (CLAIMED)
The sponsor _____ the best chocolate in the world.
6. 'Don't open your present until you get home,' Jorge told Peter. (NOT)
Jorge told Peter _____ until he got home.
7. I'd like to visit Africa. (APPEALS)
The idea of _____ me.
8. John wasn't sure whether he could come to the party. (MIGHT)
John thought he _____ come to the party.
9. John found the story of the explorer totally absorbing. (BY)
John _____ the story of the explorer.
10. Could I speak to you quickly, please? (WORD)
Could I _____ you, please?

Task 55

1. Julia was quick to solve the problem. (DEALT)
The problem _____ by Julia.
2. We arrived at the station just before the train left, so we caught it.
(TIME)
We arrived at the station _____ the train.
3. I think it is possible that she is telling the truth to us. (MAY)
I think that _____ the truth.
4. There's no chance that it was Sue who phoned last night. (HAVE)
It _____ Sue who phoned last night.
5. Can I contact you by phone at the weekend? (POSSIBLE)
Is _____ contact you by phone at the weekend?
6. I've got to present the new project to the management next week.
(GIVE)
I've got to _____ the new project to the management next week.
7. What do you think about nature programmes on television? (OPINION)
What's _____ nature programmes on television?
8. I want to go to Japan, but I don't have enough money. (HAD)
If I _____ go to Japan.

9. My sister is always teasing me about the clothes I wear. (FUN)
My sister is always _____ the clothes I wear.
10. What's your job at the moment? (DO)
What do _____ living at the moment?

Task 56

1. In the event of rain, we will cancel the game. (IT)
If _____ be cancelled.
2. If you don't try harder, you won't know if you can do it. (UNLESS)
You won't know if you can do it _____ harder.
3. Alexander the Great started the famous library in Alexandria. (FOUNDED)
The famous library in Alexandria _____ Alexander the Great.
4. I drive to work because there's no bus. (WAS)
I wouldn't drive to work _____ bus.
5. You missed the train because you overslept. (CAUGHT)
If you hadn't overslept, _____ the train.
6. It was a mistake buying that expensive car. (ONLY)
If _____ that expensive car.
7. He interrupts me all the time. (KEEPS)
He _____ all the time.
8. I'd love to be able to speak Chinese. (COULD)
I _____ Chinese.
9. You really ought to get a new car – yours is so old! (HIGH)
It's _____ a new car – yours is so old!
10. Mary is completely dependable. (ALWAYS)
I _____ Mary.

Task 57

1. I regret losing my favourite pair of gloves. (WISH)
I _____ my favourite pair of gloves.
2. It would be better for me if you could come to visit me next weekend. (RATHER)
I'd _____ visit me next weekend.
3. They got married a year ago. (TOOK)
Their wedding _____ year.
4. I think you look tired. Shall we go home now? (IF)
You look _____. Shall we go home now?
5. The food was so good we had to leave a tip. (SUCH)
It _____ we had to leave a tip.

6. The computer was too expensive for me to buy. (ENOUGH)
I _____ money to buy the computer.
7. It's the most beautiful painting I've ever seen. (SEEN)
I _____ beautiful painting.
8. This summer has been much cooler than last year. (COOL)
Last summer _____ this year.
9. I'm not as good at Mathematics as you. (BETTER)
You _____ me.
10. The course wasn't as easy as I'd expected. (MORE)
The course _____ I'd expected.

Task 58

1. This car isn't enough safe to drive. (DANGEROUS)
This car _____ drive.
2. This exercise is easier than the last one. (HARD)
This exercise _____ the last one.
3. The price of food seems to have increased recently. (GONE)
The price of food _____ recently.
4. When I was a child I lived by the sea, but now I live in the city. (TO)
When I was a child _____ by the sea, but now I live in the city.
5. I don't find it difficult to get up early every morning now. (USED)
I have _____ early every morning now.
6. All the old clothes were in Maria's wardrobe. (CONTAINED)
It was _____ all the old clothes.
7. When he lived in Cambridge, Giorgio cycled everywhere. (WOULD)
When Giorgio lived in Cambridge, _____ everywhere.
8. 'Kazuo, would you please make the living room tidy?' asked Sue. (UP)
Sue asked Kazuo _____ the living room.
9. People choose to work in different ways in different places. (ACCORDING)
People choose to work in different ways _____ are.
10. What is your favourite thing in your room? (MOST)
What _____ in your room?

Task 59

1. Since I found out the truth, I have changed my opinion of him. (MIND)
Since I found out the truth, I _____ him.
2. He understands new things really quickly. (CATCHES)
He _____ new things really quickly.

3. You were wrong to tell the other students about their results. (SHOULD)
You _____ the other students about their results.
4. Smoking is now prohibited in many restaurants. (ALLOWED)
You _____ in many restaurants now.
5. Is it necessary to join the club if I want to play tennis there? (TO)
Do I _____ if I want to play tennis there?
6. You should do at least two hours' homework every night. (SUPPOSED)
You are _____ less than two hours' homework every night.
7. She finds learning new languages really easy. (PICK)
She finds it really easy _____ new languages.
8. I don't think it's worth waiting for him: he's always late. (POINT)
I don't think _____ in waiting for him: he's always late.
9. You should continue these exercise until your leg is better. (DOING)
You shouldn't _____ until your leg is better.
10. Admission to the museum is free. (CHARGE)
There is _____ admission to the museum.

Task 60

1. He was lucky at first, but his luck soon changed. (RAN)
His luck _____ he was lucky at first.
2. I'll finish the report if they give me enough time to do it. (LONG)
I'll finish the report _____ give me enough time to do it.
3. I found the job rather boring, but at least it paid well. (EVEN)
At least the job paid well, _____ rather boring.
4. Peter was the best organiser of events in the office. (COULD)
Peter _____ anyone else in the office.
5. Carlos knew how to drive by the time he was eighteen. (ABLE)
Carlos _____ by the time he was eighteen.
6. I don't know how to type, but it would be useful if I could. (ONLY)
If _____ type, it would be useful.
7. Nick became famous as a writer very quickly. (TAKE)
It didn't _____ become famous as a writer.
8. It seems as though a lot of couples get divorced nowadays. (DOWN)
A lot of marriages _____ nowadays.
9. In my job I get free car parking in the city. (PAY)
In my job I don't _____ car parking in the city.
10. The burglar entered the house at night. (BROKE)
The burglar _____ at night.

Task 61

1. The police gave him the information. (WAS)
He _____ the police.
2. 'It was Andy who took the pen!' said Helen. (ACCUSED)
Helen _____ the pen.
3. People think he is living in London now. (THOUGHT)
He _____ in London now.
4. I need someone to check these reports before I send them out. (GET)
I need _____ before I send them out.
5. After the verdict, the judge ordered the man to go to prison for three years. (SENTENCED)
After the verdict, the judge _____ three years in prison.
6. Nobody noticed her slip into the room. (WITHOUT)
She slipped into the room _____ anyone.
7. It takes some people longer to recover from an illness than others. (OVER)
Some people take _____ an illness than others.
8. People say the museum is very good. (SAID)
The museum _____ very good.
9. I love being outside in the rain. (ENJOY)
What _____ outside in the rain.
10. Because I was enjoying the trip a lot, I didn't want it to end. (MUCH)
I was enjoying the trip _____ that I didn't want it to end.

Task 62

1. I have more work than I can manage at the moment. (SNOWED)
I am _____ work at the moment.
2. I think I'm too impatient to be a wildlife photographer. (PATIENT)
I don't think _____ to be a wildlife photographer.
3. The wind was so strong that we could not stand against it. (SUCH)
It was _____ that we could not stand against it.
4. I couldn't understand the documentary because it was too technical. (FOR)
The documentary was _____ understand.
5. It's interesting that hurricanes are often given the name of a man or woman. (THEY)
What is interesting about hurricanes _____ are often given the name of a man or woman.
6. We have to solve this problem in the near future. (SOLUTION)
We have to _____ this problem in the near future.

7. Carla had far fewer friends when she lived in New York than she does now. (LOT)
Carla _____ now than when she lived in New York.
8. Eating a heavy meal before a long journey is not advised. (WISE)
It is _____ a heavy meal before a long journey.
9. Jaime said to me, 'I don't think you should go out. It's very cold.'
(ADVISED)
Jaime _____ out because it was so cold.
10. The discussion raised many new issues. (BROUGHT)
Many new issues _____ in the discussion.

Task 63

1. Skiers are reminded that they must take care on the slopes at all times.
(REMEMBER)
Skiers must _____ on the slopes at all times.
2. Guests should leave their keys at reception whenever they leave the hotel. (RECOMMENDED)
Guests _____ their keys at reception whenever they leave the hotel.
3. The storm last night was unexpected. (BLEW)
The storm _____ last night.
4. He forgot to take any money with him, and he left his passport behind as well. (ADDITION)
He forgot to take any money with him _____ his passport behind.
5. Peter didn't enjoy travelling, but Chloe did. (UNLIKE)
Chloe _____ Peter.
6. The moment she finished her education, she left home. (SOON)
She _____ she had finished her education.
7. 'Would you like to come for dinner at our house?' asked Ruth.
(INVITED)
Ruth _____ come for dinner at their house.
8. Ivan didn't find it difficult to give up smoking. (DIFFICULTY)
Ivan _____ smoking.
9. Stefania's suggestions are always useful. (SOMEONE)
Stefania _____ are always useful.
10. The witness described the assassin in detail. (DESCRIPTION)
The witness _____ of the assassin.

Task 64

1. It's a pity we didn't see Athens when we visited Greece. (COULD)
If only _____ when we visited Greece.
2. A very interesting guide told us about the exhibits. (WERE)
We _____ by a very interesting guide.
3. The test was too difficult for the students to pass. (SO)
The test _____ that the students couldn't pass it.
4. The mechanic in the town centre repaired my father's car. (HAD)
My father _____ the mechanic in the town centre.
5. I only passed the exam because the teacher helped me. (NOT)
If the teacher had _____ not have passed the exam.
6. People say that cats have nine lives. (SAID)
Cats _____ nine lives.
7. The school has postponed the trip to London until next week. (OFF)
The school trip to London _____ until next week.
8. Meri accidentally crashed her father's car. (MEAN)
Meri did _____ her father's car.
9. It was wrong of you to copy the homework from your friend.
(COPIED)
You should _____ the homework from your friend.
10. You may not find it easy to understand phrasal verbs. (MIGHT)
It _____ for you to understand phrasal verbs.

Task 65

1. The best surgeon in town did Paolo's operation. (HAD)
Paolo _____ the best surgeon in town.
2. In my opinion you'll be a fantastic teacher! (NO)
I _____ you'll be a fantastic teacher.
3. I last visited London 7 years ago. (NOT)
I have _____ seven years.
4. 'I'll be home by midnight,' said Isadora. (GET)
Isadora promised she _____ midnight.
5. Teachers from the British Council started this school. (SET)
This school _____ teachers from the British Council.
6. Chiara spent years trying to pass the First Certificate exam. (TOOK)
It _____ the First Certificate exam.
7. I met Peter ten years ago. (KNOWN)
I _____ ten years.
8. I haven't seen a film since July. (LAST)
I _____ in July.

9. It's been months since I have seen a good movie on TV. (TIME)
The last _____ a good movie on TV was months ago.
10. We bought a DVD player when Nicholas got his new job. (UNTIL)
We didn't _____ Nicholas got his new job.

Task 66

1. This is the first time I have been to the cinema on my own. (NEVER)
I _____ the cinema on my own before.
2. I've worn my hair like this for as long as I can remember. (STARTED)
I can't remember _____ wearing my hair like this.
3. I haven't been to Rome before. (FIRST)
This is _____ been to Rome.
4. I get very embarrassed when people find out that I used to be on television. (IT)
I think _____ when people find out that I used to be on television.
5. Nothing irritates me more than email advertising. (MORE)
There is nothing _____ than email advertising.
6. She thinks it's insulting when people won't take her advice. (FEELS)
She _____ by people not taking her advice.
7. The match was so thrilling that the crowd wouldn't stop cheering. (WERE)
The crowd _____ the match that they wouldn't stop cheering.
8. Her nerves were soothed by the gentle music. (WAS)
The gentle music _____ for her nerves.
9. The idea of flying can be frightening for some people. (ARE)
A lot of people _____ the idea of flying.
10. I haven't received any news from Pedro since the end of July. (HEARD)
I _____ Pedro since the end of July.

Task 67

1. We decided to spend the afternoon exploring the shops. (LOOKING)
We decided to spend the afternoon _____ the shops.
2. I haven't had a chance to examine the documents for the meeting yet. (LOOK)
I haven't had a chance _____ the documents for the meeting yet.

3. I got the information about the scholarship through a friend of mine. (HEARD)
I _____ the scholarship from a friend of mine.
4. I will always remember that year as a very happy one. (LOOK)
I will always _____ that year as a very happy one.
5. I don't understand why he couldn't recognize the truth about her. (SEE)
I don't understand why he couldn't _____ her.
6. I shouted at him to be careful but he still ran across the road without looking. (OUT)
I shouted at him to _____ but he still ran across the road without looking.
7. The doctor told me the injection would not hurt very much at all. (HARDLY)
The doctor told me the injection _____ at all.
8. I think the concert will probably not take place. (HIGHLY)
I think it's _____ the concert will take place.
9. Make sure you wear clothes that don't restrict your movements. (ALLOW)
Make sure you wear clothes that _____ freely.
10. You don't have to pay to go into that museum. (GET)
You can _____ free.

Task 68

1. People who make more effort usually do better than others. (TRY)
People who _____ usually do better than others.
2. I thought his behaviour was very silly. (BEHAVED)
I thought he _____ way.
3. He didn't stop on the way home. (STRAIGHT)
He _____ home.
4. The meal in the restaurant may have been extremely expensive but it was really delicious. (LEG)
The meal in the restaurant may have cost _____ but it was really delicious.
5. Would you mind helping me move this sofa? (HAND)
Would you mind _____ this sofa?
6. I'm involved in a lot of projects at the moment. (FINGER)
I've _____ a lot of pies at the moment.
7. When I needed someone to talk to about my problems, Bill was always there. (SHOULDER)
When I needed _____, Bill was always there.

8. Since I met Mark, I haven't looked at other boys. (EYES)
Since I met him, I _____ Mark.
9. He was playing so well it seemed as if he couldn't make a mistake. (FOOT)
He was playing so well it seemed he couldn't _____
wrong.
10. 'Do you want to come over and watch a movie?' she asked. (IF)
She asked me _____ to come over and watch a movie.

Task 69

1. 'Where do you buy most of your clothes?' she asked. (KNOW)
She wanted to _____ most of my clothes.
2. 'Can I borrow your leather jacket?' he asked. (IF)
He asked me _____ my leather jacket.
3. 'I have to get a new laptop tomorrow,' she said. (THAT)
She said _____ a new laptop the next day.
4. 'I won't be here next week,' she explained. (THERE)
She explained that she _____ the following week.
5. 'We're going to paint the living room yellow,' she announced. (THAT)
She announced _____ to paint the living room yellow.
6. 'I haven't ever been on a plane before,' she said. (NEVER)
She explained that _____ on a plane before.
7. 'Who did you see at the party?' he asked. (KNOW)
He wanted to _____ at the party
8. 'Were you living in London when you met Celia?' she asked. (IF)
She asked him _____ in London when he met Celia.
9. 'You should get more sleep,' the doctor told me. (ADVISED)
The doctor _____ more sleep.
10. 'Eating more fruit is good for you too,' she said. (RECOMMENDED)
She _____ more fruit.

Task 70

1. 'Why don't you come for a coffee?' Nigel said to me. (INVITED)
Nigel _____ for a coffee.
2. 'I wasn't anywhere near the bank that day,' he said. (DENIED)
He _____ anywhere near the bank that day.
3. 'I won't be able to finish the assignment,' she said. (EXPLAINED)
She _____ be able to finish the assignment.
4. 'I am not going to let you in,' she told him. (REFUSED)
She _____ in.

5. 'You won the match. Well done!' the coach said to them. (CONGRATULATED)
The coach _____ the match.
6. 'If you don't turn that down, I'll call the police,' said the man downstairs. (THREATENED)
The man downstairs _____ the police if we didn't turn the music down.
7. 'Don't walk around alone after dark. It's dangerous,' the teacher told us. (WARNED)
The teacher _____ around alone after dark.
8. Without the right equipment, I'm sure I can't do the job. (UNLESS)
I'm sure I can't do the job _____ the right equipment.
9. In the event of fire, do not use the lift. (THERE)
Do not use the lift _____ a fire.
10. With more time, I would have been able to finish the assignment. (HAD)
I would have been able to finish the assignment _____ more time.

Task 71

1. If we don't buy a sofa-bed, there won't be anywhere for Johanna to sleep. (UNLESS)
There won't be anywhere for Johanna to sleep _____ a sofa-bed.
2. I live in London because it is one of the most exciting cities in the world. (WAS)
I wouldn't live in London _____ one of the most exciting cities in the world.
3. I'm sorry I didn't see that film. (WISH)
I _____ that film.
4. I really regret inviting him to the party. (ONLY)
If _____ him to the party.
5. It really annoys me the way she does that. (WISH)
I _____ that.
6. It was a real mistake not to revise for the exam. (ONLY)
If _____ for the exam.
7. I wish I could rollerskate. (ABLE)
I would be happy if _____ to rollerskate.
8. She sometimes wishes she had never left Australia. (REGRETS)
She sometimes _____ Australia.

9. You should go to bed now. (TIME)
It's _____ to bed.
10. I'd prefer you to give me some money for my birthday. (RATHER)
I'd _____ me some money for my birthday.

Task 72

1. You might not think it's risky but what if someone saw you do it. (SUPPOSE)
You might not think it's risky but _____ you do it.
2. A lot of people really admire the president of our country. (LOOK)
A lot of people really _____ the president of our country.
3. I've had a few problems at work but things are improving now. (UP)
I've had a few problems at work but things are _____ now.
4. The price of petrol has increased a lot lately. (GONE)
The price of petrol has _____ a lot lately.
5. You've hung that picture upside down. (WAY)
You've hung that picture _____ up.
6. It's your decision whether you take the job or not. (UP)
It's _____ whether you take the job or not.
7. The doctor told me I would be able to get up and walk around tomorrow. (ABOUT)
The doctor told me I would be _____ tomorrow.
8. Club members can bring guests to the club on Thursday. (PERMITTED)
Club members _____ guests to the club on Thursday
9. Could you tell me if I have to bring a sleeping bag? (NECESSARY)
Could you tell me if _____ me to bring a sleeping bag
10. You can't use a personal stereo on a plane. (ALLOWED)
You _____ a personal stereo on a plane.

Task 73

1. We asked if we could move to a quieter room. (POSSIBLE)
We asked if it _____ move to a quieter room.
2. He had to give the money back. (OBLIGED)
He _____ give the money back.
3. You mustn't wear dark-soled shoes in the gym. (SUPPOSED)
You _____ dark-soled shoes in the gym.
4. They made me admit that I was wrong. (FORCED)
I _____ that I was wrong.

5. I wanted to go out with my boyfriend, but my parents said I couldn't.
(LET)
My parents wouldn't _____ with my boyfriend.
6. My parents insisted I study the piano. (MADE)
I was _____ the piano by my parents.
7. If no one else applies, you can have the job. (PROVIDED)
You can have the job _____ applies.
8. If it isn't too hot, we'll go for a walk in the mountains. (UNLESS)
We'll go for a walk in the mountains _____ too hot.
9. I found the film rather frightening but I'm glad I saw it. (EVEN)
I'm glad I saw the film _____ by it.
10. We'll place an order so long as you give us a discount. (CONDITION)
We'll place an order _____ you give us a discount.

Task 74

1. If you don't put that money in a safe place, you might lose it. (CASE)
You should put that money in a safe place _____ it.
2. I'll buy that jacket if they have it in my size. (LONG)
I'll buy that jacket _____ it in my size.
3. They gave him a free meal after he complained about the long delay.
(WAS)
After he complained about the long delay _____ a free meal.
4. Our dog loves it when you take him for a walk. (TAKEN)
Our dog _____ for a walk.
5. I was thrilled that they chose me to play the part. (TO)
I was thrilled _____ play the part.
6. They made me feel extremely welcome. (MADE)
I _____ extremely welcome.
7. People knew she was an expert. (KNOWN)
She _____ an expert.
8. The cat dislikes it when children pat him. (PATTED)
The cat _____ by children.
9. He was angry when someone told him to turn the music down.
(ABOUT)
He was angry _____ to turn the music down.
10. He hoped they would let him take the test again. (ALLOWED)
He hoped he _____ take the test again.

Task 75

1. People say the castle is over eight hundred years old. (SAID)
The castle _____ over eight hundred years old.
2. Our house needs painting. (MUST)
We _____ painted.
3. Someone stole their television when they left their front door unlocked. (HAD)
They _____ when they left their front door unlocked.
4. My friend gets a manicurist to paint her nails for her. (HAS)
My friend _____ by a manicurist.
5. A friend checked the car for me before I bought it. (HAD)
Before I bought it, I _____ a friend.
6. Did the storm break those windows? (GET)
Did those windows _____ the storm?
7. They cut off the king's head. (HAD)
The king _____ off.
8. I have too much work to do at the moment. (SNOWED)
I _____ work at the moment.
9. The doctor told me I would be perfectly all right in the morning. (RAIN)
The doctor told me I would be _____ in the morning.
10. We were all crying by the end of the movie. (FLOODS)
We were all in _____ by the end of the movie.

Task 76

1. I have no problems at all at the moment. (CLOUD)
There isn't _____ for me at the moment.
2. Many people disagreed strongly with the new law. (STORM)
There was _____ about the new law.
3. To make progress in life you have to make plans. (GET)
To _____ in life you have to make plans.
4. He never abandoned hope of meeting another girl like Sophie. (GAVE)
He _____ hope of meeting another girl like Sophie.
5. Unexpected problems can arise even if you are well-prepared. (COME)
Unexpected problems can _____ even if you are well-prepared.
6. He found it difficult to accept his own limitations. (FACE)
He found it difficult to _____ his own limitations.
7. Susan always knows how to do what is necessary in a difficult situation. (DEAL)
Susan always knows how to _____ a difficult situation.

8. We found a very cheap and pleasant hotel completely by chance. (CAME)
We _____ a very cheap and pleasant hotel completely by chance.
9. It's a good idea to discuss your ideas with someone older. (THROUGH)
It's good idea to _____ your ideas with someone older.
10. This coffee is too hot to drink. (NOT)
This coffee _____ drink.

Task 77

1. I have never seen such an exciting film before. (FIRST)
It's the _____ seen such an exciting film.
2. 'Where do you work, Sue?' asked Pete. (KNOW)
Pete wanted _____ now.
3. It's very easy to maintain contact with friends nowadays. (TOUCH)
It's very easy _____ with friends nowadays.
4. I live in New York because it is a very exciting place. (IF)
I wouldn't live in New York _____ a very exciting place.
5. It was a mistake not to buy a better car. (ONLY)
If _____ a better car.
6. They had to cancel the game because of the rain. (OFF)
The game _____ because of the rain.
7. I wish I could speak Italian. (LOVE)
I would _____ speak Italian.
8. You have to decide whether to accept the job. (UP)
It's _____ accept the job.
9. Could you take care of our cat while we are on holiday? (AFTER)
Would you mind _____ our cat while we are on holiday?
10. My father lived in the country throughout his childhood. (BROUGHT)
My father _____ in the country.

Task 78

1. Their daughter is an adult now. (HAS)
Their daughter _____ up now.
2. I have a good relationship with my two younger sisters. (WELL)
I _____ my two younger sisters.
3. The teacher was angry with us for being late. (OFF)
The teacher _____ for being late.

4. He is very like his father in character and appearance. (TAKES)
He _____ his father in character and appearance.
5. He had always admired his Aunt Sandra. (LOOKED)
He had always _____ his Aunt Sandra.
6. I'm sure the twins will be doing something naughty while we're out. (GETTING)
I'm sure the twins will be _____ something while we're out.
7. The photocopier broke down three days ago. (ORDER)
The photocopier _____ for three days.
8. Nobody in our class is as good at basketball as I am. (PLAYER)
I am _____ in our class.
9. My older brother is a social worker in one of the big hospitals. (WORKS)
My older brother _____ in one of the big hospitals.
10. My friends left before I arrived at the meeting point. (WHEN)
My friends _____ at the meeting point.

Task 79

1. 'Alright, I stole the money. I admit it,' she said. (THAT)
She admitted _____ the money.
2. Susan plays the piano better than Jacky. (AS)
Jacky doesn't play _____ Susan.
3. Badminton and tennis are similar in some ways. (LIKE)
Badminton _____ in some way.
4. 'Would you like to stay for dinner?' she asked. (INVITED)
She _____ for dinner.
5. The Nigerian beat the Moroccan by 2.5 seconds. (FASTER)
The Nigerian ran _____ the Moroccan.
6. 'What's the time?' he asked. (TELL)
He asked me _____ the time.
7. Are you saying I'm lying? (ACCUSING)
Are you _____ lying?
8. I'll send you a postcard from Greece,' he said. (PROMISED)
He _____ a postcard from Greece.
9. Could you possibly help me with this box? (MIND)
Would _____ with this box?
10. 'I won't speak to Tom,' she said. (REFUSED)
She _____ to Tom.

Task 80

1. 'I have never seen the woman before,' he said. (DENIED)
He _____ the woman before.
2. 'Yes, I think we should invite Sue to the party too,' she said. (AGREED)
She _____ invite Sue to the party.
3. Have you thought about getting a holiday job this summer? (CONSIDERED)
Have you _____ a holiday job this summer?
4. 'We'll look after your cat while you're away if you like,' he said. (OFFERED)
He _____ our cat while we were away.
5. You shouldn't give them the impression you don't want the job. (AVOID)
You should _____ them the impression you don't want the job.
6. 'OK. I've been going out with another girl,' he said. (ADMITTED)
He _____ out with another girl.
7. I am fairly sure I will pass all my exams this year. (EXPECT)
I _____ all my exams this year.
8. Flying frightens many people. (AFRAID)
Many people _____ flying.
9. It's very rare for me to go to the cinema. (HARDLY)
I _____ the cinema.
10. Jim has done more work than you. (AS)
You haven't done _____ Jim.

Task 81

1. I had imagined there were going to be many more people. (FAR)
There were _____ I had imagined.
2. He is similar in appearance to his father. (LIKE)
He _____ his father.
3. I was advised to start swimming by my doctor. (TAKE)
My doctor advised me _____ swimming.
4. 'I'm sure you stole that money,' he said. (ACCUSED)
He _____ the money.
5. I thought it would be a good idea if I went home. (OUGHT)
I thought _____ home.
6. I came to live here in 1984. (SINCE)
I _____ 1984.

7. The teacher distributed the examination papers. (OUT)
The teacher _____ the examination papers.
8. John found it difficult to adjust to his new school. (USED)
John couldn't _____ his new school.
9. My brother is too young to drive a car. (NOT)
My brother _____ drive a car.
10. I tried as hard as I could, but I still didn't pass. (BEST)
I _____, but I still didn't pass.

Task 82

1. My parents met in 1970. (SINCE)
My parents _____ 1970.
2. I don't share your opinion about military service. (AGREE)
I _____ you about military service.
3. He has too much free time since he retired. (HANDS)
He has too much _____ since he retired.
4. Driving on the left will always feel strange to me. (GET)
I don't think I will ever _____ on the left.
5. Can you calculate the answers to these sums? (WORK)
Can you _____ the answers to these sums?
6. She said she wouldn't tell anyone about what happened. (NOT)
She promised _____ anyone about what happened.
7. The operator had trouble connecting me to the sales department.
(THROUGH)
The operator had trouble _____ to the sales department.
8. I lived in London as a child, but I don't anymore. (USED)
I _____ in London as a child.
9. Could you possibly share your book with me? (MIND)
Would you _____ your book with me?
10. It wasn't a very good idea for you to sit in the sun for so long.
(SHOULD)
You _____ in the sun for so long.

Task 83

1. I'm sure he hasn't gone far because the car is still here. (CAN)
He _____ far because the car is still here.
2. I think it was possibly the cat which scratched the table. (MIGHT)
The cat _____ the table.
3. She was definitely here earlier because she's left her umbrella. (MUST)
She _____ here earlier because she's left her umbrella.

4. Buying that car was a real mistake. (SHOULD)
We _____ that car.
5. There's a chance that he phoned, but I haven't been in. (COULD)
He _____, but I haven't been in.
6. There's absolutely no chance that she took the money. I've been with her all the time. (CAN)
She _____ the money. I've been with her all the time.
7. I'm sure she's gone to play tennis. She's taken her racket. (MUST)
She _____ to play tennis. She's taken her racket.
8. It's very important for me to write to my brother. (MUST)
I _____ to my brother.
9. It wasn't necessary for them to cook so much food. (NEED)
They _____ cooked so much food.
10. They were forced to do their homework before they went out. (HAD)
They _____ their homework before they went out.

Task 84

1. It is not permitted to take photographs in here. (CAN)
You _____ in here.
2. There was no need for you to come. (HAVE)
You _____ come.
3. You shouldn't talk while the teacher is speaking. (SUPPOSED)
You _____ talk while the teacher is speaking.
4. It's necessary for me to work late tonight. (GOT)
I _____ work late tonight.
5. No one expected you to wait for them. (NEED)
You _____ to wait for them.
6. I didn't know he was going to the party so I stayed in. (NEVER)
I _____ in if I had known he was going to the party.
7. My father advised me not to marry you but I wouldn't listen to him. (TAKEN)
I wouldn't have married you _____ my father's advice.
8. Mike stole the money and went to prison as a result. (NOT)
Mike _____ to prison if he hadn't stolen the money.
9. With more effort you could have won the match. (HARDER)
If _____ you could have won the match.
10. Rain or very cold weather are the only things that will stop us having a barbecue. (UNLESS)
We'll have a barbecue _____ or is very cold.

Task 85

1. With fluent English you can apply for lots of jobs. (FLUENTLY)
If _____ you can apply for lots of jobs.
2. The boiling point of water is 100° C. (IF)
Water _____ heat it to 100° C.
3. Winning the lottery would be an extraordinary experience. (IF)
I don't know what I would do _____ the lottery.
4. She was very rude to me so I decided not to lend her my car. (MIGHT)
I _____ my car if she hadn't been so rude to me.
5. I didn't do my homework so it isn't getting wet in the rain. (WOULD)
My homework _____ wet in the rain if I had done it.
6. I wish I could windsurf. (LOVE)
I would _____ windsurf.
7. It was a real mistake telling Nigel how I felt about him. (ONLY)
If _____ Nigel how I felt about him.
8. You children are supposed to be in bed by nine o'clock. (TIME)
It's _____ in bed.
9. I wouldn't like you to mention this to anyone else. (RATHER)
I'd _____ mention this to anyone else.
10. I wish I had learnt a foreign language when I was younger. (REGRET)
I _____ a foreign language when I was younger.

Task 86

1. What would happen if someone had seen you with her? (SUPPOSE)
Just _____ with her.
2. It really annoys me the way you keep tapping your fingers on the desk. (WISH)
I _____ your fingers on the desk like that.
3. My grandmother gets the hairdresser to wash her hair for her. (HAS)
My grandmother _____ by the hairdresser.
4. Someone stole their car while they were at the beach. (HAD)
They _____ while they were at the beach.
5. Our house needs painting. (MUST)
We _____ painted.
6. I wasn't allowed to stay out after midnight when I was younger. (LET)
My parents _____ out after midnight when I was younger.
7. It took her a long time to recover from her illness. (OVER)
It took her a long time _____ her illness.
8. I regret saying that to him. (WISH)
I _____ that to him.

9. I'm sure that wasn't Tony we saw. He's in London. (CAN'T)
It _____ Tony we saw. He's in London.
10. It is important that I post this letter tonight. (NEED)
I _____ this letter tonight.

Task 87

1. Nobody took any notice of her bad behaviour. (ATTENTION)
Nobody _____ her bad behaviour.
2. The mechanic checked the tires on my car. (HAD)
I _____ on my car.
3. I think you should go to bed now. (TIME)
It's _____ to bed.
4. It was difficult for me to read the number plate in the fog. (MAKE)
I couldn't _____ the number plate in the fog.
5. Please don't tell Andrew about our conversation. (RATHER)
I'd _____ Andrew about our conversation.
6. Unless you start studying now, it's possible that you will fail the exam. (COULD)
You _____ you start studying now.
7. I don't know who the winner of the competition is. (HAS)
8. I don't know who _____ the competition.
9. I'm afraid I've lost the tickets. (FIND)
I'm afraid _____ the tickets.
10. She planted some flowers in the garden, but they are nearly all dead now. (HAVE)
The flowers she planted in the garden _____ now.
11. I was talking to her mother a moment ago. (BEEN)
I _____ to her mother.

Task 88

1. It's been three years since I started to work here. (WORKING)
I _____ three years.
2. It is Miranda's first visit to Scotland. (NEVER)
Miranda _____ to Scotland before.
3. It's over a year since I last saw him. (SEEN)
I _____ over a year.
4. They don't know what the problem is. (FOUND)
They _____ what the problem is.
5. She hasn't got any money left. (RUN)
She _____ money.

6. Sue has just had her first child. (BIRTH)
Sue _____ her first child.
7. I can't remember the plot at all. (FORGOTTEN)
I _____ what the plot is about.
8. Football is the most exciting sport to play. (AS)
No other sport _____ to play as football.
9. I've never seen such an amazing show. (THE)
This is _____ that I've ever seen.
10. Sam isn't nearly as brave as Chloe. (LOT)
Chloe is _____ Sam.

Task 89

1. Last year the show wasn't quite as expensive as this year. (BIT)
Last year the show was _____ expensive than this year.
2. I think playing tennis is a lot easier than golf. (FAR)
I think it's _____ tennis than golf.
3. Not many other cities are as large as Tokyo. (THE)
Tokyo is one _____ in the world.
4. I prefer sightseeing to lying on the beach. (RATHER)
I'd _____ on the beach.
5. The authorities are investigating the cause of the fire. (INTO)
The authorities are _____ the cause of the fire.
6. I just can't wait to go on holiday! (FORWARD)
I'm really _____ on holiday.
7. If you don't know the word, check it in a dictionary. (LOOK)
If you don't know the word, _____ in a dictionary.
8. He had a lot of respect for his grandfather. (TO)
He really _____ his grandfather.
9. You should keep your eyes open for Steve at the dance. (OUT)
You should _____ Steve at the dance.
10. Keith thinks he is much better than everyone else. (DOWN)
Keith _____ everyone else.

Task 90

1. I found an old photograph of my sister the other day. (ACROSS)
The other day _____ an old photograph of my sister.
2. There's no point in going to Pete's house – he won't be in. (WASTE)
It's _____ going to Pete's house – he won't be in.
3. I couldn't see the car anywhere. (SIGN)
There was _____ the car.

4. It's very noisy – what's happening in here? (ON)
It's very noisy – what's _____ in here?
5. I never discovered who had written the book. (OUT)
I never _____ who had written the book.
6. Mrs. Stevens went up the path to the front door of the house. (MADE)
Mrs. Stevens _____ up the path to the front door of the house.
7. It was Susie's first visit to London. (NEVER)
Susie _____ to London before.
8. Chloe spent her childhood in the country with her grandparents. (BROUGHT)
Chloe _____ her grandparents in the country.
9. I'd like to go to India. (APPEALS)
The idea of _____ me.
10. 'Do you want to have a drink, Peter?' asked Jane. (LIKE)
Jane asked Peter _____ have a drink.

Task 91

1. They said they had found the directions he gave very confusing. (BEEN)
They said they _____ his directions.
2. There were students from ten different countries in the class. (UP)
The class _____ students from ten different countries.
3. Melissa has not appeared on television much recently. (MADE)
Melissa has _____ on television recently.
4. You need both luck and talent to succeed. (WELL)
Success depends _____ as talent.
5. 'Who borrowed my book, Mary?' asked Andrew. (HAD)
Andrew _____ his book.
6. You must do exactly as I tell you. (CARRY)
You must _____ instructions exactly.
7. There are hardly any copies of the book left in the shop. (VERY)
There are _____ of the book left in the shop.
8. I only ate a little at lunch, so I'm hungry now. (TO)
I didn't _____ at lunch, so I'm hungry now.
9. Don swims better than Carlos. (WELL)
Carlos _____ as Don.
10. They don't know what caused the problem yet. (DISCOVERED)
They _____ of the problem yet.

Task 92

1. He said that the accident was my fault. (BLAMED)
He _____ the accident.
2. It's three years since we worked together. (NOT)
We _____ three years.
3. 'I'll come with you tomorrow,' said Jaime. (PROMISED)
Jaime _____ the next day.
4. I prefer watching football to playing it. (RATHER)
I _____ play it.
5. I asked if I could talk to Sophie. (WORD)
I asked if I could _____ Sophie.
6. I've got to present the project to the Board of Directors tomorrow. (PRESENTATION)
I've got to _____ about the project to the Board of Directors tomorrow.
7. We were able to find a solution to the problem that we could both accept. (COMPROMISE)
We were able _____ over the problem.
8. I wasn't ready for the last because I hadn't done enough work. (PREPARATION)
I hadn't _____ for the test.
9. I really enjoy meeting friends and talking to them over coffee. (CHAT)
I really enjoy meeting friends and _____ them over coffee.
10. I think we should talk about this with the boss. (DISCUSSION)
I think we should _____ this with the boss.

Task 93

1. They advertised the mobile phone so intensively that it was an immediate success. (WAS)
Because it _____ the mobile phone was an immediate success.
2. The technician solved the computer problem quickly. (DEALT)
The computer problem _____ the technician.
3. Someone must have seen him there! (BEEN)
He _____ there by someone!
4. Their normal business was continued after a short break. (ON)
After a short break, they _____ their normal business.
5. She may contact him by phone this afternoon. (THAT)
It _____ she will contact him by phone this afternoon.

6. There's no chance that Peter was in the house at the time. (HAVE)
Peter _____ in the house at the time.
7. You must remember your camera. (BRING)
Don't _____ your camera.
8. The officials allowed us to take photographs in the museum. (LET)
The officials _____ photographs in the museum.
9. I'd like to buy a mountain bike. (INTERESTED)
I'm _____ a mountain bike.
10. Susie and I are very good friends. (ON)
Susie and I _____ with one another.

Task 94

1. Jack feels bad about not writing to his friend either. (WISHES)
Jack _____ his friend earlier.
2. I think you should go home now. (TIME)
I think _____ home.
3. I wish I could speak Spanish. (BEING)
I regret _____ speak Spanish.
4. I wish I was still in contact with my old school friends. (TOUCH)
I wish I had _____ with my old school friends.
5. You ought to buy some new shoes. (HIGH)
It is _____ some new shoes.
6. His last film, starring Julia Roberts, was his best. (WHICH)
His last film, _____ Julia Roberts, was his best.
7. When I was a child, I walked to school every day. (USED)
When I was a child, _____ to school every day.
8. If John was coming, he'd be here by now. (LOOKS)
If _____ John isn't coming.
9. It was a more difficult job than they had anticipated. (EASY)
The job _____ they had anticipated.
10. 'Don't touch the wet paint Eddie,' said Kate. (WARNED)
Kate _____ the wet paint.

Task 95

1. The last time I went surfing was ten years ago. (FOR)
I _____ ten years.
2. It was unfair that Eva was fired. (DESERVE)
Eva _____ fired.
3. Which part of the book interested you most? (THE)
Which was _____ part of the book?

4. He said he regretted writing to her. (ONLY)
He said: ‘ _____ written to her!’
5. You can’t use a mobile phone in here. (ALLOWED)
You _____ use a mobile phone in here.
6. It wasn’t necessary for you to bring all those books. (NEED)
You _____ brought all those books.
7. You should park on the other side of the road. (SUPPOSED)
You _____ on this side of the road.
8. The library was built too far away from the town centre. (SHOULD)
They _____ the library nearer the town centre.
9. These exercises should be continued for six weeks. (MUST)
You _____ on doing these exercises for six weeks.
10. It was wrong of you to give him my address. (LET)
You _____ know my address.

Task 96

1. You must do exactly as I tell you. (CARRY)
You must _____ instructions exactly.
2. You should make an effort to stop smoking. (UP)
You should try _____ smoking.
3. Edward has the ability to succeed in his exams. (CAPABLE)
Edward _____ in his exams.
4. I would really like to be able to play the piano. (WISH)
I _____ play the piano.
5. The number of people studying information technology has increased sharply. (RISE)
There has _____ the number of people studying information technology.
6. You answered all the questions so I’m sure you passed the exam. (MUST)
You answered all the questions so _____ the exam.
7. Writing a letter is not necessary in this case. (NEED)
You _____ write a letter in this case.
8. I hated my new school at first, though now it’s not so bad. (GETTING)
I hated my new school at first, though I _____ now.
9. It was Julia who wore that dress. (BY)
That dress _____ Julia.
10. At school, Jane was the best swimmer in her class. (SWIM)
At school, Jane _____ anyone else in her class.

Task 97

1. Do you think you will manage to find the way? (ABLE)
Do you think _____ find the way?
2. You didn't help me, even though you had the chance. (HAVE)
You _____ but you didn't.
3. I wish my spoken English was better. (SPEAK)
I wish _____ English better.
4. I thought I would get the job, but someone else got it instead.
(SUCCEED)
I _____ the job.
5. Peter was often quite unpredictable. (BE)
Peter _____ quite unpredictable.
6. I knew how to drive by the time I was 17. (TO)
I _____ by the time I was 17.
7. Unfortunately, I missed the train. (MANAGE)
Unfortunately, I did not _____ the train.
8. They made me feel really welcome. (WAS)
I _____ really welcome.
9. There is a rumour that he committed the crime. (HAVE)
He _____ committed the crime.
10. I need to ask the dentist to take this tooth out. (HAVE)
I need to _____ out.

Task 98

1. People say that the police will arrest the thief soon. (EXPECTED)
It _____ the police will arrest the thief soon.
2. When I was a child, I didn't like it when anyone cut my hair.
(HAVING)
I didn't like _____ when I was a child.
3. They didn't let journalists interview the suspect. (ALLOWED)
Journalists _____ interview the suspect.
4. You'll need to take this suit to the cleaners soon. (GET)
You'll have _____ soon.
5. After searching for years, they discovered the city. (OCCURRED)
The _____ after years of searching.
6. Trade was the basis of the city's civilisation. (BUILT)
The city's civilisation _____ trade.
7. The artist was able to sell his carvings for a lot of money. (SUMS)
The artist was able to charge _____ his carvings.

8. Paul was too frightened to move. (THAT)
Paul was _____ not move.
9. The wind was so strong that we could not go outside. (SUCH)
There was _____ that we could not go outside.
10. I couldn't follow the instructions as they were very complicated. (FOR)
The instructions _____ to follow.

Task 99

1. It was the most interesting programme I have ever seen. (SUCH)
I have _____ interesting programme.
2. Sarah was too ill to finish the course. (WELL)
Sarah _____ to finish the course.
3. The tickets cost so much money that we couldn't afford them. (LOT)
The tickets cost _____ that we couldn't afford them.
4. They advised me to have a course of injections. (ADVISABLE)
They told _____ to have a course of injections.
5. Drinking unboiled water is not advised when travelling off the beaten track. (WISE)
It is _____ unboiled water travelling off the beaten track.
6. Trying to climb the mountain on your own is not recommended. (ATTEMPT)
You should _____ the mountain on your own.
7. 'I wouldn't stay out in the sun too long, if I were you,' he said. (ADVISED)
She _____ out in the sun too long.
8. Visitors should remember to bring warm clothes. (REMINDING)
Visitors _____ will need warm clothes.
9. 'You must see the traditional dancers – they're excellent,' he said. (MISSED)
He told me I should _____ the excellent traditional dancers.
10. You shouldn't have leave without visiting the cathedral. (OUGHT)
You _____ before you leave.

Task 100

1. It is a good idea for guests to keep their passports in the hotel safe. (RECOMMENDING)
Guests _____ their passports in the hotel safe.
2. Someone should have told her that the coffee was hot. (WARNING)
She _____ the hot coffee.
3. My hair is getting too long – it needs cutting soon! (GETTING)
I will have _____ soon.

4. She didn't want to pay for the drinks she'd had. (AVOID)
She tried _____ for the drinks she'd had.
5. Gunilla had to take Mrs. Carling's children to school.
(RESPONSIBLE)
Gunilla _____ Mrs. Carling's children to school.
6. The company has invented a useful piece of equipment. (COME)
The company has _____ a useful piece of equipment.
7. I think it would be a good idea for you to take the job. (WERE)
If I _____ the job.
8. I could only just see him in the dim light. (OUT)
I could barely _____ in the dim light.
9. Because of the snow I couldn't arrive any earlier. (SNOWING)
If it _____, I would have arrived earlier.
10. Because of the fog at the airport, we took off three hours late.
(DELAYED)
Fog at the airport meant that our _____ three hours.

Appendices

Appendix 1. Word Formation Database

able	unable, (in)ability, disabled, disability	desire	(un)desirable
academy	academic, academically	develop	(un)developed, developing, developer, development
accept	acceptance, accepting, (un)acceptable, (un)acceptably	differ	different(ly), difference
accurate	accurately, inaccurate(ly), (in)accuracy	direct	indirect, direction, director, (in)directly
accuse	accused, accusation	discover	discovery
achieve	achievement	discuss	discussion
act	(in)active(ly), acting, actor, actress, action, (in)activity	disgust	disgusting, disgusted
add	added, addition, additional(ly)	distant	distantly, distance
addict	addicted, addictive, addiction	economy	economic, (un)economical(ly), economics, economist
advertise	advertisement, ad(vert), advertising, advertiser	edit	editor, editorial, edited
allergy	allergic	educate	education, educator, educational(ly)
allow	disallow, allowance, allowable	effect	(in)effectively(ly)
amuse	(un)amusing(ly), amusement	emphasis	emphasise, emphatic
announce	announcement, (un)announced	employ	(un)employed, (un)employable, (un)employment, employer, employee
anxious	anxiously, anxiety	end	endless(ly), ending, unending
appear	appearance, apparently	enjoy	enjoyment, enjoyable
apply	(in)applicable, applied, applicant, application	enter	entrance
appreciate	(un)appreciative(ly), appreciation	entertain	entertaining, entertainment, entertainer
argue	argument, argumentative	enthuse	(un)enthusiastic(ally), enthusiasm, enthusiast
arrange	rearrange, arrangement	environment	environmental(ly), environmentalist
arrive	arrival	equip	equipment, equipped
assist	assistance, assistant	evident	evidence, evidently
associate	disassociate, association, (un)associated	excite	(un)exciting, excited(ly), excitement
attend	attention, (in)attentive(ly), attendance, attendant	expect	(un)expected(ly), expectation, expectancy
attract	(un)attractive(ly), attraction	expense	(in)expensive(ly), expenses
aware	unaware, awareness	explain	explanation
beauty	beautiful(ly)	extreme	extremely, extremity, extremist
behave	behaviour	fail	failure, failing
belief	disbelief, believe, (un)believable, (un)believably	fame	(in)famous(ly)
benefit	beneficial	fashion	(un)fashionable, (un)fashionably
bore	boring(ly), bored, boredom	finance	financial(ly), finances
broad	breadth, broaden	fit	unfit, fitness
build	builder, building	forge	forgery, forger
care	careful(ly), careless(ly), (un)caring	fortune	misfortune, (un)fortunate(ly)
certify	certificate, certified	freeze	froze, frozen, freezing, freezer
comfort	discomfort, (un)comfortable, (un)comfortably	friend	friendship, (un)friendly
commerce	commercial(ly)	globe	global(ly)
communicate	communication, (un)communicative, communicator	great	greatly, greatness,
compete	competition, competitor, competitive(ly)	grow	growth, grown-up, growing, grown, home-grown, grower
contain	container, content(s)	happy	unhappy, (un)happiness, (un)happily
converse	conversation	harm	harmful(ly), harmless(ly), (un)harmed
convict	convicted, conviction	help	(un)helpful(ly), helpless(ly), helping, helper
convince	convinced, (un)convincing	honest	dishonest, (dis)honesty, (dis)honestly
correspond	correspondence	humour	humorous, humourless
create	creative(ly), creation, creativity, creator	ill	illness
crime	criminal	important	unimportant, importance, importantly
culture	cultural(ly), (un)cultured	improve	improvement, improved
current	currently	industry	industrial(ly), industrious(ly)
danger	dangerous(ly); endanger; endangered	inform	information, (un)informed, (un)informative
day	daily, everyday	inhabit	inhabitant
decide	decision, (in)decisive(ly), undecided	inject	injection
dedicate	dedicated, dedication	injure	injury, injuries
		intense	intensity, intensify, intensely

interest	(un)interesting(ly)	qualify	(un)qualified, qualifying, qualification
introduce	introduction, introductory	real	unreal, really, realise, realisation, reality, realistic(ally)
invent	inventor, invention	reason	(un)reasonable, (un)reasonably, reasoning
invest	investment, investor	recognise	(un)recognisable, recognition
investigate	investigative, investigation, investigator	recover	recovery
involve	(un)involved, involvement	relate	relative(ly), relation, relationship
jealous	jealousy, jealousy	research	researcher
journal	journalist, journalism, journalistic	reside	residential, resident, residence
kind	unkind, (un)kindness, kindly	responsible	irresponsible, (ir)responsibly, (ir)responsibility
know	knowledge, (un)knowledgeable	revise	revision, revised
law	lawyer, (un)lawful	revolution	revolutionary
like	alike, dislike, unlike, likeness, (un)likeable, liking	ridicule	ridiculous(ly), ridiculousness
likely	unlikely, likelihood	rob	robbery, robber
literate	illiterate, (il)literacy, literature	safe	unsafe, (un)safely, save, safety, saviour, saver
lose	lost, loss	say	saying
low	lower, lowness	scholar	scholarship, scholarly, scholastic
luxury	luxuries, luxurious(ly)	science	scientist, (un)scientific(ally)
machine	machinery	second	secondly, secondary
maintain	maintenance	secure	insecure, (in)security
manage	managing, management, manager	similar	dissimilar(ly), similarity
marry	marriage, (un)married	solve	solution, (un)solvable
medal	medallist, medallion	strong	strength, strengthen, strongly
meet	met, meeting	study	student, studies, studious
mix	mixed, mixture, mixer	style	(un)stylish(ly), stylist, stylishness
murder	murderer	succeed	success, (un)successful(ly)
nature	(un)natural(ly)	suggest	suggested, suggestive(ly), suggestion
neighbour	neighbourly, neighbouring, neighbourhood	sun	sunny, sunshine
nerve	nervous(ly), nervousness	supervise	supervision, supervisor
obey	disobey, (dis)obedient(ly), (dis)obedience	surgery	surgeon, surgical(ly)
observe	observer, observation	surprise	(un)surprising(ly), surprised
offence	offensive, offend, offender	sweet	sweetly, sweetener, sweetness
operate	operation, operator, operating, cooperate, cooperation, (un)cooperative	teach	teacher, taught
oppose	opposition, opponent, opposite, opposing	technology	technological(ly), technical(ly), technician, technique
origin	(un)original(ly), originate, originator	theft	thief
pay	paid, payment, payable	think	thought, (un)thinkable, thoughtful, thoughtless
perform	performing, performance, performer	thorough	thoroughly, thoroughness
person	(im)personal(ly), personality	time	timetable
photograph	photography, photographer, photographic	tour	tourism, tourist
poison	poisonous, poisoning	train	retrain, trainer
polite	impolite, (im)politely, (im)politeness	treat	treatment
politics	political(ly), politician	understand	(mis)understanding, (mis)understood, understandable, understandably
pollute	(un)polluted, pollution, pollutant	use	usage, useful(ly), useless(ly), user, (un)usable
poor	poorly, poverty	value	(in)valuable, (in)valuably, valueless, valuation
popular	unpopular, popular(ly), popularity	vary	(in)variable, (in)variably, varying, varied, various(ly), variation, variety
possible	impossible, (im)possibility, (im)possibly	wealth	wealthy
power	powerful(ly), powerless(ly), empower	willing	unwilling, (un)willingness, (un)willingly
practice	practise, (im)practical(ly)	wood	wooden
prepare	preparation, preparatory, (un)prepared	work	working, (un)workable, worker, works
prison	prisoner, imprison(ed), imprisonment	world	worldwide
produce	product, producer, production, (un)productive(ly)	write	writer, writing, wrote, (un)written
profession	(un)professional(ly)		
prove	proof, (un)proven, disprove		
psychology	psychologist, psychological(ly)		

Appendix 2. Common Word Formation Rules

Prefixes are syllables which we add before certain words to form new words. The meaning of the new word depends on the prefix that has been used.

anti- = against (**anti**-war);

bi- = two (**bi**lingual);

co- = with (**co**-pilot);

counter- = in the opposite direction (**counter**attack);

ex- = previous, former (**ex**-husband);

inter- = between (**inter**continental);

mis- = done wrongly or badly (**mis**understand);

mono- = one (**mono**lingual);

multi- = many (**multi**millionaire);

non- = not (**non**-members);

out- = more, better (**out**do);

over- = (done) to a great extent (**over**sleep);

post- = after (**post**graduate);

pre- = before (**pre**-school);

pro- = in favour of (**pro**-war);

re- = again (**re**write);

semi- = half (**semi**-detached);

sub- = under, less (**sub**way);

super- = big, more (**super**hero);

trans- = (travel) from one side, group etc. to another (**trans**atlantic);

tri- = three (**tri**angle);

under- = not enough (**under**paid);

uni- = one (**uni**form).

The prefixes below are used to express opposite meanings.

de- → **def**rost, **de**compose;

dis- → **diss**atisfied, **dis**obey;

in- → **in**accurate, **in**secure; **NB!** il- → (before l) **il**legal; im- → (before b, m, p) **im**mature, impossible; ir- (before r) **ir**relevant; **NB!** unreliable, unreasonable;

non- → **non**-existent, **non**-stop;

un- → **un**comfortable, **un**lucky.

Some prefixes are added to words to form verbs.

en- → courage – **encourage**;

NB! em- (before b, m, p) → power – **empower**.

Suffixes are syllables which we add to the end of certain words to form new words.

1. Nouns referring to people

- verb + -er/-or/-ar (train – **trainer**, inspect – **inspector**, beg – **beggar**);
- noun/verb/adjective + -ist (piano – **pianist**, type – **typist**, educational – **educationalist**);
- verb + -ant/-ent (descend – **descendant**, study – **student**);
- noun + -an/-ian (republic – **republican**, magic – **magician**);
- verb + -ee (passive meaning) (examine – **examinee**).

2. Nouns formed from verbs:

- -age → pass – **passage**;
- -al → propose – **proposal**;
- -ance → insure – **insurance**;
- -ation → investigate – **investigation**;
- -ence → depend – **dependence**;
- -ion → select – **selection**;
- -ment → improve – **improvement**;
- -sion → expand – **expansion** (verbs ending *-d/-t*);
- -sis → emphasise – **emphasis**;
- -tion → compete – **competition**;
- -ure → fail – **failure**;
- -y → discover – **discovery**.

3. Nouns formed from adjectives:

- -ance → important – **importance**;
- -cy → private – **privacy**;
- -ence → innocent – **innocence**;
- -ion → perfect – **perfection**;
- -iness → lazy – **laziness**;
- -ness → dark – **darkness**;
- -ity → popular – **popularity**;
- -ty → safe – **safety**;
- -y → modest – **modesty**.

4. Adjectives formed from nouns:

- -ous → poison – **poisonous**;
- -al → function – **functional**;
- -ic → drama – **dramatic**;
- -ical → alphabet – **alphabetical**;
- -ish → fool – **foolish**;
- -ive → expense – **expensive**;
- -ful (with) → harm – **harmful**;
- -less (without) → harm – **harmless**;
- -ant → brilliance – **brilliant**;
- -able → reason – **reasonable**;
- -y → salt – **salty**;
- -ly → week – **weekly**.

5. Adjectives formed from verbs:

- -able → accept – **acceptable**;
- -ible → respond – **responsible** (verbs ending **-d/-t**);
- -ive → attract – **attractive**;
- -ate → consider – **considerate**;
- -ent → differ – **different**.

6. Verbs formed from adjectives:

- -en → tight – **tighten**;
- -ise → legal – **legalise**.

7. Verbs formed from nouns:

- -en → strength – **strengthen**.

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*Мамаев Иван Дмитриевич, Орлова Дарья Сергеевна,
Ребикова Любовь Дмитриевна*

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