

TOWARDS SINGLE-ION SENSITIVE IONOPHORE-BASED OPTODES: THEORETICAL SOLUTION AND EXPERIMENTAL VALIDATION



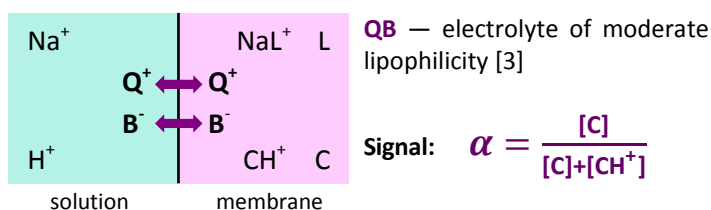
Andrey V. Kalinichev, Maria A. Peshkova, Anastasiya E. Stashkova, Konstantin N. Mikhelson
Saint Petersburg State University
26 Universitetskiy prospekt, Saint Petersburg 198504, Russia

INTRODUCTION

Ion-selective optical sensors are rapidly developing instruments in biological research. They can be miniaturized down to nano-size devices thus providing minimally and even non-invasive measurements attractive for *in vivo* use. Nano-size optodes have been approved for a first-in-human clinical trial [1]. However, bulk optodes can only detect either a ratio or a product of the two ion activities — of the analyte and of the reference ion [2]. Typically, pH or ionic strength of the sample must be known *a priori* or independently determined. We propose here a fundamental approach for developing an optode sensitive to the individual ion activity (pH in this study).

THEORY

Ion-exchange equilibrium:



$$\ln\left(\frac{1-\alpha}{\alpha}\right) = \ln a_H - \ln \frac{K_a}{k_H} - 2 \ln \frac{k_I}{k_Q k_B} + \frac{F}{RT} (\varphi^m - \varphi^{aq})$$

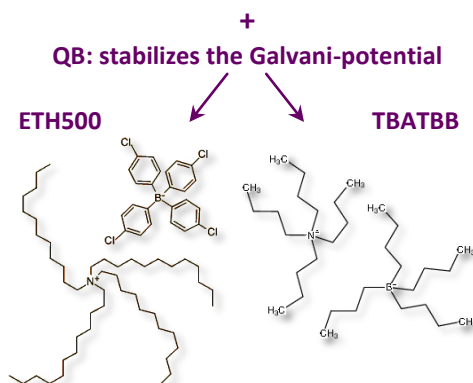
signal analyte constant stabilized

Galvani-potential is governed by the partitioning of QB

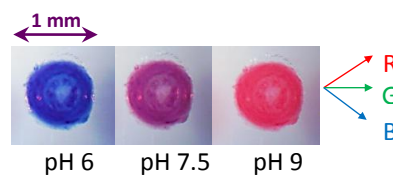
$$\alpha = f(a_H) \text{ and } \alpha \neq f(a_{Na})$$

MATERIALS AND METHODS

PVC, Na⁺ ionophore VI, chromoionophore, DOS

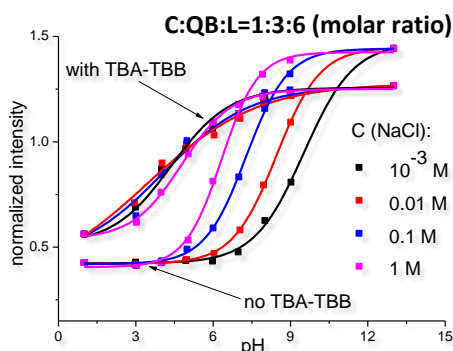


Signal acquisition: microphotography + digital color analysis



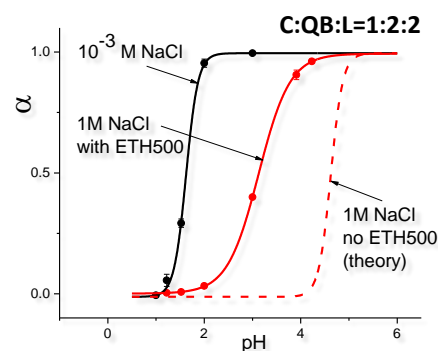
RESULTS AND CONCLUSIONS

C = ETH5350 L = NaVI QB = TBATBB



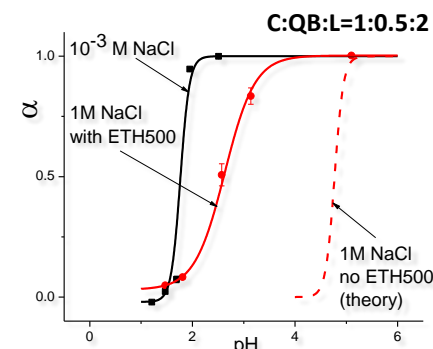
NO effect of ionic strength!
BUT:
- outside physiological range
- effect of components nature?
- effect of components content?

C = ETH2439 L = NaVI QB = ETH500



shift of the dynamic range with 3-orders change of the ionic strength (in log units)

composition	ETH500	TBA-TBB
no QB (conventional)	3	3
C:QB:L=1:0.5:2	1.5	1.3
C:QB:L=1:1:2	0.8	0.8
C:QB:L=1:2:2	0.8	no function
C:QB:L=1:2:4	?	?
...	?	?
C:QB:L=1:3:6	?	0



ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS AND REFERENCES

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[1] M. Benezraet et al., J. Clin. Invest., 2011, 121, 2768 [2] E. Bakker et al., Chem. Rev., 1997, 97, 3083 [3] S. Anastasova-Ivanova et al., Sens. Actuators B, 2010, 146, 199.